Senate Bill 148

By: Senators Kennedy of the 18th, Dugan of the 30th, Miller of the 49th, Jackson of the 24th, Bethel of the 54th and others

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

- 1 To amend Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to commerce and
- 2 trade, so as to transfer the powers and responsibilities of the Governor's Office of Consumer
- 3 Affairs to the Attorney General's office; to amend Titles 2, 16, 18, 31, 33, 35, 36, 43, and 46
- 4 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to agriculture, crimes and offenses,
- 5 debtors and creditors, health, insurance, law enforcement officers and agencies, local
- 6 government, professions and businesses, and public utilities and public transportation,
- 7 respectively, so as to conform to such transfer, correct cross-references, and remove obsolete
- 8 provisions; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

## 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

- 11 Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to commerce and trade, is
- amended by revising Part 1A of Article 15 of Chapter 1, relating to administrative resolution
- 13 relative to deceptive or unfair practices, as follows:
- 14 "Part 1A
- 15 10-1-380.
- As used in this article, the term 'administrator' 'Attorney General' means the person
- 17 appointed by the Governor pursuant to Code Section 10-1-395 Attorney General or his or
- 18 her designee.
- 19 10-1-381.
- 20 (a) The administrator Attorney General may file in the superior court of the county in
- 21 which a person under order resides, or in the county in which the violation occurred, or, if
- 22 the person is a corporation, in the county in which the corporation maintains its principal
- 23 place of business, a certified copy of a final order issued pursuant to this article by the
- 24 administrator Attorney General which is unappealed from or a final order of an

administrative law judge issued pursuant to this article which is unappealed from or a final order of an administrative law judge issued pursuant to this article which is affirmed upon appeal, whereupon the court shall render judgment in accordance therewith and notify the parties. The judgment shall have the same effect, and all proceedings in relation thereto shall thereafter be the same as though the judgment had been rendered in an action duly heard and determined by the court.

(b) The administrator Attorney General may file in the superior court of the county in

- which the person obligated to pay funds over to the administrator Attorney General resides, or in the county in which the violation or alleged violation occurred, or, if the person is a corporation, in the county in which the corporation maintains its principal place of business, a certified copy of any document under which funds are due to the administrator Attorney General based on obligations created in the administration of this article, whether obtained through official action, compromise, settlement, assurance of voluntary compliance, or otherwise, and are delinquent according to the terms of the document creating the obligation, whereupon the court shall render judgment in accordance therewith and notify the parties. The judgment shall have the same effect, and all proceedings in relation thereto shall thereafter be the same as though the judgment had been rendered in an action duly heard and determined by the court.
- (c) The court shall specify that any funds to be collected under the judgment shall be disbursed by the administrator Attorney General in accordance with the terms of the original order or in accordance with the terms of the original document creating the obligation, subject to the provisions of Code Section 10-1-382. Such funds may have been designated in the original order or in the original document to be applied to consumer restitution, to reimbursement of funds from which investigative expenses were paid, to civil penalties to be disbursed into the consumer preventive education plan, to civil penalties to be disbursed into the state general fund, or any combination thereof.
- (d) In original orders or original documents the administrator Attorney General may designate that civil penalties shall be applied to the consumer preventive education plan; in that event, such funds shall not be applied in an aggregate amount which is any greater than the amount of funds appropriated for the consumer preventive education plan. Any amount of civil penalties which exceeds the appropriation for the consumer preventive education plan shall be disbursed into the state general fund.
- 57 (e) All judgments obtained pursuant to this Code section shall be considered delinquent 58 if unpaid 30 calendar days after the judgment is rendered.
- (f) The administrator Attorney General is authorized to establish a consumer preventive
   education plan.

61 10-1-382.

62 (a) In addition to any amount owed under a judgment rendered under Code Section 10-1-381 or 10-1-397, a delinquent party shall be responsible by operation of law for a 63 collection fee equal to 40 percent of the amount of the judgment as if such collection fee 64 had been included as part of the judgment. The amount of the judgment together with the 65 40 percent collection fee shall be designated as the amount due. The administrator shall 66 67 have the authority to contract with private collection agencies to collect any amount due. 68 In the event that such collection agencies are unable to collect any part of such amounts 69 due, the administrator may request that the The Attorney General may contract with 70 collection attorneys to collect all or any remaining part of such amounts due under a 71 judgment rendered under Code Section 10-1-381. Such collection attorneys shall be paid 72 in the same manner as collection agencies. (b) All funds collected by the collection agency or by the any such collection attorneys 73 74 shall be remitted to the administrator Attorney General for disbursement. In no event shall 75 the collection agency or attorney be entitled to any compensation in an amount greater than 76 the 40 percent collection fee. 77 (c) The administrator shall remit to the collection agency or to the collection attorney a fee 78 of 10 percent of any amount actually collected by that collection agency or that attorney. 79 (d) After the 10 percent of the funds collected to date has been remitted to the appropriate 80 collection agency or collection attorney, as specified in subsection (c) of this Code section, 81 and up until such time as 100 percent of the judgment has been disbursed in the manner 82 called for in the judgment, the administrator shall disburse the remaining 90 percent of the 83 funds collected to date as designated in the judgment. 84 (e) After 100 percent of the funds have been disbursed as designated in the judgment and 85 the collector has also received the collection fee equal to 10 percent of such collected 86 funds, the administrator shall remit to the collection agency or to the collection attorney any of the remaining funds which were actually collected by that collection agency or by 87 88 that collection attorney; provided, however, in no event shall the total of collection fees 89 disbursed in connection with the collection of the judgment exceed an amount equal to 40 90 percent of the judgment. 91 (f) The administrator shall render semiannual reports to the Governor on the amounts 92 collected and disbursed. Such reports shall be due on the tenth day of January and the tenth

94 SECTION 2.

day of July of each year."

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Said title of said chapter of said article is further amended by revising Part 2, relating to the'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975,' as follows:

97 "Part 2

- 98 10-1-390.
- This part shall be known and may be cited as the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975.'
- 100 10-1-391.
- 101 (a) The purpose of this part shall be to protect consumers and legitimate business
- enterprises from unfair or deceptive practices in the conduct of any trade or commerce in
- part or wholly in the state. It is the intent of the General Assembly that such practices be
- swiftly stopped, and this part shall be liberally construed and applied to promote its
- underlying purposes and policies.
- 106 (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that this part be interpreted and construed
- 107 consistently with interpretations given by the Federal Trade Commission in the federal
- 108 courts pursuant to Section 5(a)(1) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. Section
- 45(a)(1), as from time to time amended.
- 110 10-1-392.
- 111 (a) As used in this part, the term:
- (1) 'Attorney General' means the Attorney General or his or her designee.
- 113 'Administrator' means the administrator appointed pursuant to subsection (a) of Code
- Section 10-1-395 or his or her delegate.
- (2) 'Campground membership' means any arrangement under which a purchaser has the
- right to use, occupy, or enjoy a campground membership facility.
- 117 (3) 'Campground membership facility' means any campground facility at which the use,
- occupation, or enjoyment of the facility is primarily limited to those purchasers, along
- with their guests, who have purchased a right to make reservations at future times to use
- the facility or who have purchased the right periodically to use the facility at fixed times
- or intervals in the future, but shall not include any such arrangement which is regulated
- under Article 5 of Chapter 3 of Title 44.
- (4) 'Career consulting firm' means any person providing services to an individual in
- 124 conjunction with a career search and consulting program for the individual, including, but
- not limited to, counseling as to the individual's career potential, counseling as to
- interview techniques, and the identification of prospective employers. A 'career
- 127 consulting firm' shall not guarantee actual job placement as one of its services. A 'career
- consulting firm' shall not include any person who provides these services without
- charging a fee to applicants for those services or any employment agent or agency
- regulated under Chapter 10 of Title 34.

131 (5) 'Child support enforcement' means the action, conduct, or practice of enforcing a

- child support order issued by a court or other tribunal.
- (6) 'Consumer' means a natural person.
- 134 (7) 'Consumer acts or practices' means acts or practices intended to encourage consumer
- transactions.
- 136 (8) 'Consumer report' means any written or other communication of any information by
- a consumer reporting agency bearing on a consumer's creditworthiness, credit standing,
- or credit capacity which is used or intended to be used or collected in whole or in part for
- the purpose of serving as a factor in establishing the consumer's eligibility for:
- 140 (A) Credit or insurance to be used primarily for personal, family, or household
- purposes; or
- (B) Employment consideration.
- 143 (9) 'Consumer reporting agency' or 'agency' means any person which, for monetary fees,
- dues, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, regularly engages in whole or in part in the
- practice of assembling or evaluating consumer credit information or other information
- on consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports to third parties.
- (10) 'Consumer transactions' means the sale, purchase, lease, or rental of goods, services,
- or property, real or personal, primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.
- (11) 'Department' means the Department of Human Services.
- 150 (12) 'Documentary material' means the original or a copy, whether printed, filmed, or
- otherwise preserved or reproduced, by whatever process, including electronic data storage
- and retrieval systems, of any book, record, report, memorandum, paper, communication,
- tabulation, map, chart, photograph, mechanical transcription, or other tangible document
- or record wherever situate.
- 155 (13) 'Examination' of documentary material means inspection, study, or copying of any
- such material and the taking of testimony under oath or acknowledgment with respect to
- any such documentary material.
- 158 (14) 'File' means, when used in connection with information on any consumer, all of the
- information on that consumer recorded or retained by a consumer reporting agency
- regardless of how the information is stored.
- 161 (14.1) 'Food' means articles used for food or drink for human consumption, chewing
- gum, and articles used for components of any such article.
- 163 (15) 'Going-out-of-business sale' means any offer to sell to the public or sale to the
- public of goods, wares, or merchandise on the implied or direct representation that such
- sale is in anticipation of the termination of a business at its present location or that the
- sale is being held other than in the ordinary course of business and includes, without
- being limited to, any sale advertised either specifically or in substance to be a sale

because the person is going out of business, liquidating, selling his or her entire stock or 50 percent or more of his or her stock, selling out to the bare walls, selling because the person has lost his or her lease, selling out his or her interest in the business, or selling because everything in the business must be sold or that the sale is a trustee's sale, bankruptcy sale, save us from bankruptcy sale, insolvency sale, assignee's sale, must vacate sale, quitting business sale, receiver's sale, loss of lease sale, forced out of business sale, removal sale, liquidation sale, executor's sale, administrator's sale, warehouse removal sale, branch store discontinuance sale, creditor's sale, adjustment sale, or defunct business sale.

- (16) 'Health spa' means an establishment which provides, as one of its primary purposes, services or facilities which are purported to assist patrons to improve their physical condition or appearance through change in weight, weight control, treatment, dieting, or exercise. The term includes an establishment designated as a 'reducing salon,' 'health spa,' 'spa,' 'exercise gym,' 'health studio,' 'health club,' or by other terms of similar import.
- A health spa shall not include any of the following:
- (A) Any nonprofit organization;

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- 184 (B) Any facility wholly owned and operated by a licensed physician or physicians at which such physician or physicians are engaged in the actual practice of medicine; or
- 186 (C) Any such establishment operated by a health care facility, hospital, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing care facility.
- 188 (16.1) 'Kosher food disclosure statement' means a statement which:
  - (A) Discloses to consumers practices relating to the preparation, handling, and sale of any unpackaged food, or food packaged at the premises where it is sold to consumers, if the food is represented to be kosher, kosher for Passover, or prepared or maintained under rabbinical or other kosher supervision; and
- 193 (B) Complies with the provisions of subsections (b) through (e) of Code Section 194 10-1-393.11.
- 195 (17) 'Marine membership' means any arrangement under which a purchaser has a right 196 to use, occupy, or enjoy a marine membership facility.
- 197 (18) 'Marine membership facility' means any boat, houseboat, yacht, ship, or other 198 floating facility upon which the use, occupation, or enjoyment of the facility is primarily 199 limited to those purchasers, along with their guests, who have purchased a right to make 200 reservations at future times to use the facility or who have purchased a right to use 201 periodically, occupy, or enjoy the facility at fixed times or intervals in the future, but shall 202 not include any such arrangement which is regulated under Article 5 of Chapter 3 of Title 203 44.

204 (19) 'Obligee' means a resident of this state who is identified in an order for child support issued by a court or other tribunal as the payee to whom an obligor owes child support.

- (20) 'Obligor' means a resident of this state who is identified in an order for child support
- issued by a court or other tribunal as required to make child support payments.
- 208 (21) 'Office' means any place where business is transacted, where any service is supplied
- by any person, or where any farm is operated.
- 210 (22) 'Office supplier' means any person who sells, rents, leases, or ships, or offers to sell,
- lease, rent, or ship, goods, services, or property to any person to be used in the operation
- of any office or of any farm.

- 213 (23) 'Office supply transactions' means the sale, lease, rental, or shipment of, or offer to
- sell, lease, rent, or ship, goods, services, or property to any person to be used in the
- operation of any office or of any farm but shall not include transactions in which the
- goods, services, or property is purchased, leased, or rented by the office or farm for
- purposes of reselling them to other persons.
- 218 (24) 'Person' means a natural person, corporation, trust, partnership, incorporated or
- unincorporated association, or any other legal entity.
- 220 (24.1) 'Presealed kosher food package' means a food package which bears a kosher
- symbol insignia and is sealed by the manufacturer, processor, or wholesaler at premises
- other than the premises where the food is to be sold to the public.
- 223 (25) 'Private child support collector' means an individual or nongovernmental entity that
- solicits and contracts directly with obligees to provide child support collection services
- for a fee or other compensation but shall not include attorneys licensed to practice law
- in this state unless such attorney is employed by a private child support collector.
- 227 (26) 'Prize' means a gift, award, or other item intended to be distributed or actually
- distributed in a promotion.
- 229 (27) 'Promotion' means any scheme or procedure for the promotion of consumer
- transactions whereby one or more prizes are distributed among persons who are required
- 231 to be present at the place of business or are required to participate in a seminar, sales
- presentation, or any other presentation, by whatever name denominated, in order to
- receive the prize or to determine which, if any, prize they will receive. Promotions shall
- 234 not include any procedure where the receipt of the prize is conditioned upon the purchase
- of the item which the seller is trying to promote if such condition is clearly and
- conspicuously disclosed in the promotional advertising and literature and the receipt of
- the prize does not involve an element of chance. Any procedure where the receipt of the
- prize is conditioned upon the purchase of the item which the seller is trying to promote
- or upon the payment of money and where the receipt of that prize involves an element of
- chance shall be deemed to be a lottery under Code Section 16-12-20; provided, however,

that nothing in this definition shall be construed to include a lottery operated by the State of Georgia or the Georgia Lottery Corporation as authorized by law; provided, further, that any deposit made in connection with an activity described by subparagraph (b)(22)(B) of Code Section 10-1-393 shall not constitute the payment of money.

- (27.1) 'Representation regarding kosher food' means any direct or indirect statement, whether oral or written, including but not limited to an advertisement, sign, or menu and any letter, word, sign, emblem, insignia, or mark which could reasonably lead a consumer to believe that a representation is being made that the final food product sold to the consumer is kosher, kosher for Passover, or prepared or maintained under rabbinical or other kosher supervision.
- 251 (28) 'Trade' and 'commerce' mean the advertising, distribution, sale, lease, or offering for 252 distribution, sale, or lease of any goods, services, or any property, tangible or intangible, 253 real, personal, or mixed, or any other article, commodity, or thing of value wherever 254 situate and shall include any trade or commerce directly or indirectly affecting the people 255 of this state.
- 256 (b) An 'intentional violation' occurs when the person committing the act or practice knew that his or her conduct was in violation of this part. Maintenance of an act or practice 257 258 specifically designated as unlawful in subsection (b) of Code Section 10-1-393 after the 259 administrator Attorney General gives notice that the act or practice is in violation of the 260 part shall be prima-facie evidence of intentional violation. For the purposes of this 261 subsection, the administrator Attorney General gives notice that an act or practice is in 262 violation of this part by the adoption of specific rules promulgated pursuant to subsection 263 (a) of Code Section 10-1-394 and by notice in writing to the alleged violator of a violation, if such written notice may be reasonably given without substantially or materially altering 264 265 the purposes of this part; provided, however, that no presumption of intention shall arise 266 in the case of an alleged violator who maintains a place of business within the jurisdiction 267 of this state with sufficient assets to respond to a judgment under this part, unless such alleged violator has received written notice. The burden of showing no reasonable 268 269 opportunity to give written notice shall be upon the administrator Attorney General.
- 270 10-1-393.

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- 271 (a) Unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of consumer transactions and
- 272 consumer acts or practices in trade or commerce are declared unlawful.
- 273 (b) By way of illustration only and without limiting the scope of subsection (a) of this
- 274 Code section, the following practices are declared unlawful:
- 275 (1) Passing off goods or services as those of another;

(2) Causing actual confusion or actual misunderstanding as to the source, sponsorship, 277 approval, or certification of goods or services;

- (3) Causing actual confusion or actual misunderstanding as to affiliation, connection, or association with or certification by another;
  - (4)(A) Using deceptive representations or designations of geographic origin in connection with goods or services. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, it is specifically declared to be unlawful:
    - (i) For any nonlocal business to cause to be listed in any local telephone directory a local telephone number for the business if calls to the local telephone number are routinely forwarded or otherwise transferred to the nonlocal business location that is outside the calling area covered by such local telephone directory or to a toll-free number which does not have a local address and the listing fails to state clearly the principal place of business of the nonlocal business;
    - (ii) For any person operating a business to cause to be listed in any local telephone directory a toll-free number for the business if the listing fails to state clearly the principal place of business of such business; or
    - (iii) For any person to use an assumed or fictitious name in the conduct of such person's business, if the use of such name could reasonably be construed to be a misrepresentation of the geographic origin or location of such person's business.
  - (B) For purposes of this paragraph, the term:

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- (i) 'Local' or 'local area' means the area in which any particular telephone directory is distributed or otherwise provided free of charge to some or all telecommunications services subscribers.
- (ii) 'Local telephone directory' means any telecommunications services directory, directory assistance data base, or other directory listing which is distributed or otherwise provided free of charge to some or all telecommunications services subscribers in any area of this state and includes such directories distributed by telecommunications companies as well as such directories distributed by other parties. (iii) 'Local telephone number' means any telecommunications services number which is not clearly identifiable as a long-distance telecommunications services number and which has a three-number prefix typically used by the local telecommunications company for telecommunications services devices physically located within the local area.
- (iv) 'Nonlocal business' means any business which does not have within the local area a physical place of business providing the goods or services which are the subject of the advertisement or listing in question.

312 (v) 'Telecommunications company' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code 313 Section 46-5-162. 314 (vi) 'Telecommunications services' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code 315 Section 46-5-162. 316 (vii) 'Telecommunications services subscriber' means a person or entity to whom 317 telecommunications services, either residential or commercial, are provided; 318 (5) Representing that goods or services have sponsorship, approval, characteristics, 319 ingredients, uses, benefits, or quantities that they do not have or that a person has a 320 sponsorship, approval, status, affiliation, or connection that he or she does not have; 321 (6) Representing that goods are original or new if they are deteriorated, reconditioned, 322 reclaimed, used, or secondhand; 323 (7) Representing that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, or grade or 324 that goods are of a particular style or model, if they are of another; (8) Disparaging goods, services, or business of another by false or misleading 325 326 representation; 327 (9) Advertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised; 328 (10) Advertising goods or services with intent not to supply reasonably expectable public 329 demand, unless the advertisement discloses a limitation of quantity; 330 (11) Making false or misleading statements concerning the reasons for, existence of, or 331 amounts of price reductions; 332 (12) Failing to comply with the provisions of Code Section 10-1-393.2 concerning health 333 spas; 334 (13) Failure to comply with the following provisions concerning career consulting firms: (A) A written contract shall be employed which shall constitute the entire agreement 335 336 between the parties, a fully completed copy of which shall be furnished to the consumer 337 at the time of its execution which shows the date of the transaction and the name and address of the career consulting firm; 338 (B) The contract or an attachment thereto shall contain a statement in boldface type 339 340 which complies substantially with the following: 341 The provisions of this agreement have been fully explained to me and I understand 342 that the services to be provided under this agreement by the seller do not include 343 actual job placement.' The statement shall be signed by both the consumer and the authorized representative 344 345 of the seller; 346 (C) Any advertising offering the services of a career consulting firm shall contain a statement which contains the following language: 'A career consulting firm does not 347

guarantee actual job placement as one of its services.';

(14) Failure of a hospital or long-term care facility to deliver to an inpatient who has been discharged or to his or her legal representative, not later than six business days after the date of such discharge, an itemized statement of all charges for which the patient or third-party payor is being billed;

- (15) Any violation of 49 U.S.C. Sections 32702 through 32704 and any violation of regulations prescribed under 49 U.S.C. Section 32705. Notwithstanding anything in this part to the contrary, all such actions in violation of such federal statutes or regulations shall be consumer transactions and consumer acts or practices in trade or commerce;
- (16) Failure to comply with the following provisions concerning promotions:
  - (A) For purposes of this paragraph, the term:

- (i) 'Conspicuously,' when referring to type size, means either a larger or bolder type than the adjacent and surrounding material.
- (ii) 'In conjunction with and in immediate proximity to,' when referring to a listing of verifiable retail value and odds for each prize, means that such value and odds must be adjacent to that particular prize with no other printed or pictorial matter between the value and odds and that listed prize.
- (iii) 'Notice' means a communication of the disclosures required by this paragraph to be given to a consumer that has been selected, or has purportedly been selected, to participate in a promotion. If the original notice is in writing, it shall include all of the disclosures required by this paragraph. If the original notice is oral, it shall include all of the disclosures required by this paragraph and shall be followed by a written notice to the consumer of the same disclosures. In all cases, written notice shall be received by the consumer before any agreement or other arrangement is entered into which obligates the consumer in any manner.
- (iv) 'Participant' means a person who is offered an opportunity to participate in a promotion.
- (v) 'Promoter' means the person conducting the promotion.
- (vi) 'Sponsor' means the person on whose behalf the promotion is conducted in order to promote or advertise the goods, services, or property of that person.
  - (vii) 'Verifiable retail value,' when referring to a prize, means:
    - (I) The price at which the promoter or sponsor can substantiate that a substantial number of those prizes have been sold at retail by someone other than the promoter or sponsor; or
    - (II) In the event that substantiation as described in subdivision (I) of this division is not readily available to the promoter or sponsor, no more than three times the amount which the promoter or sponsor has actually paid for the prize.

(A.1) Persons who are offered an opportunity to participate in a promotion must be given a notice as required by this paragraph. The written notice must be given to the participant either prior to the person's traveling to the place of business or, if no travel by the participant is necessary, prior to any seminar, sales presentation, or other presentation, by whatever name denominated. Written notices may be delivered by hand, by mail, by newspaper, or by periodical, or by electronic mail or any other form of electronic, digital, or Internet based communication. Any offer to participate made through any other medium must be preceded by or followed by the required notice at the required time. It is the intent of this paragraph that full, clear, and meaningful disclosure shall be made to the participant in a manner such that the participant can fully study and understand the disclosure prior to deciding whether to travel to the place of participation or whether to allow a presentation to be made in the participant's home; and that this paragraph be liberally construed to effect this purpose. The notice requirements of this paragraph shall be applicable to any promotion offer made by any person in the State of Georgia or any promotion offer made to any person in the State of Georgia;

- (B) The promotion must be an advertising and promotional undertaking, in good faith, solely for the purpose of advertising the goods, services, or property, real or personal, of the sponsor. The notice shall contain the name and address of the promoter and of the sponsor, as applicable. The promoter and the sponsor may be held liable for any failure to comply with the provisions of this paragraph;
- (C) A promotion shall be a violation of this paragraph if a person is required to pay any money including, but not limited to, payments for service fees, mailing fees, or handling fees payable to the sponsor or seller or furnish any consideration for the prize, other than the consideration of traveling to the place of business or to the presentation or of allowing the presentation to be made in the participant's home, in order to receive any prize; provided, however, that the payment of any deposit made in connection with an activity described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (22) of this subsection shall not constitute a requirement to pay any money under this subparagraph;
- (D) Each notice must state the verifiable retail value of each prize which the participant has a chance of receiving. Each notice must state the odds of the participant's receiving each prize if there is an element of chance involved. The odds must be clearly identified as 'odds.' Odds must be stated as the total number of that particular prize which will be given and of the total number of notices. The total number of notices shall include all notices in which that prize may be given, regardless of whether it includes notices for other sponsors. If the odds of winning a particular prize would not be accurately stated on the basis of the number of notices, then the odds may be stated

in another manner, but must be clearly stated in a manner which will not deceive or mislead the participant regarding the participant's chance of receiving the prize. The verifiable retail value and odds for each prize must be stated in conjunction and in immediate proximity with each listing of the prize in each place where it appears on the written notice and must be listed in the same size type and same boldness as the prize. Odds and verifiable retail values may not be listed in any manner which requires the participant to refer from one place in the written notice to another place in the written notice to determine the odds and verifiable retail value of the particular prize. Verifiable retail values shall be stated in Arabic numerals;

- (E) Upon arriving at the place of business or upon allowing the sponsor to enter the participant's home, the participant must be immediately informed which, if any, prize the participant will receive prior to any seminar, sales presentation, or other presentation; and the prize, or any voucher, certificate, or other evidence of obligation in lieu of the prize, must be given to the participant at the time the participant is so informed;
- (F) No participant shall be required or invited to view, hear, or attend any sales presentation, by whatever name denominated, unless such requirement or invitation has been conspicuously disclosed to the participant in the written notice in at least ten-point boldface type;
- (G) Except in relation to an activity described in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (22) of this subsection, in no event shall any prize be offered or given which will require the participant to purchase additional goods or services, including shipping fees, handling fees, or any other charge by whatever name denominated, from any person in order to make the prize conform to what it reasonably appears to be in the mailing or delivery, unless such requirement and the additional cost to the participant is clearly disclosed in each place where the prize is listed in the written notice using a statement in the same size type and boldness as the prize listed;
- (H) Any limitation on eligibility of participants must be clearly disclosed in the notice;
- (I) Substitutes of prizes shall not be made. In the event the represented prize is unavailable, the participant shall be presented with a certificate which the sponsor shall honor within 30 days by shipping the prize, as represented in the notice, to the participant at no cost to the participant. In the event a certificate cannot be honored within 30 days, the sponsor shall mail to the participant a valid check or money order for the verifiable retail value which was represented in the notice;
- (J) In the event the participant is presented with a voucher, certificate, or other evidence of obligation as the participant's prize, or in lieu of the participant's prize, it shall be the responsibility of the sponsor to honor the voucher, certificate, or other

evidence of obligation, as represented in the notice, if the person who is named as being responsible for honoring the voucher, certificate, or other evidence of obligation fails to honor it as represented in the notice;

- (K) The geographic area covered by the notice must be clearly stated. If any of the prizes may be awarded to persons outside of the listed geographical area or to participants in promotions for other sponsors, these facts must be clearly stated, with a corresponding explanation that every prize may not be given away by that particular sponsor. If prizes will not be awarded or given if the winning ticket, token, number, lot, or other device used to determine winners in that particular promotion is not presented to the promoter or sponsor, this fact must be clearly disclosed;
- (L) Upon request of the administrator Attorney General, the sponsor or promoter must within ten days furnish to the administrator Attorney General the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of persons who have received any prize;
  - (M) A list of all winning tickets, tokens, numbers, lots, or other devices used to determine winners in promotions involving an element of chance must be prominently posted at the place of business or distributed to all participants if the seminar, sales presentation, or other presentation is made at a place other than the place of business.
- A copy of such list shall be furnished to each participant who so requests;
  - (N) Any promotion involving an element of chance which does not conform with the provisions of this paragraph shall be considered an unlawful lottery as defined in Code Section 16-12-20. Except as provided in Code Section 16-12-35 and Article 3 of Chapter 27 of Title 50, any promotion involving an element of chance which involves the playing of a game on a computer, mechanical device, or electronic device at a place of business in this state shall be considered an unlawful lottery as defined in Code Section 16-12-20 and shall not be permitted under this chapter. Any promotion involving the playing of a no-skill game on a computer, mechanical device, or electronic device at a place of business in this state shall be considered an unlawful lottery as defined in Code Section 16-12-20. The administrator Attorney General may seek and shall receive the assistance of the prosecuting attorneys of this state in the commencement and prosecution of persons who promote and sponsor promotions which constitute an unlawful lottery;
    - (N.1) All prizes offered and awarded shall be noncash prizes only and shall not be redeemable for cash;
    - (O) Any person who participates in a promotion and does not receive an item which conforms with what that person, exercising ordinary diligence, reasonably believed that person should have received based upon the representations made to that person may bring the private action provided for in Code Section 10-1-399 and, if that person

prevails, shall be awarded, in addition to any other recovery provided under this part, 496 a sum which will allow that person to purchase an item at retail which reasonably 497 conforms to the prize which that person, exercising ordinary diligence, reasonably 498 believed that person would receive; and 499 (P) In addition to any other remedy provided under this part, where a contract is 500 entered into while participating in a promotion which does not conform with this 501 paragraph, the contract shall be voidable by the participant for ten business days 502 following the date of the participant's receipt of the prize. In order to void the contract, 503 the participant must notify the sponsor in writing within ten business days following the 504 participant's receipt of the prize; 505 (17) Failure to furnish to the buyer of any campground membership or marine 506 membership at the time of purchase a notice to the buyer allowing the buyer seven days 507 to cancel the purchase. The notice shall be on a separate sheet of paper with no other 508 written or pictorial material, in at least ten-point boldface type, double spaced, and shall 509 read as follows: 510 511 'Notice to the Buyer 512 Please read this form completely and carefully. It contains valuable cancellation rights. 513 The buyer or buyers may cancel this transaction at any time prior to 5:00 P.M. of the 514 seventh day following receipt of this notice. 515 This cancellation right cannot be waived in any manner by the buyer or buyers. Any money paid by the buyer or buyers must be returned by the seller within 30 days 516 of cancellation. 517 518 To cancel, sign this form, and mail by certified mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested, by 5:00 P.M. of the seventh day following the transaction. Be 519 sure to keep a photocopy of the signed form and your post office receipt. 520 521 Seller's Name 522 523 Address to which cancellation is to be mailed 524 525 I (we) hereby cancel this transaction. 526 527 528 Buyer's Signature

530 Buyer's Signature 531 532 Date 533 534 Printed Name(s) of Buyer(s) 535 536 Street Address 537 538 City, State, ZIP Code' 539 (18) Failure of the seller of a campground membership or marine membership to fill in the seller's name and the address to which cancellation notices should be mailed on the 540 541 form specified in paragraph (17) of this subsection; 542 (19) Failure of the seller of a campground membership or marine membership to cancel according to the terms specified in the form described in paragraph (17) of this 543 544 subsection; 545 (20)(A) Representing that moneys provided to or on behalf of a debtor, as defined in Code Section 44-14-162.1 in connection with property used as a dwelling place by said 546 547 debtor, are a loan if in fact they are used to purchase said property and any such 548 misrepresentation upon which is based the execution of a quitclaim deed or warranty deed by that debtor shall authorize that debtor to bring an action to reform such deed 549 550 into a deed to secure debt in addition to any other right such debtor may have to cancel 551 the deed pursuant to Code Section 23-2-2, 23-2-60, or any other applicable provision 552 of law. 553 (B) Advertising to assist debtors whose loan for property the debtors use as a dwelling 554 place is in default with intent not to assist them as advertised or making false or 555 misleading representations to such a debtor about assisting the debtor in connection 556 with said property. 557 (C) Failing to comply with the following provisions in connection with the purchase of property used as a dwelling place by a debtor whose loan for said property is in 558 default and who remains in possession of this property after said purchase: 559 (i) A written contract shall be employed by the buyer which shall summarize and 560 incorporate the entire agreement between the parties, a fully completed copy of which 561 shall be furnished to the debtor at the time of its execution. Said contract shall show 562 the date of the transaction and the name and address of the parties; shall state, in plain 563 and bold language, that the subject transaction is a sale; and shall indicate the amount 564 of cash proceeds and the amount of any other financial benefits that the debtor will 565 566 receive;

This contract shall contain a statement in boldface type which complies

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substantially with the following: 568 569 'The provisions of this agreement have been fully explained to me. I understand that 570 under this agreement I am selling my house to the other undersigned party.' This statement shall be signed by the debtor and the buyer; 571 (iii) If a lease or rental agreement is executed in connection with said sale, it shall set 572 573 forth the amount of monthly rent and shall state, in plain and bold language, that the debtor may be evicted for failure to pay said rent. Should an option to purchase be 574 575 included in this lease, it shall state, in plain and bold language, the conditions that must be fulfilled in order to exercise it; and 576 (iv) The buyer shall furnish to the seller at the time of closing a notice to the seller 577 allowing the seller ten days to cancel the purchase. This right to cancel shall not limit 578 or otherwise affect the seller's right to cancel pursuant to Code Section 23-2-2, 579 23-2-60, or any other applicable provision of law. The notice shall serve as the cover 580 sheet to the closing documents. It shall be on a separate sheet of paper with no other 581 written or pictorial material, in at least ten-point boldface type, double spaced, and 582 shall read as follows: 583 584 'Notice to the Seller 585 Please read this form completely and carefully. It contains valuable cancellation 586 rights. 587 The seller or sellers may cancel this transaction at any time prior to 5:00 P.M. of the 588 tenth day following receipt of this notice. 589 This cancellation right cannot be waived in any manner by the seller or sellers. Any money paid to the seller or sellers must be returned by the seller within 30 days 590 591 of cancellation. To cancel, sign this form, and return it to the buyer by 5:00 P.M. of the tenth day 592 following the transaction. It is best to mail it by certified mail or statutory overnight 593 594 delivery, return receipt requested, and to keep a photocopy of the signed form and your post office receipt. 595 596 597 Buyer's Name 598 Address to which cancellation 599 600 601 is to be returned

602 I (we) hereby cancel this transaction. 603 604 Seller's Signature 605 606 Seller's Signature 607 608 Date 609 610 Printed Name(s) of Seller(s) 611 612 Street Address 613 614 City, State, ZIP Code' (D) The provisions of subparagraph (C) of this paragraph shall only apply where all 615 616 three of the following conditions are present: (i) A loan on the property used as a dwelling place is in default; 617 (ii) The debtor transfers the title to the property by quitclaim deed, limited warranty 618 619 deed, or general warranty deed; and 620 (iii) The debtor remains in possession of the property under a lease or as a tenant at will; 621 622 (21) Advertising a telephone number the prefix of which is 976 and which when called 623 automatically imposes a per-call charge or cost to the consumer, other than a regular 624 charge imposed for long-distance telephone service, unless the advertisement contains the name, address, and telephone number of the person responsible for the advertisement 625 626 and unless the person's telephone number and the per-call charge is printed in type of the 627 same size as that of the number being advertised; 628 (22) Representing, in connection with a vacation, holiday, or an item described by terms 629 of similar meaning, or implying that: (A) A person is a winner, has been selected or approved, or is in any other manner 630 involved in a select or special group for receipt of an opportunity or prize, or that a 631 person is entering a contest, sweepstakes, drawing, or other competitive enterprise from 632 which a winner or select group will receive an opportunity or prize, when in fact the 633 enterprise is designed to make contact with prospective customers, or in which all or 634 635 a substantial number of those entering such competitive enterprise receive the same 636 prize or opportunity; or (B) In connection with the types of representations referred to in subparagraph (A) of 637 638 this paragraph, representing that a vacation, holiday, or an item described by other

terms of similar meaning, is being offered, given, awarded, or otherwise distributed unless:

(i) The item represented includes all transportation, meals, and lodging;

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- 642 (ii) The representation specifically describes any transportation, meals, or lodging 643 which is not included; or
- 644 (iii) The representation discloses that a deposit is required to secure a reservation, if 645 that is the case.
- The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply where the party making the representations is in compliance with paragraph (16) of this subsection;
- 648 (23) Except in relation to an activity which is in compliance with paragraph (16) or (22) 649 of this subsection, stating, in writing or by telephone, that a person has won, is the winner 650 of, or will win or receive anything of value, unless the person will receive the prize 651 without obligation;
- 652 (24)(A) Conducting a going-out-of-business sale for more than 90 days.
- (B) After the 90 day time limit in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph has expired, continuing to do business in any manner contrary to any representations which were made regarding the nature of the going-out-of-business sale.
  - (C) The prohibitions of this paragraph shall not extend to any of the following:
    - (i) Sales for the estate of a decedent by the personal representative or the personal representative's agent, according to law or by the provisions of the will;
      - (ii) Sales of property conveyed by security deed, deed of trust, mortgage, or judgment or ordered to be sold according to the deed, mortgage, judgment, or order;
      - (iii) Sales of all agricultural produce and livestock arising from the labor of the seller or other labor under the seller's control on or belonging to the seller's real or personal estate and not purchased or sold for speculation;
      - (iv) All sales under legal process;
- (v) Sales by a pawnbroker or loan company which is selling or offering for sale unredeemed pledges of chattels as provided by law; or
- 667 (vi) Sales of automobiles by an auctioneer licensed under the laws of the State of Georgia;
- 669 (25) The issuance of a check or draft by a lender in connection with a real estate 670 transaction in violation of Code Section 44-14-13;
- (26) With respect to any individual or facility providing personal care services or assisted
   living care:
- 673 (A) Any person or entity not duly licensed or registered as a personal care home or 674 assisted living community formally or informally offering, advertising to, or soliciting 675 the public for residents or referrals; or

(B) Any personal care home, as defined in subsection (a) of Code Section 31-7-12, or any assisted living community, as defined in Code Section 31-7-12.2, offering, advertising, or soliciting the public to provide services:

- (i) Which are outside the scope of personal care services or assisted living care, respectively; and
- (ii) For which it has not been specifically authorized.

- Nothing in this subparagraph prohibits advertising by a personal care home or assisted living community for services authorized by the Department of Community Health under a waiver or variance pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 31-2-7.
  - For purposes of this paragraph, 'personal care' means protective care and watchful oversight of a resident who needs a watchful environment but who does not have an illness, injury, or disability which requires chronic or convalescent care including medical and nursing services, and 'assisted living care' includes services provided for in Code Section 31-7-12.2. The provisions of this paragraph shall be enforced following consultation with the Department of Community Health which shall retain primary responsibility for issues relating to licensure of any individual or facility providing personal care services;
  - (27) Mailing any notice, notification, or similar statement to any consumer regarding winning or receiving any prize in a promotion, and the envelope or other enclosure for the notice fails to conspicuously identify on its face that the contents of the envelope or other enclosure is a commercial solicitation and, if there is an element of chance in winning a prize, the odds of winning as 'odds';
  - (28) Any violation of the rules and regulations promulgated by the Department of Driver Services pursuant to subsection (e) of Code Section 40-5-83 which relates to the consumer transactions and business practices of DUI Alcohol or Drug Use Risk Reduction Programs, except that the Department of Driver Services shall retain primary jurisdiction over such complaints;
  - (29) With respect to any consumer reporting agency:
    - (A) Any person who knowingly and willfully obtains information relative to a consumer from a consumer reporting agency under false pretenses shall be guilty of a misdemeanor;
    - (B) Any officer or employee of a consumer reporting agency who knowingly and willfully provides information concerning an individual from the agency's files to a person not authorized to receive that information shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and (C) Each consumer reporting agency which compiles and maintains files on consumers on a nation-wide basis shall furnish to any consumer who has provided appropriate

verification of his or her identity two complete consumer reports per calendar year, upon request and without charge;

(29.1) With respect to any credit card issuer:

- (A) A credit card issuer who mails an unsolicited offer or solicitation to apply for a credit card and who receives by mail a completed application in response to the solicitation which lists an address that is not substantially the same as the address on the solicitation may not issue a credit card based on that application until steps have been taken to verify the applicant's valid address to the same extent required by regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (I) of 31 U.S.C. Section 5318. Any person who violates this paragraph commits an unlawful practice within the meaning of this Code section; and
- (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, a credit card issuer, upon receiving an application, may issue a credit card to a consumer or commercial customer with whom it already has a business relationship provided the address to which the card is mailed is a valid address based upon information in the records of the credit card issuer or its affiliates;
- (30) With respect to any individual or facility providing home health services:
  - (A) For any person or entity not duly licensed by the Department of Community Health as a home health agency to regularly hold itself out as a home health agency; or
  - (B) For any person or entity not duly licensed by the Department of Community Health as a home health agency to utilize the words 'home health' or 'home health services' in any manner including but not limited to advertisements, brochures, or letters. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed to prohibit persons or entities from using the words 'home health' or 'home health services' in conjunction with the words 'equipment,' 'durable medical equipment,' 'pharmacy,' 'pharmaceutical services,' 'prescription medications,' 'infusion therapy,' or 'supplies' in any manner including but not limited to advertisements, brochures, or letters. An unlicensed person or entity may advertise under the category 'home health services' in any advertising publication which divides its advertisements into categories, provided that:
    - (i) The advertisement is not placed in the category with the intent to mislead or deceive;
    - (ii) The use of the advertisement in the category is not part of an unfair or deceptive practice; and
- 746 (iii) The advertisement is not otherwise unfair, deceptive, or misleading.
- For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'home health agency' shall have the same definition as contained in Code Section 31-7-150, as now or hereafter amended. The

provisions of this paragraph shall be enforced by the administrator in consultation with the Department of Community Health; provided, however, that the administrator shall not have any responsibility for matters or functions related to the licensure of home health agencies Attorney General;

- (30.1) Failing to comply with the following provisions in connection with a contract for health care services between a physician and an insurer which offers a health benefit plan under which such physician provides health care services to enrollees:
  - (A) As used in this paragraph, the term:

- (i) 'Enrollee' means an individual who has elected to contract for or participate in a health benefit plan for that individual or for that individual and that individual's eligible dependents and includes that enrollee's eligible dependents.
- (ii) 'Health benefit plan' means any hospital or medical insurance policy or certificate, health care plan contract or certificate, qualified higher deductible health plan, health maintenance organization subscriber contract, any health benefit plan established pursuant to Article 1 of Chapter 18 of Title 45, or any managed care plan.
- (iii) 'Insurer' means a corporation or other entity which is licensed or otherwise authorized to offer a health benefit plan in this state.
  - (iv) 'Patient' means a person who seeks or receives health care services under a health benefit plan.
  - (v) 'Physician' means a person licensed to practice medicine under Article 2 of Chapter 34 of Title 43.
- (B) Every contract between a physician and an insurer which offers a health benefit plan under which that physician provides health care services shall be in writing and shall state the obligations of the parties with respect to charges and fees for services covered under that plan when provided by that physician to enrollees under that plan. Neither the insurer which provides that plan nor the enrollee under that plan shall be liable for any amount which exceeds the obligations so established for such covered services.
- (C) Neither the physician nor a representative thereof shall intentionally collect or attempt to collect from an enrollee any obligations with respect to charges and fees for which the enrollee is not liable and neither such physician nor a representative thereof may maintain any action at law against such enrollee to collect any such obligations.
- 781 (D) The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to the amount of any deductible or copayment which is not covered by the health benefit plan.
- 783 (E) This paragraph shall apply to only such health benefit plan contracts issued, 784 delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state on or after July 2, 2001;
  - (31) With respect to telemarketing sales:

(A) For any seller or telemarketer to use any part of an electronic record to attempt to induce payment or attempt collection of any payment that the seller or telemarketer claims is due and owing to it pursuant to a telephone conversation or series of telephone conversations with a residential subscriber. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to:

- (i) Prohibit the seller or telemarketer from introducing, as evidence in any court proceeding to attempt collection of any payment that the seller or telemarketer claims is due and owing to it pursuant to a telephone conversation or series of telephone conversations with a residential subscriber, an electronic record of the entirety of such telephone conversation or series of telephone conversations; or
- (ii) Expand the permissible use of an electronic record made pursuant to 16 C.F.R. Part 310.3(a)(3), the Federal Telemarketing Sales Rule.
- (B) For purposes of this paragraph, the term:

- (i) 'Covered communication' means any unsolicited telephone call or telephone call arising from an unsolicited telephone call shall have the same meaning as the term 'telemarketing' in subsection (a) of Code Section 10-1-393.5.
- (ii) 'Electronic record' means any recording by electronic device of, in part or in its entirety, a telephone conversation or series of telephone conversations with a residential subscriber that is initiated by a seller or telemarketer in order to induce the purchase of goods, services, or property. This term shall include, without limitation, any subsequent telephone conversations in which the seller or telemarketer attempts to verify any alleged agreement in a previous conversation or previous conversations.
- (iii) 'Residential subscriber' means any person who has subscribed to residential phone service from a local exchange company or the other persons living or residing with such person.
- (iv) 'Seller or telemarketer' means any person or entity making a covered communication to a residential subscriber for the purpose of inducing the purchase of goods, services, or property by such subscriber. This term shall include, without limitation, any agent of the seller or telemarketer, whether for purposes of conducting calls to induce the purchase, for purposes of verifying any calls to induce the purchase, or for purposes of attempting to collect on any payment under the purchase;
- (32) Selling, marketing, promoting, advertising, providing, or distributing any card or other purchasing mechanism or device that is not insurance or evidence of insurance coverage and that purports to offer or provide discounts or access to discounts on purchases of health care goods or services from providers of the same or making any representation or statement that purports to offer or provide discounts or access to

discounts on purchases of health care goods or services from providers of the same, when:

- (A) Such card or other purchasing mechanism or device does not contain a notice expressly and prominently providing in boldface type that such discounts are not insurance; or
- (B) Such discounts or access to such discounts are not specifically authorized under a separate contract with a provider of health care goods or services to which such discounts are purported to be applicable;
- (33)(A) For any person, firm, partnership, association, or corporation to issue a gift certificate, store gift card, or general use gift card without:
  - (i) Including the terms of the gift certificate, store gift card, or general use gift card in the packaging which accompanies the certificate or card at the time of purchase, as well as making such terms available upon request; and
  - (ii) Conspicuously printing the expiration date, if applicable, on the certificate or card and conspicuously printing the amount of any dormancy or nonuse fees on:
    - (I) The certificate or card; or

(II) A sticker affixed to the certificate or card.

A gift certificate, store gift card, or general use gift card shall be valid in accordance with its terms in exchange for merchandise or services.

- (B) As used in this paragraph, the term:
  - (i) 'General use gift card' means a plastic card or other electronic payment device which is usable at multiple, unaffiliated merchants or service providers; is issued in an amount which amount may or may not be, at the option of the issuer, increased in value or reloaded if requested by the holder; is purchased or loaded on a prepaid basis by a consumer; and is honored upon presentation by merchants for goods or services.
  - (ii) 'Gift certificate' means a written promise that is usable at a single merchant or an affiliated group of merchants that share the same name, mark, or logo; is issued in a specified amount and cannot be increased in value on the face thereof; is purchased on a prepaid basis by a consumer in exchange for payment; and is honored upon presentation for goods or services by such single merchant or affiliated group of merchants that share the same name, mark, or logo.
  - (iii) 'Store gift card' means a plastic card or other electronic payment device which is usable at a single merchant or an affiliated group of merchants that share the same name, mark, or logo; is issued in a specified amount and may or may not be increased in value or reloaded; is purchased on a prepaid basis by a consumer in exchange for payment; and is honored upon presentation for goods or services by such single

merchant or affiliated group of merchants that share the same name, mark, or logo; and

- 860 (34) For any person, firm, partnership, business, association, or corporation to willfully
- and knowingly accept or use an individual taxpayer identification number issued by the
- Internal Revenue Service for fraudulent purposes and in violation of federal law.
- 863 (c) A seller may not by contract, agreement, or otherwise limit the operation of this part
- notwithstanding any other provision of law.
- 865 (d)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary, the names,
- addresses, telephone numbers, social security numbers, or any other information which
- 867 could reasonably serve to identify any person making a complaint about unfair or
- deceptive acts or practices shall be confidential. However, the complaining party may
- consent to public release of his or her identity by giving such consent expressly,
- affirmatively, and directly to the administrator or administrator's Attorney General or the
- Attorney General's employees.
- 872 (2) Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed:
- (A) To prevent the administrator Attorney General from disclosing the complainant's
- identity if the administrator Attorney General believes that disclosure will aid in
- resolution of the complaint;
- 876 (B) To prohibit any valid discovery under the relevant discovery rules; or
- (C) To prohibit the lawful subpoena of such information.
- 878 10-1-393.1.
- 879 (a) Unfair or deceptive acts or practices by an office supplier in the conduct of office
- supply transactions in trade or commerce are declared unlawful.
- 881 (b) By way of illustration only and without limiting the scope of subsection (a) of this
- Code section, the following practices by office suppliers in the conduct of office supply
- transactions are declared unlawful:
- (1) Passing off goods or services as those of another;
- 885 (2) Falsely representing to any person that the office supplier is the usual supplier of
- goods, services, or property purchased by that person;
- (3) Falsely representing to any person that the goods, services, or property sold, leased,
- rented, or shipped by the office supplier are the same brand as that person usually uses;
- (4) Misrepresenting in any manner, including the use of a confusingly similar name, the
- manufacturer, supplier, or seller of the goods, services, or property;
- (5) Representing that the prices an office supplier charges are less than a person usually
- pays for goods, services, or property, unless the goods, services, or property compared
- are identical and the representation is true;

894 (6) Shipping or supplying an amount or quantity of goods, services, or property to a 895 person which is substantially greater than the amount or quantity which the person 896 actually orders;

- (7) Misrepresenting in any manner, including but not limited to failure to disclose material facts regarding the value of, any gift, prize, or award which will be given by an office supplier in conjunction with any office supply transaction;
- (8) Falsely representing that there is an imminent price increase;
- 901 (9) Substituting any brand or quality of goods, services, or property for that actually ordered without prior approval of such substitution from the person ordering; or
  - (10)(A) Solicitation for inclusion in the listing of a telephone classified advertising directory unless such solicitation form has prominently printed therein at least one inch apart from any other text on the form and in type size and boldness equal to or greater than any other type size and boldness on the form the words:

## 'THIS IS NOT A BILL. THIS IS A SOLICITATION.'

- (B) For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 'telephone classified advertising directory' refers to any telephone classified advertising directory which is distributed to some or all telephone subscribers in any area of the state and includes such directories distributed by telephone service companies as well as such directories distributed by other parties.
- 913 (c) An office supplier may not by contract, agreement, or otherwise limit the operation of 914 this part, notwithstanding any other provision of law.
- 915 10-1-393.2.

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- 916 (a) Health spas shall comply with the provisions of this Code section.
- 917 (b) A written contract shall be employed which shall constitute the entire agreement
- between the parties, a fully completed copy of which shall be furnished to the consumer
- at the time of its execution and which shall show the date of the transaction and the name
- and address of the seller; provided, however, that no contract shall be valid which has a
- term in excess of 36 months. Contracts may be renewable at the end of each 36 month
- period of time at the option of both parties to the contract.
- 923 (c) The contract or an attachment thereto shall state clearly any rules and regulations of the
- seller which are applicable to the consumer's use of the facilities or receipt of its services.
- 925 (d) The contract shall state clearly on its face the cancellation and refund policies of the
- 926 seller.
- 927 (e) The health spa member shall have the right to cancel the contract within seven business
- days after the date of the signing of the contract by notifying the seller in writing of such
- intent and by either mailing the notice before 12:00 Midnight of the seventh business day

after the date of the signing of the contract or by hand delivering the notice of cancellation to the health spa before 12:00 Midnight of the seventh business day following the date of the signing of the contract. The notice must be accompanied by the contract forms, membership cards, and any and all other documents and evidence of membership previously delivered to the buyer. If the health spa member so cancels, any payments made under the contract will be refunded and any evidence of indebtedness executed by the health spa member will be canceled by the seller, provided that the member shall be liable for the fair market value of services actually received, which in no event shall exceed \$100.00. The preparation of any documents shall not be construed to be services; provided, however, that any documents prepared which are merely ancillary to services which are actually rendered shall not prevent the health spa from charging for such services actually rendered up to the limits specified in this subsection. Each health spa contract shall contain the following paragraphs separated from all other paragraphs:

'You (the buyer) have seven business days to cancel this contract. To cancel, mail or hand deliver a letter to the following address:

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Name of health spa
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Address
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City, State, ZIP Code

Do not sign this contract if there are any blank spaces above. In the event optional services are offered, be sure that any options you have not selected are lined through or that it is otherwise indicated that you have not selected these options. It is recommended that you send your cancellation notice by registered or certified mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested, in order to prove that you did cancel. If you do hand deliver your cancellation, be sure to get a signed statement from an official of the spa acknowledging your cancellation.

To be effective, your cancellation must be postmarked by midnight, or hand delivered by midnight on \_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and must include all contract forms, membership cards, and any and all other documents and evidence of membership previously delivered to you.'

The health spa shall fill in the blank spaces in the above paragraph before the consumer signs the contract. In the event a consumer fails to provide with the cancellation notice all contract forms, membership cards, and any and all other documents and evidence of membership previously delivered, the health spa shall either cancel the contract or provide written notice by certified mail or statutory overnight delivery to the consumer that such

documents must be provided within 30 days in order for the cancellation to be effective. In the event that the consumer provides the documents within 30 days, the contract shall be canceled as of the date on which the cancellation notice was delivered; provided, however, that should the consumer continue to use the facilities or services during the 30 day period, the cancellation shall be effective on the first business day following the last day on which the consumer uses the facilities or services.

(f) In the event a health spa no longer offers a substantial service which was offered at the time of the initiation of the contract, or in the event a health spa which previously limited its membership to members of one sex should become coeducational or one which was previously coeducational should become limited to members of one sex, the member shall have 30 days from the time the member knew or should have known of the change to cancel the remainder of the membership and receive a refund. The refund shall be calculated by dividing the total cost of the membership by the total number of months under the membership and refunding the monthly cost for any months or fractions of months remaining under the membership. The contract shall contain a clause in at least ten-point boldface type which reads as follows:

'You (the buyer) may cancel this agreement within 30 days from the time you knew or should have known of any substantial change in the services or programs available at the time you joined. Substantial changes include, but are not limited to, changing from being coed to being exclusively for one sex and vice versa. To cancel, send written notice of your cancellation to the address provided in this contract for sending a notice of cancellation. The best way to cancel is by keeping a photocopy and sending the cancellation by registered or certified mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested.'

The provisions of this subsection shall not apply in any instance where a court has ordered that a change be made in the sexual character of the health spa. The administrator Attorney General is authorized upon petition to issue a declaratory ruling under Code Section 50-13-11 as to whether any planned change in a health spa is a substantial change or whether alternate locations are substantially similar under this Code section. Such declaratory rulings shall be subject to review as under Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'

(g) Every contract for health spa services shall contain a clause providing that if the member becomes totally and permanently disabled during the membership term, he may cancel his <u>or her</u> contract and that the health spa is entitled to a reasonable predetermined fee in such event in addition to an amount equal to the value of services made available for use. This amount shall be computed by dividing the total cost of the membership by the total number of months under the membership and multiplying the result by the number of

months expired under the membership term. The health spa shall have the right to require and verify reasonable evidence of total and permanent disability. For purposes of this subsection, 'total and permanent disability' means a condition which has existed or will exist for more than 45 days and which will prevent the member from using the facility to the same extent as the member used it before commencement of the condition.

- (h) The health spa contract shall state that if a consumer has a history of heart disease, heshould consult a physician before joining a spa.
- 1011 (i) Every health spa contract shall comply with either paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection:
  - (1)(A) The written contract used shall contain the following clause: 'Under this contract, no further payments shall be due to anyone, including any purchaser of any note associated with or contained in this contract, in the event the health spa at which the contract is entered into ceases operation and fails to offer an alternate location, substantially similar, within ten miles.'
  - (B) All payments due under the contract must be in equal monthly installments spread over the entire term of the contract.
    - (C) There can be no payments of any type, including, but not limited to, down payments, enrollment fees, membership fees, or any other direct payment to the health spa, other than the equal monthly installment payments.
    - (D) There can be no complimentary, compensatory, or other extensions of the term incident to the term of the contract, including but not limited to a promise of lifetime renewal for a minimal annual fee, provided that an agreement of both parties to extend the term of the contract to compensate for time during which the member could not fully utilize the spa due to a temporary physical or medical condition arising after the member joined shall not be considered to bring the spa into noncompliance under this paragraph; or
    - (2)(A) The written contract used shall contain the following clause: 'Under this contract, no further payments shall be due to anyone, including any purchaser of any note associated with or contained in this contract, in the event the health spa at which the contract is entered into ceases operation and fails to offer an alternate location, substantially similar, within ten miles.'
    - (B) The written contract shall contain the following statement in boldface type which is larger and bolder than any other type which is in the contract and in at least 14 point boldface, which statement must be separately signed by the consumer:

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State law requires that we inform you that should you (the buyer) choose to pay for any part of this agreement in advance, be aware that you are paying for future services

and may be risking loss of your money in the event this health spa ceases to conduct business. Health spas do not post a bond, and there may be no other protections provided to you should you choose to pay in advance.'

- (j) An alternate location for a health spa shall not be considered substantially similar if:
- 1045 (1) The original facility was limited to use by members of one sex and the alternate facility is used by members of both sexes;

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- 1047 (2) The original facility was for use by members of both sexes and the alternate facility's use is limited to members of one sex; or
- 1049 (3) The size, facilities, equipment, or services available to the member at the alternate location are not substantially equal to or do not exceed the size, facilities, equipment, or services available to the member at the health spa location at which the contract was entered into.
  - (k) Every contract for health spa services shall contain a clause providing that if the member dies during the membership term or any renewal term, his or her estate may cancel the contract and that the health spa is entitled to a reasonable predetermined fee in such event in addition to an amount computed by dividing the total cost of the membership by the total number of months under the membership and multiplying the result by the number of months expired under the membership term. The contract may require the member's estate seeking relief under this subsection to provide reasonable proof of death.
- (l)(1) A health spa shall not enter or offer to enter into a health spa agreement with a consumer unless the health spa is fully operational and available for use.
  - (2) For purposes of this subsection, 'fully operational and available for use' means that all of the facilities, equipment, or services which are promised at the time of entering into the membership contract are operational and available for use at that time. Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a health spa from selling a membership for existing services and facilities at a location under construction which can be converted at a later date to a membership for additional services and facilities, provided that:
    - (A) The additional services and facilities are fully operational and available for use at the time of the conversion;
  - (B) Additional consideration, other than just a nominal consideration, is required from the consumer under the terms of the conversion; and
    - (C) The member has until seven days following the date the additional consideration or a part of the additional consideration becomes due and owing to cancel the remainder of the contract and receive a refund computed by dividing the total cost of the membership by the total number of months under the membership and multiplying the result by the number of months remaining under the membership term.

1078 (3) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply if all of the following conditions are met:

- (A) The health spa has submitted forms prescribed by the administrator Attorney General requiring, in addition to whatever other information the administrator Attorney General may require, as much detail as to the size, facilities, equipment, or services to be provided as the administrator Attorney General may require;
- (B) The health spa has obtained the approval in writing of the administrator Attorney General to sell memberships to a health spa before it is fully operational and available for use;
- (C) The health spa has agreed in writing with the administrator Attorney General, on forms prescribed by the administrator Attorney General, to deposit all funds obtained by selling memberships before a health spa is fully operational and available for use in a single account in a bank or trust company domiciled in the State of Georgia. Such deposits are to be held in safekeeping for release only upon authorization of the administrator Attorney General. The bank or trust company must be approved by the administrator Attorney General. The administrator Attorney General may consult with the commissioner of banking and finance or with any of the employees of the commissioner of banking and finance regarding whether the bank or trust company should be approved and may disapprove the bank or trust company if he or she has reason to believe any deposits into the account might not be secure;
- (D) Each deposit to the single account established under this paragraph shall be identified by the name and address of the individual who purchased the membership. The bank or trust company and the health spa shall maintain a list of the deposits, their amount, and the name and address of the membership purchaser, which list shall be available to the administrator Attorney General or for inspection or copying by the administrator's employees upon request Attorney General;
- (E) The condition of the account established under this paragraph shall be that no funds shall be released from the account to any person unless the administrator Attorney General has certified in writing to the bank or trust company that either the health spa is fully operational and available for use or that the health spa has not complied and does not appear likely to comply with its obligation to make the health spa fully operational and available for use in accordance with the documents submitted to the administrator Attorney General or in accordance with representations made to membership purchasers. No action may be maintained in any court against the administrator Attorney General or any of his or her employees for any determination or as a consequence of any determination made by the administrator under this subparagraph unless the administrator's determination was a willful and wanton abuse

of discretion given the facts and circumstances actually provided to the administrator in making this determination Attorney General under this subparagraph. Nothing contained or implied in this subparagraph shall operate or be construed or applied to deprive the Attorney General or any employee of any immunity, indemnity, benefits of law, rights, or any defense otherwise available in the Official Code of Georgia Annotated;

(F) If the administrator Attorney General certifies to the bank or trust company that the

- (F) If the administrator Attorney General certifies to the bank or trust company that the health spa is fully operational and available for use, then the funds in the account shall be released to the health spa, along with any accrued interest. If the administrator Attorney General certifies to the bank or trust company that the health spa has not complied and does not appear likely to comply with its obligation to make the health spa fully operational and available for use, then the funds in the account shall be released to the administrator Attorney General on behalf of the individuals who purchased memberships prior to the health spa's being fully operational and available for use. Any accrued interest on the account shall be paid on a pro rata basis to the membership purchasers;
- 1131 (G) Any costs imposed by the bank or trust company for administering the account shall be borne by the health spa; and
  - (H) The member shall have until seven business days following the date upon which the health spa becomes fully operational and available for use to cancel the contract and receive a full refund of any payments and the cancellation of any evidence of indebtedness, provided that the member shall be liable for the fair market value of any services actually received, which in no event shall exceed \$50.00. The preparation of any documents shall not be construed to be services; provided, however, that all documents prepared which are merely ancillary to services which are actually rendered shall not prevent the health spa from charging for such services actually rendered up to the limits specified in this subparagraph.
  - (m) All moneys due the consumer under contracts canceled for the reasons contained in this Code section shall be refunded within 30 days of receipt of such notice of cancellation. The notice must be accompanied by the contract forms, membership cards, and any and all other documents and evidence of membership previously delivered to the buyer, except in the case of a deceased member. In the event a consumer fails to provide with the cancellation notice all contract forms, membership cards, and any and all other documents and evidence of membership previously delivered, the health spa shall either cancel the contract or provide written notice by certified mail or statutory overnight delivery to the consumer that such documents must be provided within 30 days in order for the cancellation to be effective. In the event that the consumer provides the documents within

30 days, the contract shall be canceled as of the date on which the cancellation notice was delivered; provided, however, that should the consumer continue to use the facilities or services during the 30 day period, the cancellation shall be effective on the first business day following the last day on which the consumer uses the facility or services.

- (n) Any contract which does not comply with this Code section shall be void and unenforceable; no purchaser of any note associated with or contained in any health spa contract shall make any attempt to collect on the note or to report the buyer as delinquent to any consumer reporting or consumer credit reporting agency if there has been any violation by the health spa of subsections (b) through (m) or of subsection (o) of this Code section. Any attempt by any purchaser or by any agent of any purchaser to collect on the note or to report the buyer as delinquent as described in this subsection shall be considered an unfair and deceptive act or practice as provided in Code Section 10-1-393.
- (o) After November 15, 1989, no health spa contract shall be valid or enforceable unless the health spa operator has on file a statement signed by the administrator or his designee Attorney General certifying that a copy of the contract is on file with the administrator Attorney General and is in compliance with this part. Health spas may begin submitting a copy of their contract for approval by the administrator Attorney General on July 1, 1989, and shall submit all contract changes thereafter for approval prior to entering or offering to enter into that contract with a consumer. In addition to any action which may be taken by the administrator Attorney General under this part, and in addition to any recovery of a consumer in the private action provided for under this part, any consumer who has entered into a contract which has not been approved by the administrator Attorney General prior to the date of the contract shall be entitled to recover as an additional penalty an amount equal to any amount paid plus any amount claimed owing on the contract.
- (p) In addition to any other penalties provided for in this part, any person who operates or aids or assists in the operation of a health spa in violation of any of the provisions of subsection (i) or (o) of this Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Each day of operation of a health spa in violation of subsection (i) or (o) shall be considered a separate and distinct violation. In addition to any other penalties provided in this part, any person who violates subsection (l) of this Code section shall be guilty of a felony. Each sale of a membership in violation of subsection (l) of this Code section shall be considered a separate and distinct violation. Each failure to place properly all of the funds generated from a particular membership agreement into a properly approved and established trust account shall be considered a separate and distinct violation.

- 1186 10-1-393.3.
- (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'merchant' means any person who offers goods,
- wares, merchandise, or services for sale to the public and shall include an employee of a
- merchant.
- (b) A merchant shall be prohibited from requiring a purchaser to provide the purchaser's
- personal or business telephone number as a condition of purchase when payment for the
- transaction is made by credit card.
- (c) A merchant shall be prohibited from using a purchaser's credit card to imprint the
- information contained on the credit card on the face or back of a check or draft from the
- purchaser as a condition of acceptance of such check or draft as payment for a purchase.
- (d) A merchant shall be prohibited from recording in any manner the number of a
- purchaser's credit card as a condition of acceptance of a check or draft of the purchaser as
- payment for a purchase.
- (e) Any merchant who violates the provisions of this Code section shall be subject to the
- penalties provided in this part.
- 1201 (f) This Code section shall not prohibit a merchant from:
- 1202 (1) Recording a credit card number and expiration date as a condition to cashing or
- accepting a check where the merchant has agreed with the credit card issuer to cash or
- accept such checks as a service to the issuer's cardholders and the issuer has agreed with
- the merchant to guarantee payment of all cardholder checks cashed or accepted by the
- merchant;
- (2) Requesting a purchaser to display a credit or charge card as a means of identification
- or as an indication of credit worthiness or financial responsibility;
- 1209 (3) Recording on the check or elsewhere the type of credit or charge card displayed for
- the purposes of paragraph (2) of this subsection and the credit or charge card expiration
- 1211 date; or
- 1212 (4) Recording the address or telephone number of a credit cardholder if the information
- is necessary for the shipping, delivery, or installation of consumer goods or for special
- orders of consumer goods or services.
- 1215 (g) This Code section shall not require acceptance of a check or draft because a credit card
- is presented.
- 1217 10-1-393.4.
- 1218 (a) It shall be an unlawful, unfair, and deceptive trade practice for any person, firm, or
- 1219 corporation doing business in any area in which a state of emergency, as such term is
- defined in Code Section 38-3-3, has been declared, for so long as such state of emergency
- exists, to sell or offer for sale at retail any goods or services identified by the Governor in

the declaration of the state of emergency necessary to preserve, protect, or sustain the life, health, or safety of persons or their property at a price higher than the price at which such goods were sold or offered for sale immediately prior to the declaration of a state of emergency; provided, however, that such price may be increased only in an amount which accurately reflects an increase in cost of the goods or services to the person selling the goods or services or an increase in the cost of transporting the goods or services into the

- 1228 area.
- 1229 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this Code section, a retailer may
- increase the price of goods or services during a state of emergency if the price charged for
- those goods or services is no greater than the cost to the retailer of those goods or services,
- plus the retailer's average markup percentage applied during the ten days immediately prior
- to the declaration of a state of emergency.
- 1234 10-1-393.5.
- 1235 (a) For purposes of this Code section, the term 'telemarketing' shall have the same meaning
- which it has under 16 Code of Federal Regulations Part 310, the Telemarketing Sales Rule
- of the Federal Trade Commission, except that the term 'telemarketing' shall also include
- those calls made in intrastate as well as interstate commerce.
- 1239 (b) Without otherwise limiting the definition of unfair and deceptive acts or practices
- under this part, it shall be unlawful for any person who is engaged in telemarketing, any
- person who is engaged in any activity involving or using a computer or computer network,
- or any person who is engaged in home repair work or home improvement work to:
- (1) Employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud a person, organization, or entity;
- 1244 (2) Engage in any act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as
- a fraud or deceit upon a person, organization, or entity; or
- (3) Commit any offense involving theft under Code Sections 16-8-2 through 16-8-9.
- (b.1)(1) As used in this subsection, the term:
- (A) 'Photograph' means a photograph of a subject individual that was taken in this state
- by an arresting law enforcement agency.
- 1250 (B) 'Subject individual' means an individual who was arrested and had his or her
- photograph taken and:
- 1252 (i) Access to his or her case or charges was restricted pursuant to Code Section
- 1253 35-3-37;
- 1254 (ii) Prior to indictment, accusation, or other charging instrument, his or her case was
- never referred for further prosecution to the proper prosecuting attorney by the
- arresting law enforcement agency and the offense against such individual was closed
- by the arresting law enforcement agency;

1258 (iii) Prior to indictment, accusation, or other charging instrument, the statute of limitations expired;

- (iv) Prior to indictment, accusation, or other charging instrument, his or her case was referred to the prosecuting attorney but was later dismissed;
- (v) Prior to indictment, accusation, or other charging instrument, the grand jury returned two no bills;
- (vi) After indictment or accusation, all charges were dismissed or nolle prossed;
- (vii) After indictment or accusation, the individual pleaded guilty to or was found guilty of possession of a narcotic drug, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drug and was sentenced in accordance with the provisions of Code Section 16-13-2, and the individual successfully completed the terms and conditions of his or her probation; or
- (viii) The individual was acquitted of all of the charges by a judge or jury.
- (2) Any person who is engaged in any activity involving or using a computer or computer network who publishes on such person's publicly available website a subject individual's arrest booking photograph for purposes of commerce shall be deemed to be transacting business in this state. Within 30 days of the sending of a written request by a subject individual, including his or her name, date of birth, date of arrest, and the name of the arresting law enforcement agency, such person shall, without fee or compensation, remove from such person's website the subject individual's arrest booking photograph. Such written request shall be transmitted via certified mail, return receipt requested, or statutory overnight delivery, to the registered agent, principal place of business, or primary residence of the person who published the website. Without otherwise limiting the definition of unfair and deceptive acts or practices under this part, a failure to comply with this paragraph shall be unlawful.
- (c) In addition to any civil penalties under this part, any person who intentionally violates subsection (b) of this Code section shall be subject to a criminal penalty under paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Code Section 16-8-12. In addition thereto, if the violator is a corporation, each of its officers and directors may be subjected to a like penalty; if the violator is a sole proprietorship, the owner thereof may be subjected to a like penalty; and, if the violator is a partnership, each of the partners may be subjected to a like penalty, provided that no person shall be subjected to a like penalty if the person did not have prior actual knowledge of the acts violating subsection (b) of this Code section.
- (d) Any person who intentionally targets an elder or disabled person, as defined in Article
   31 of this chapter, in a violation of subsection (b) of this Code section shall be subject to
   an additional civil penalty, as provided in Code Section 10-1-851.

1294 (e) Persons employed full time or part time for the purpose of conducting potentially 1295 criminal investigations under this article shall be certified peace officers and shall have all 1296 the powers of a certified peace officer of this state when engaged in the enforcement of this 1297 article, including but not limited to the power to obtain, serve, and execute search warrants. Such Georgia certified peace officers shall be subject to the requirements of Chapter 8 of 1298 1299 Title 35, the 'Georgia Peace Officer Standards and Training Act,' and are specifically 1300 required to complete the training required for peace officers by that chapter. Such certified 1301 peace officers shall be authorized, upon completion of the required training, with the 1302 written approval of the administrator Attorney General, and notwithstanding Code Sections 16-11-126 and 16-11-129, to carry firearms of a standard police issue when engaged in 1303 1304 detecting, investigating, or preventing crimes under this article.

- 1305 (f) The administrator Attorney General shall be authorized to promulgate procedural rules relating to his or her enforcement duties under this Code section.
- 1307 10-1-393.6.
- 1308 (a) For purposes of this Code section, the term 'telemarketing' shall have the same meaning
- which it has under Code Section 10-1-393.5.
- 1310 (b) Without otherwise limiting the definition of unfair or deceptive acts or practices under
- this part and without limiting any other Code section under this part, it shall be unlawful
- for any person to:
- 1313 (1) In connection with a telemarketing transaction, request a fee in advance to remove
- derogatory information from or improve a person's credit history or credit record;
- 1315 (2) Request or receive payment in advance from a person to recover, or otherwise aid in
- the return of, money or any other item lost by the consumer in a prior telemarketing
- transaction; provided, however, that this paragraph shall not apply to goods or services
- provided to a person by a licensed attorney; or
- 1319 (3) In connection with a telemarketing transaction, procure the services of any
- professional delivery, courier, or other pickup service to obtain immediate receipt or
- possession of a consumer's payment, unless the goods are delivered with the opportunity
- to inspect before any payment is collected.
- (c) In addition to any civil penalties under this part, any person who intentionally violates
- subsection (b) of this Code section shall be subject to a criminal penalty under paragraph
- 1325 (5) of subsection (a) of Code Section 16-8-12. In addition thereto, if the violator is a
- 1326 corporation, each of its officers and directors may be subjected to a like penalty; if the
- violator is a sole proprietorship, the owner thereof may be subjected to a like penalty; and,
- if the violator is a partnership, each of the partners may be subjected to a like penalty,

provided that no person shall be subjected to a like penalty if the person did not have prior actual knowledge of the acts violating subsection (b) of this Code section.

- 1331 10-1-393.7.
- 1332 (a) Without otherwise limiting the definition of unfair or deceptive acts or practices under
- this part, it shall be unlawful for any person to solicit another during such other's final
- illness or during the final illness of any other person for the purpose of persuading a person
- who is suffering from his or her final illness or a person acting on behalf of such person to
- seek refund of moneys paid for an existing preneed contract for burial services or
- merchandise or funeral services or merchandise.
- 1338 (b) In addition to any other penalty imposed for the violation of this Code section, the
- administrative agency which issues a finding of violation shall order the violator to pay
- restitution in the amount of the refund to the person, corporation, partnership, or other legal
- entity which refunded moneys paid for an existing preneed contract for burial services or
- merchandise or funeral services or merchandise.
- 1343 10-1-393.8.
- 1344 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Code section, a person, firm, or corporation shall
- 1345 not
- 1346 (1) Publicly post or publicly display in any manner an individual's social security
- number. As used in this Code section, 'publicly post' or 'publicly display' means to
- intentionally communicate or otherwise make available to the general public;
- (2) Require an individual to transmit his or her social security number over the Internet,
- unless the connection is secure or the social security number is encrypted; or
- 1351 (3) Require an individual to use his or her social security number to access an Internet
- website, unless a password or unique personal identification number or other
- authentication device is also required to access the Internet website.
- 1354 (b) This Code section shall not apply to:
- 1355 (1) The collection, release, or use of an individual's social security number as required
- by state or federal law;
- 1357 (2) The inclusion of an individual's social security number in an application, form, or
- document sent by mail, electronically transmitted, or transmitted by facsimile:
- (A) As part of an application or enrollment process;
- 1360 (B) To establish, amend, or terminate an account, contract, or policy; or
- 1361 (C) To confirm the accuracy of the individual's social security number;
- 1362 (3) The use of an individual's social security number for internal verification or
- administrative purposes; or

1364 (4) An interactive computer service provider's or a telecommunications provider's

- transmission or routing of, or intermediate temporary storage or caching of, an
- individual's social security number.
- 1367 (c) This Code section shall not impose a duty on an interactive computer service provider
- or a telecommunications provider actively to monitor its service or to affirmatively seek
- evidence of the transmission of social security numbers on its service.
- 1370 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Code section, the clerks of superior court of this
- state and the Georgia Superior Court Clerks' Cooperative Authority shall be held harmless
- for filing, publicly posting, or publicly displaying any document containing an individual's
- social security number that the clerk is otherwise required by law to file, publicly post, or
- publicly display for public inspection.
- 1375 10-1-393.9.
- 1376 (a) Private child support collectors shall register with the Secretary of State and shall
- provide information as requested by the Secretary of State, including, but not limited to,
- the name of the private child support collector, the office address and telephone number
- for such entity, and the registered agent in this state on whom service of process is to be
- made in a proceeding against such private child support collector.
- 1381 (b) An application for registration shall be accompanied by a surety bond filed, held, and
- approved by the Secretary of State, and the surety bond shall be:
- 1383 (1) Issued by a surety authorized to do business in this state;
- 1384 (2) In the amount of \$50,000.00;
- 1385 (3) In favor of the state for the benefit of a person damaged by a violation of this Code
- section; and
- (4) Conditioned on the private child support collector's compliance with this Code
- section and Code Section 10-1-393.10 and the faithful performance of the obligations
- under the private child support collector's agreements with its clients.
- (c) In lieu of a surety bond, the Secretary of State may accept a deposit of money in the
- amount of \$50,000.00. The Secretary of State shall deposit any amounts received under
- this subsection in an insured depository account designated for that purpose.
- 1393 10-1-393.10.
- 1394 (a) Any contract for the collection of child support between a private child support
- collector and an obligee shall be filed by the private child support collector with the
- 1396 Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs office of the Attorney General.

1397 (b) Any contract for the collection of child support between a private child support collector and an obligee shall be in writing, in at least ten-point type, and signed by such private child support collector and obligee. The contract shall include:

- 1400 (1) An explanation of the nature of the services to be provided;
- 1401 (2) An explanation of the amount to be collected from the obligor by the private child support collector and a statement of a sum certain of the total amount that is to be
- 1403 collected by the private child support collector that has been engaged by the obligee;
- 1404 (3) An explanation in dollar figures of the maximum amount of fees which could be
- collected under the contract and an example of how fees are calculated and deducted;
- although the contract may include provisions to collect current and past due child

(4) A statement that fees shall only be charged for collecting past due child support,

support;

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- 1409 (5) A statement that a private child support collector shall not retain fees from collections
- that are primarily attributable to the actions of the department and that a private child
- support collector shall be required by law to refund any fees improperly retained;
- 1412 (6) An explanation of the opportunities available to the obligee or private child support
- 1413 collector to cancel the contract or other conditions under which the contract terminates;
- 1414 (7) The mailing address, telephone numbers, facsimile numbers, and e-mail address of
- the private child support collector;
- 1416 (8) A statement that the private child support collector shall only collect money owed to
- the obligee and not child support assigned to the State of Georgia;
- 1418 (9) A statement that the private child support collector is not a governmental entity and
- that the department provides child support enforcement services at little or no cost to the
- obligee; and
- 1421 (10) A statement that the obligee may continue to use or pursue services through the
- department to collect child support.
- 1423 (c) A private child support collector shall not:
- 1424 (1) Improperly retain fees from collections that are primarily attributable to the actions
- of the department. If the department or an obligee notifies a private child support
- 1426 collector of such improper fee retention, such private child support collector shall refund
- such fees to the obligee within seven business days of the notification of the improper
- retention of fees and shall not be liable for such improper fee retention. A private child
- support collector may require documentation that the collection was primarily attributable
- to the actions of the department prior to issuing any refund;
- 1431 (2) Charge fees in excess of one-third of the total amount of child support payments
- collected;

1433 (3) Solicit obligees using marketing materials, advertisements, or representations 1434 reasonably calculated to create a false impression or mislead an obligee into believing the 1435 private child support collector is affiliated with the department or any other governmental 1436 entity;

- 1437 (4) Use or threaten to use violence or other criminal means to cause harm to an obligor or the property of the obligor;
- 1439 (5) Falsely accuse or threaten to falsely accuse an obligor of a violation of state or federal laws;
- 1441 (6) Take or threaten to take an enforcement action against an obligor that is not authorized by law;
- (7) Represent to an obligor that the private child support collector is affiliated with the department or any other governmental entity authorized to enforce child support obligations or fail to include in any written correspondence to an obligor the statement that 'This communication is from a private child support collector. The purpose of this communication is to collect a child support debt. Any information obtained will be used for that purpose.';
- 1449 (8) Communicate to an obligor's employer, or his or her agent, any information relating 1450 to an obligor's indebtedness other than through proper legal action, process, or 1451 proceeding;
- 1452 (9) Communicate with an obligor whenever it appears the obligor is represented by an attorney and the attorney's name and address are known, or could be easily ascertained, unless the attorney fails to answer correspondences, return telephone calls, or discuss the obligation in question, or unless the attorney and the obligor consent to direct communication;
- 1457 (10) Contract with an obligee who is owed less than three months of child support arrearages; or
- 1459 (11) Contract with an obligee for a sum certain to be collected which is greater than the total sum of arrearages and the statutory interest owed as of the date of execution of the contract.
- (d) In addition to any other cancellation or termination provisions provided in the contract between a private child support collector and an obligee, the contract shall be cancelled or terminate if:
- 1465 (1) The obligee requests cancellation in writing within 30 days of signing the contract;
- 1466 (2) The obligee requests cancellation in writing after any 12 consecutive months in which the private child support collector fails to make a collection;
- 1468 (3) The private child support collector breaches any term of the contract or violates any provision contained within this Code section; or

- 1470 (4) The amount to be collected pursuant to the contract has been collected.
- (e) When it reasonably appears to the administrator Attorney General that a private child
- support collector has contracted with obligees on or after July 1, 2009, using a contract that
- is not in compliance with this Code section, the administrator Attorney General may
- demand pursuant to Code Section 10-1-403 that such private child support collector
- produce a true and accurate copy of each such contract. If such private child support
- collector fails to comply or the contracts are determined by the administrator Attorney
- 1477 <u>General</u> to not be compliant with the provisions of this Code section, the administrator
- 1478 <u>Attorney General</u> may utilize any of the powers vested in this part to ensure compliance.
- 1479 (f) Upon the request of an obligee, the Child Support Enforcement Agency of the
- department shall forward child support payments made payable to the obligee to any
- private child support collector that is in compliance with the provisions of this Code section
- 1482 and Code Section 10-1-393.9.
- 1483 (g) The remedies provided in this part shall be cumulative and shall be in addition to any
- other procedures, rights, or remedies available under any other law.
- 1485 (h) Any waiver of the rights, requirements, and remedies provided by this Code section
- that are contained in a contract between a private child support collector and an obligee
- violates public policy and shall be void.
- 1488 10-1-393.11.
- 1489 (a) A person who makes a representation regarding kosher food shall prominently and
- 1490 conspicuously display on the premises on which the food is sold, in a location readily
- visible to the consumer, a completed kosher food disclosure statement which shall be
- updated within 14 days of any changes in the information required by subsections (b)
- through (e) of this Code section.
- 1494 (b) A kosher food disclosure statement shall set forth the name and address of the
- establishment to which it applies and the date on which it was completed.
- 1496 (c) A kosher food disclosure statement shall state in the affirmative or negative whether
- the person:
- (1) Operates under rabbinical or other kosher supervision;
- (2) Sells or serves only food represented as kosher;
- 1500 (3) Sells or serves food represented as kosher, as well as food not represented as kosher;
- (4) Sells or serves meat, dairy, and pareve food;
- 1502 (5) Sells or serves only meat and pareve food;
- 1503 (6) Sells or serves only dairy and pareve food;

(7) Sells or serves meat and poultry represented as kosher only if it is slaughtered under

- rabbinical or other kosher supervision and identified at the slaughterhouse to be sold as
- 1506 kosher;

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- (8) Represents kosher meat sold as 'Glatt kosher' or 'Glatt';
- 1508 (9) Sells or serves seafood only if it has or had fins and removable scales;
- 1509 (10) Keeps separate meat represented as kosher, dairy represented as kosher, pareve food
- represented as kosher, and food not represented as kosher;
- 1511 (11) Uses separate utensils for meat represented as kosher, dairy represented as kosher,
- pareve food represented as kosher, and food not represented as kosher;
- 1513 (12) Uses separate work areas for meat and poultry represented as kosher, dairy
- represented as kosher, pareve food represented as kosher, and food not represented as
- 1515 kosher;
- 1516 (13) Sells or serves wine represented as kosher only if it has rabbinical supervision;
- 1517 (14) Sells or serves cheese represented as kosher only if it has rabbinical supervision;
- 1518 (15) Sells or serves food represented as kosher for Passover;
- 1519 (16) Uses separate utensils for food represented as kosher for Passover and food not
- represented as kosher for Passover;
- 1521 (17) Uses separate work areas for food represented as kosher for Passover and food not
- represented as kosher for Passover;
- 1523 (18) Keeps food represented as kosher for Passover free from and not in contact with
- food not represented as kosher for Passover; and
- 1525 (19) Prepares food represented as kosher for Passover under rabbinical or other kosher
- supervision.
- 1527 (d) If a kosher food disclosure statement has an affirmative response to the question
- 1528 contained in paragraph (15) of subsection (c) of this Code section, responses to the
- questions contained in paragraphs (16) through (19) shall be required; otherwise, such
- responses shall not be required.
- (e) A person who represents to the public that any unpackaged food for sale or a place of
- business is under rabbinical or other kosher supervision shall also provide in the kosher
- 1533 food disclosure statement the following information about the rabbinical or other kosher
- supervision:
- 1535 (1) The name of the supervising rabbi, agency, or other person;
- 1536 (2) The address of the supervising rabbi, agency, or other person;
- 1537 (3) The telephone number of the supervising rabbi, agency, or other person;
- 1538 (4) The frequency with which the supervising rabbi, agency, or other person visits the
- establishment; and

1540 (5) Any relevant affiliations of the supervising rabbi, agency, or other person that the person making the disclosure wishes to disclose.

- 1542 (f) The administrator Attorney General shall promulgate a form for the kosher food
- disclosure statement and any additional information that the administrator Attorney
- 1544 <u>General</u> deems reasonable and necessary for full and complete disclosure. The completion
- and prominent and conspicuous display of such form shall constitute compliance with
- subsections (b) through (e) of this Code section.
- 1547 (g) No person shall display a kosher food disclosure statement or other written document
- stating that a rabbi, agency, or other person certifies food or a place of business as kosher
- or kosher for Passover if no such certification is being provided. The person making the
- display shall remove the statement or document if the rabbi, agency, or other person sends
- a notice via certified mail or statutory overnight delivery directed to the person making the
- display that no such certification is being provided.
- 1553 (h) It shall be unlawful for any person to:
- (1) Fail to complete and prominently and conspicuously display a kosher food disclosure
- statement as required by this Code section;
- 1556 (2) Otherwise fail to comply with this Code section; or
- 1557 (3) Knowingly or intentionally, with intent to defraud, make a false affirmation or
- disclosure in a kosher food disclosure statement.
- 1559 (i) This Code section shall not apply to:
- 1560 (1) Food sold in a presealed kosher food package; or
- 1561 (2) Food represented as 'kosher-style' or 'kosher-type.'
- 1562 10-1-393.12.
- 1563 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 1564 (1) 'Residential real estate' means a new or existing building constructed for habitation
- by one to four families, including detached garages.
- 1566 (2) 'Residential roofing contractor' means a person or entity in the business of contracting
- or offering to contract with an owner or possessor of residential real estate to repair or
- replace roof systems.
- 1569 (3) 'Roof system' means a roof covering, roof sheathing, roof weatherproofing, roof
- framing, roof ventilation system, and insulation.
- 1571 (b) A person who has entered into a written contract with a residential roofing contractor
- to provide goods or services to be paid from the proceeds of a property and casualty
- insurance policy may cancel the contract prior to midnight on the fifth business day after
- the insured has received written notice from the insurer that all or any part of the claim or
- 1575 contract is not a covered loss under such insurance policy. Cancellation shall be evidenced

by the insured giving written notice of cancellation to the residential roofing contractor at the address stated in the contract. Notice of cancellation, if given by mail, shall be effective upon deposit into the United States mail, postage prepaid and properly addressed to the residential roofing contractor. Notice of cancellation need not take a particular form and shall be sufficient if it indicates, by any form of written expression, the intention of the insured not to be bound by the contract.

- (c) Before entering a contract as provided in subsection (b) of this Code section, the residential roofing contractor shall:
  - (1) Furnish the insured a statement in boldface type of a minimum size of ten points, in substantially the following form:

'You may cancel this contract at any time before midnight on the fifth business day after you have received written notification from your insurer that all or any part of the claim or contract is not a covered loss under the insurance policy. This right to cancel is in addition to any other rights of cancellation which may be found in state or federal law or regulation. See attached notice of cancellation form for an explanation of this right'; and

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(2) Furnish each insured a fully completed form in duplicate, captioned 'NOTICE OF CANCELLATION,' which shall be attached to the contract but easily detachable, and which shall contain in boldface type of a minimum size of ten points the following statement:

## 'NOTICE OF CANCELLATION'

If you are notified by your insurer that all or any part of the claim or contract is not a covered loss under the insurance policy, you may cancel the contract by mailing or delivering a signed and dated copy of this cancellation notice or any other written notice to (name of contractor) at (address of contractor's place of business) at any time prior to midnight on the fifth business day after you have received such notice from your insurer.

## I HEREBY CANCEL THIS TRANSACTION

(d) In circumstances in which payment may be made from the proceeds of a property and casualty insurance policy, a residential roofing contractor shall not require any payments from an insured until the five-day cancellation period has expired. If, however, the residential roofing contractor has performed any emergency services, acknowledged by the insured in writing to be necessary to prevent damage to the premises, the residential roofing

contractor shall be entitled to collect the amount due for the emergency services at the time they are rendered. Any provision in a contract as provided in subsection (b) of this Code section that requires the payment of any fee for anything except emergency services shall

- not be enforceable against any insured who has canceled a contract under this Code section.
- 1617 (e) A residential roofing contractor shall not represent or negotiate, or offer or advertise
- 1618 to represent or negotiate, on behalf of an owner or possessor of residential real estate on
- any insurance claim in connection with the repair or replacement of roof systems. This
- subsection shall not apply to a public adjuster licensed under Chapter 23 of Title 33.
- 1621 10-1-393.13.
- 1622 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 1623 (1) 'ADAD equipment' means any device or system of devices which is used, whether
- alone or in conjunction with other equipment, for the purpose of automatically selecting
- or dialing telephone numbers and disseminating prerecorded messages to the numbers so
- selected or dialed.
- 1627 (2) 'Business' means any corporation, partnership, proprietorship, firm, enterprise,
- franchise, association, organization, self-employed individual, trust, or other legal entity.
- 1629 (3) 'Caller identification service' means a type of telephone service which permits
- subscribers to see the telephone number of incoming telephone calls.
- 1631 (4) 'In this state' means the call:
- 1632 (A) Originates from this state; or
- 1633 (B) Is directed by the caller to this state and received at the place to which it is
- directed.
- 1635 (5) 'Subscriber' means a person or business that has subscribed to telephone service from
- a local exchange company or mobile, wireless, or other telephone service provider or
- other persons living, residing, or working with such person or business.
- 1638 (6) 'Telephone solicitation' means any voice communication from a live operator,
- through the use of ADAD equipment or by other means, over a telephone line or
- 1640 computer network for the purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment
- in, property, goods, or services or donation to any organization, but shall not include
- 1642 communications:
- 1643 (A) To any subscriber with that subscriber's prior express invitation or permission;
- 1644 (B) By or on behalf of any person or entity with whom a subscriber has a prior or
- 1645 current business or personal relationship; or
- 1646 (C) Which convey a political message.

1647 (b) Without otherwise limiting the definition of unfair or deceptive acts or practices under

- this part and without limiting any other Code section under this part, in connection with a
- telephone solicitation:
- 1650 (1) At the beginning of such call, the person or entity making the call shall state clearly
- the identity of the person or entity initiating the call;
- 1652 (2) No person or entity who makes a telephone solicitation to the telephone line of a
- subscriber in this state shall knowingly utilize any method to block or otherwise
- circumvent such subscriber's use of a caller identification service;
- 1655 (3) The telephone number displayed on the caller identification service shall be a
- working telephone number capable of receiving incoming calls at the time the call is
- placed; and
- 1658 (4) The identity of the caller displayed on the caller identification service shall accurately
- reflect the identity of the caller.
- 1660 (c) Notwithstanding Code Section 10-1-399, a claim of a violation of this Code section
- may be brought in a representative capacity and may be the subject of a class action under
- 1662 Code Section 9-11-23. Damages for such violation shall be the greater of actual damages
- 1663 or \$10.00 per violation.
- 1664 10-1-394.
- 1665 (a) The administrator Attorney General is authorized to adopt reasonable rules,
- regulations, and standards appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this part and prohibit
- specific acts or practices that are deemed to be a violation of this part. The Attorney
- General is also authorized to adopt as substantive rules that prohibit specific acts or
- practices in violation of Code Section 10-1-393 those rules and regulations of the Federal
- 1670 Trade Commission interpreting Section 5(a)(1) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15
- 1671 U.S.C. Section 45(a)(1)), as from time to time amended.
- (b) Such rules shall be promulgated only when it is determined by the administrator, in the
- reasonable exercise of his discretion, on the basis of his expertise and facts, submissions,
- evidence, and all information before him, that such rules are needed to prohibit or control
- acts or practices which create the probability of actual and substantial injury to consumers.
- No rule shall be promulgated where it is reasonably certain that the burden of complying
- with the rule will outweigh the public interest in prohibiting or controlling the practice
- which would be so prohibited or controlled. No such rule so promulgated shall be arbitrary
- or capricious nor shall its promulgation be characterized by an abuse of discretion or an
- 1680 unwarranted exercise of discretion.
- 1681 (c)(b) Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' shall apply to
- the promulgation of rules and regulations by the administrator Attorney General pursuant

to subsection (a) of this Code section and in taking testimony pursuant to Code Sections

- 1684 10-1-403 and 10-1-404.
- 1685 (d) The Consumer Advisory Board shall be authorized to ratify or veto rules promulgated
- by the administrator at its next regular meeting after the rules are promulgated by the
- administrator under the provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50.
- 1688 10-1-395.
- 1689 (a) The Attorney General shall have the necessary powers and authority to carry out the
- duties vested in him or her pursuant to this title. Any authority, power, or duty vested in
- the Attorney General by any provision of this title and Code Section 46-5-27 may be
- exercised, discharged, or performed by any employee of the office of the Attorney General
- acting in the Attorney General's name and by his or her delegated authority. The Attorney
- 1694 General shall be responsible for the official acts of such persons who act in his or her name
- and by his or her authority. The administrator shall be appointed by the Governor and shall
- serve at his pleasure. The office of the administrator shall be attached to the office of the
- 1697 Governor for administrative purposes only. The administrator shall perform all functions
- 1698 formerly performed by the Consumer Services Unit of the Division of Special Programs
- 1699 of the Department of Human Resources (now known as the Department of Human
- 1700 Services).
- (b)(1) A Consumer Advisory Board is created whose duty it shall be to advise and make
- recommendations to the administrator Attorney General. The board shall consist of 15
- members with the administrator or his designee to serve as the ex officio member. The
- 1704 members of this board shall be appointed by the Governor. Appointments of members
- of this board made after July 1, 2015, shall be made by the Attorney General; however,
- the Attorney General shall not be an appointee. One member shall be appointed from
- each congressional district and the remaining members shall be appointed from the state
- at large. At least four members shall be attorneys representing consumers' interests and
- two of these consumers' attorneys shall represent Georgia Indigent Legal Services or any
- other legal aid society. At least four members shall be representatives of the business
- 1711 community, two of which are recommended by the Georgia Retail Association and two
- recommended for appointment by the Business Council of Georgia, Inc.
- 1713 (2)(A) On and after July 1, 1983, the Consumer Advisory Board shall consist of 15
- members who shall be appointed by the Governor as provided in this paragraph. The
- initial terms of those members other than the ex officio member shall be as follows: five
- 1716 members shall be appointed to serve for a term ending July 1, 1984; five members shall
- be appointed to serve for a term ending July 1, 1985; and five members shall be
- 1718 appointed for a term ending July 1, 1986. Thereafter, all All members appointed to the

board by the Governor Attorney General shall be appointed for terms of three years and until their successors are appointed and qualified. In the event of a vacancy during the term of any member by reason of death, resignation, or otherwise, the appointment of a successor by the Governor Attorney General shall be for the remainder of the unexpired term of such member.

- (B) The first members appointed under this paragraph shall be appointed for terms which begin July 1, 1983. The members of the Consumer Advisory Board serving on April 1, 1983, shall remain in office until June 30, 1983, and until their successors are appointed.
- (3) The board shall elect its chairman and shall meet not less than once every four calendar months at a time and place specified in writing by the administrator Attorney General. The board may also meet from time to time upon its own motion as deemed necessary by a majority of the members thereof for the purpose of conducting routine or special business. Each member of the board shall serve without pay but shall receive standard state per diem for expenses and receive standard travel allowance while attending meetings and while in the discharge of his <u>or her</u> responsibilities.
- 1735 (4) The board shall assist the administrator Attorney General in an advisory capacity in carrying out the duties and functions of the office concerning:
- 1737 (A) Policy matters relating to consumer interests; and
- 1738 (B) The effectiveness of the state consumer programs and operations.
- 1739 (5) The board shall make recommendations concerning:
- 1740 (A) The improvement of state consumer programs and operations;
- (B) The elimination of duplication of effort;

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- 1742 (C) The coordination of state consumer programs and operations with other local and private programs related to consumer interests;
- (D) Legislation needed in the area of consumer protection; and
- 1745 (E) Avoidance of unnecessary burdens on business, if any, resulting from the administration of this part.
- (6) The board shall make a written report to the Governor not less frequently than at the
   end of each calendar year on its activities and the administration of this part, with such
   recommendations for changes, if any, as the board deems proper.
- (c) The administrator Attorney General shall receive all complaints under this part. He
  and shall refer all complaints or inquiries concerning conduct specifically approved or
  prohibited by the Department of Agriculture, Commissioner of Insurance, Public Service
  Commission, Department of Natural Resources, Department of Banking and Finance, or
  other appropriate agency or official of this state to that agency or official for initial
  investigation and corrective action other than litigation.

1756 (d) Any official of this state receiving a complaint or inquiry as provided in subsection (c)

- of this Code section shall advise the administrator Attorney General of his or her action
- with respect to the complaint or inquiry.
- 1759 (e) All officials and agencies of this state having responsibility under this part are
- authorized and directed to consult and assist one another in maintaining compliance with
- this part.
- 1762 (f) In the event a person holding a professional license as defined in Chapter 4 of Title 26
- or in Title 43 shall be determined by the administrator Attorney General to be operating a
- business or profession intentionally, persistently, and notoriously in a manner contrary to
- this part, the Secretary of State, at the instruction of the administrator Attorney General,
- shall begin proceedings to revoke such professional license.
- 1767 (g) The administrator Attorney General shall not be authorized to exercise any powers
- granted in this part against a person regulated by an agency or department listed in
- subsection (c), subsection (d), or subsection (e) of this Code section with regard to conduct
- specifically approved or prohibited by such agency or department if such agency or
- department certifies to the administrator Attorney General that the exercise of such powers
- would not be in the public interest.
- 1773 (h) On December 31 of each year the administrator shall make a written report to the
- 1774 Governor summarizing the types and numbers of complaints received and the dispositions
- 1775 concerning these complaints by his office.
- 1776 (i)(h) Nothing contained in this part shall be construed as repealing, limiting, or otherwise
- affecting the existing powers of the various regulatory agencies of the State of Georgia
- except that all agencies of this state, in making determinations as to whether actions or
- proposed actions of persons subject to their jurisdiction and control are in the public
- interest, shall consider the situation in the light of the policies expressed by this part.
- 1781 10-1-396.
- 1782 Nothing in this part shall apply to:
- 1783 (1) Actions or transactions specifically authorized under laws administered by or rules
- and regulations promulgated by any regulatory agency of this state or the United States;
- 1785 (2) Acts done by the publisher, owner, agent, or employee of a newspaper, periodical,
- 1786 radio station or network, or television station or network in the publication or
- dissemination in print or electronically of:
- 1788 (A) News or commentary; or
- (B) An advertisement of or for another person, when the publisher, owner, agent, or
- employee did not have actual knowledge of the false, misleading, or deceptive character

of the advertisement, did not prepare the advertisement, or did not have a direct financial interest in the sale or distribution of the advertised product or service.

- 1793 10-1-397.
- 1794 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:
- (1) 'Call' means any communication, message, signal, or transmission.
- 1796 (2) 'Telecommunications company' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code
- 1797 Section 46-5-162.
- 1798 (3) 'Telecommunications services' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code
- 1799 Section 46-5-162.
- (b) Whenever it may appear to the administrator Attorney General that any person is using,
- has used, or is about to use any method, act, or practice declared by this part or by
- regulations made under Code Section 10-1-394 to be unlawful and that proceedings would
- be in the public interest, whether or not any person has actually been misled, the
- 1804 <u>administrator Attorney General</u> may:
- 1805 (1) Subject to notice and opportunity for hearing in accordance with Code Section
- 1806 10-1-398, unless the right to notice is waived by the person against whom the sanction
- is imposed, take any or all of the following actions:
- 1808 (A) Issue a cease and desist order prohibiting any unfair or deceptive act or practice
- against any person; or
- 1810 (B) Issue an order against a person who willfully violates this part, imposing a civil
- penalty of up to a maximum of \$2,000.00 per violation; or
- (C) Issue an order requiring a person whose actions are in violation of this part to pay
- restitution to any person or persons adversely affected by such actions; or
- 1814 (2) Without regard as to whether the administrator Attorney General has issued any
- orders under this Code section, upon a showing by the administrator Attorney General
- in any superior court of competent jurisdiction that a person has violated or is about to
- violate this part, a rule promulgated under this part, or an order of the administrator
- Attorney General, the court may enter or grant any or all of the following relief:
- (A) A temporary restraining order or temporary or permanent injunction;
- (B) A civil penalty of up to a maximum of \$5,000.00 per violation of this part;
- 1821 (C) A declaratory judgment;
- (D) Restitution to any person or persons adversely affected by a defendant's actions in
- violation of this part;
- 1824 (E) The appointment of a receiver, auditor, or conservator for the defendant or the
- defendant's assets; or
- 1826 (F) Other relief as the court deems just and equitable.

(c) Unless the administrator Attorney General determines that a person subject to this part designs quickly to depart from this state or to remove his or her property therefrom or to conceal himself or herself or his or her property therein or that there is immediate danger of harm to citizens of this state or of another state, the administrator Attorney General shall, unless he or she seeks a temporary restraining order to redress or prevent an injury resulting from a violation of paragraph (20) of subsection (b) of Code Section 10-1-393, before initiating any proceedings as provided in this Code section, give notice in writing that such proceedings are contemplated and allow such person a reasonable opportunity to appear before the administrator Attorney General and execute an assurance of voluntary compliance as provided in this part. The determination of the administrator Attorney General under this subsection shall be final and not subject to judicial review.

(d) With the exception of consent judgments entered before any testimony is taken, a final judgment under this Code section shall be admissible as prima-facie evidence of such specific findings of fact as may be made by the court which enters the judgment in subsequent proceedings by or against the same person or his or her successors or assigns. (e) When a receiver is appointed by the court pursuant to this part, he or she shall have the power to sue for, collect, receive, and take into his or her possession all the goods and chattels, rights and credits, moneys and effects, lands and tenements, books, records, documents, papers, choses in action, bills, notes, and property of every description derived by means of any practice declared to be illegal and prohibited by this part, including property with which such property has been mingled if it cannot be identified in kind because of such commingling, and to sell, convey, and assign the same and hold and dispose of the proceeds thereof under the direction of the court. In the case of a partnership or business entity, the receiver may, in the discretion of the court, be authorized to dissolve the business and distribute the assets under the direction of the court. The court shall have jurisdiction of all questions arising in such proceedings and may make such orders and judgments therein as may be required.

(f)(1) Whenever the administrator Attorney General issues a cease and desist order to any person regarding the use of a telephone number which when called automatically imposes a per-call charge or other costs to the consumer, other than a regular charge imposed for long distance service, including, but not limited to, a telephone number in which the local prefix is 976 or in which the long distance prefix is 900, the administrator Attorney General may certify to the appropriate local or long distance telecommunications company responsible for billing consumers for the charges that billing for the charges or for certain of the charges should be suspended. The telecommunications company shall then suspend such billing with reasonable promptness to preserve the assets of consumers in accordance with the certification, without incurring

any liability to any person for doing so. For the purposes of this Code section, 'reasonable promptness to preserve the assets of consumers' shall mean to act as quickly as the telecommunications company would act to preserve its own assets, provided that the telecommunications company cannot be required to make any changes to its existing systems, technologies, or methods used for billing, other than any minimal procedural changes necessary to actually suspend the billing. The telecommunications company shall not be made a party to any proceedings under this part for complying with this requirement but shall have a right to be heard as a third party in any such proceedings. (2) The suspension of billing under this subsection shall remain in effect until the administrator Attorney General certifies to the telecommunications company that the matter has been resolved. The administrator Attorney General shall certify to the telecommunications company with reasonable promptness when the matter has been resolved. In this certification, the administrator Attorney General shall advise the telecommunications company to collect none of, all of, or any designated part of the billings in accordance with the documents or orders which resolved the matter. The telecommunications company shall collect or not collect the billings in the manner so designated and shall not incur any liability to any person for doing so.

- (3) Nothing contained in this subsection shall limit or restrict the right of the telecommunications company to place its own restrictions, guidelines, or criteria, by whatever name denominated, upon the use of such telecommunications services, provided such restrictions, guidelines, or criteria do not conflict with the provisions of this subsection.
- 1886 10-1-397.1.

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- The administrator Attorney General is authorized to initiate or intervene as a matter of right or otherwise appear in any federal court or administrative agency to implement the provisions of this article.
- 1890 10-1-398.
- (a) Any person receiving a cease and desist order from the administrator Attorney General, and who demonstrates in any superior court of competent jurisdiction, after petition to the court and notice to the administrator Attorney General, that such order will unlawfully cause him irreparable harm, shall receive a temporary stay of the order pending the court's review of that order. Such temporary stay shall not exceed 30 days, during which time the court will review the order to determine if an interlocutory stay will be issued pending a final judicial determination of the issues.

(b) Where the administrator Attorney General has issued any order prohibiting any unfair or deceptive act or practice, he shall promptly send by certified or registered mail or statutory overnight delivery or by personal service to the person or persons so prohibited a notice of opportunity for hearing. Hearings shall be conducted pursuant to this Code section by the administrator Attorney General or his or her designated representative. Such notice shall state:

- 1904 (1) The order which has issued and which is proposed to be issued;
- 1905 (2) The ground for issuing such order and proposed order;
- 1906 (3) That the person to whom such notice is sent will be afforded a hearing upon request if such request is made within ten days after receipt of the notice; and
- 1908 (4) That the person to whom such notice is sent may obtain a temporary stay of the order 1909 upon a showing of irreparable harm in any superior court of competent jurisdiction.
- 1910 (c) Whenever a person requests a hearing in accordance with this Code section, there shall promptly be set a date, time, and place for such hearing and the person requesting such hearing shall be notified thereof. The date set for such hearings shall be within 15 days, but not earlier than five days after the request for hearing has been made, unless otherwise agreed to by the administrator Attorney General and the person requesting the hearing.
- (d) In the case of any hearing conducted under this Code section, the administrator

  Attorney General or his or her designated representative may conduct the hearing or he
  may appoint a referee to conduct the hearing who shall have the same powers and authority
  in conducting the hearing as are in this Code section granted to the administrator. The
  referee shall have been admitted to the practice of law in this state and possess such
  additional qualifications as the administrator may require.
- 1921 (e) The administrator or referee authorized to hold a hearing Attorney General shall have authority to do the following:
- 1923 (1) Administer oaths and affirmations;
- 1924 (2) Sign and issue subpoenas;
- 1925 (3) Rule upon offers of proof;
- 1926 (4) Regulate the course of the hearing, set the time and place for continued hearings, and
- fix the time for filing briefs;
- 1928 (5) Dispose of motions to dismiss for lack of agency jurisdiction over the subject matter
- or parties or for any other ground;
- 1930 (6) Dispose of motions to amend or to intervene;
- 1931 (7) Provide for the taking of testimony by deposition or interrogatory; and
- 1932 (8) Reprimand or exclude from the hearing any person for any indecorous or improper
- 1933 conduct committed in the presence of the agency or the referee.

1934 (f) Subpoenas shall be issued without discrimination between public and private parties.

- 1935 When a subpoena is disobeyed, any party may apply to the superior court of the county
- where the hearing is being heard for an order requiring obedience. Failure to comply with
- such order shall be cause for punishment as for contempt of court. The costs of securing
- the attendance of witnesses, including fees and mileage, shall be computed and assessed
- in the same manner as prescribed by law in civil cases in the superior court.
- 1940 (g) A record shall be kept in each contested case and shall include:
- 1941 (1) All pleadings, motions, and intermediate rulings;
- 1942 (2) A summary of the oral testimony plus all other evidence received or considered
- except that oral proceedings or any part thereof shall be transcribed or recorded upon
- request of any party. Upon written request therefor, a transcript of the oral proceedings
- or any part thereof shall be furnished to any party of the proceedings. The administrator
- 1946 <u>Attorney General</u> shall set a uniform fee for such service;
- 1947 (3) A statement of matters officially noticed;
- 1948 (4) Questions and offers of proof and rulings thereon;
- 1949 (5) Proposed findings and exceptions;
- 1950 (6) Any decision, including any initial, recommended, or tentative decision, opinion, or
- report by the officer presiding at the hearing; and
- 1952 (7) All staff memoranda or data submitted to the hearing officer or members of the
- agency in connection with their consideration of the case.
- (h) Findings of fact shall be based exclusively on the evidence and on matters officially
- 1955 noticed.
- (i) If the administrator Attorney General does not receive a request for a hearing within the
- prescribed time where he has issued an order prohibiting any unfair or deceptive act or
- practices, he may permit an order previously entered to remain in effect or he may enter
- a proposed order. If a hearing is requested and conducted as provided in this Code section,
- the administrator Attorney General shall issue a written order which shall:
- (1) Set forth his <u>or her</u> findings with respect to the matters involved; and
- 1962 (2) Enter an order in accordance with his <u>or her</u> findings.
- 1963 (j) The administrator Attorney General may promulgate such procedural rules and
- regulations as may be necessary for the effective administration of the authority granted
- to the administrator Attorney General under this Code section.
- 1966 10-1-398.1.
- Any person who has exhausted all administrative remedies available and who is aggrieved
- by a final decision in a contested case is entitled to judicial review in accordance with the
- procedures, standards, and requirements set forth in Code Section 50-13-19.

1970 (a) An appeal may be taken from any order of the administrator resulting from a hearing
1971 held in accordance with Code Section 10-1-398 by any person adversely affected thereby
1972 to the Superior Court of Fulton County by serving on the administrator, within 20 days
1973 after the date of entry of such order, a written notice of appeal, signed by the appellant,
1974 stating:

- (1) The order from which the appeal is taken; and
- 1976 (2) The ground upon which a reversal or modification of the order is sought.
- 1977 (b) The court shall not substitute its judgment for that of the administrator as to the weight
  1978 of the evidence on questions of fact. The court may affirm the decision of the administrator
  1979 or remand the case for further proceedings. The court may reverse or modify the decision
  1980 if substantial rights of the appellant have been prejudiced because the administrative
  1981 findings, inferences, conclusions, or decisions are:
- 1982 (1) In violation of constitutional or statutory provisions;
- 1983 (2) In excess of the statutory authority of the administrator;
- 1984 (3) Made upon unlawful procedure;
- 1985 (4) Affected by other error of law;
- 1986 (5) Clearly erroneous in view of the reliable, probative, and substantial evidence on the
- 1987 whole record; or
- (6) Arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion or clearly unwarranted
- 1989 exercise of discretion.
- 1990 10-1-399.

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(a) Any person who suffers injury or damages as a result of a violation of Chapter 5B of this title, as a result of consumer acts or practices in violation of this part, as a result of office supply transactions in violation of this part or whose business or property has been injured or damaged as a result of such violations may bring an action individually, but not in a representative capacity, against the person or persons engaged in such violations under the rules of civil procedure to seek equitable injunctive relief and to recover his or her general and exemplary damages sustained as a consequence thereof in any court having jurisdiction over the defendant; provided, however, exemplary damages shall be awarded only in cases of intentional violation. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, a debtor seeking equitable relief to redress an injury resulting from a violation of paragraph (20) of subsection (b) of Code Section 10-1-393, upon facts alleged showing a likelihood of success on the merits, may not, within the discretion of the court, be required to make a tender. Nothing in this subsection or paragraph (20) of subsection (b) of Code Section 10-1-393 shall be construed to interfere with the obligation of the debtor to a lender who is not in violation of paragraph (20) of subsection (b) of Code Section 10-1-393. A claim

under this Code section may also be asserted as a defense, setoff, cross-claim, or counterclaim or third-party claim against such person.

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(b) At least 30 days prior to the filing of any such action, a written demand for relief, identifying the claimant and reasonably describing the unfair or deceptive act or practice relied upon and the injury suffered, shall be delivered to any prospective respondent. Any person receiving such a demand for relief who, within 30 days of the delivering of the demand for relief, makes a written tender of settlement which is rejected by the claimant may, in any subsequent action, file the written tender and an affidavit concerning this rejection and thereby limit any recovery to the relief tendered if the court finds that the relief tendered was reasonable in relation to the injury actually suffered by the petitioner. The demand requirements of this subsection shall not apply if the prospective respondent does not maintain a place of business or does not keep assets within the state. The 30 day requirement of this subsection shall not apply to a debtor seeking a temporary restraining order to redress or prevent an injury resulting from a violation of paragraph (20) of subsection (b) of Code Section 10-1-393, provided that said debtor gives, or attempts to give the written demand required by this subsection at least 24 hours in advance of the time set for the hearing of the application for the temporary restraining order. Such respondent may otherwise employ the provisions of this Code section by making a written offer of relief and paying the rejected tender into court as soon as practicable after receiving notice of an action commenced under this Code section. All written tenders of settlement such as described in this subsection shall be presumed to be offered without prejudice in compromise of a disputed matter.

- 2028 (c) Subject to subsection (b) of this Code section, a court shall award three times actual damages for an intentional violation.
  - (d) If the court finds in any action that there has been a violation of this part, the person injured by such violation shall, in addition to other relief provided for in this Code section and irrespective of the amount in controversy, be awarded reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses of litigation incurred in connection with said action; provided, however, the court shall deny a recovery of attorneys' fees and expenses of litigation which are incurred after the rejection of a reasonable written offer of settlement made within 30 days of the mailing or delivery of the written demand for relief required by this Code section; provided, further, that, if the court finds the action continued past the rejection of such reasonable written offer of settlement in bad faith or for the purposes of harassment, the court shall award attorneys' fees and expenses of litigation to the adverse party. Any award of attorneys' fees and expenses of litigation shall become a part of the judgment and subject to execution as the laws of Georgia allow.

2042 (e) Any manufacturer or supplier of merchandise whose act or omission, whether negligent 2043 or not, is the basis for action under this part shall be liable for the damages assessed against 2044 or suffered by retailers charged under this part. A claim of such liability may be asserted

- by cross-claim, third-party complaint, or by separate action.
- 2046 (f) It shall not be a defense in any action under this part that others were, are, or will be
- 2047 engaged in like practices.
- 2048 (g) In any action brought under this Code section the administrator Attorney General shall
- be served by certified or registered mail or statutory overnight delivery with a copy of the
- initial complaint and any amended complaint within 20 days of the filing of such
- complaint. The administrator Attorney General shall be entitled to be heard in any such
- action, and the court where such action is filed may enter an order requiring any of the
- parties to serve a copy of any other pleadings in an action upon the administrator Attorney
- 2054 General.
- 2055 10-1-400.
- In any action in which damages are demanded under Code Section 10-1-399, recovery will
- be limited to the amount, if any, by which the injured party suffered injury or damage
- caused by the violation if the adverse party proves that the violation resulted from a bona
- fide error notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adopted to avoid any
- such error and that such error was not the result of negligence in the maintenance of such
- procedures.
- 2062 10-1-401.
- 2063 (a) No private right of action shall be brought arise under this part:
- 2064 (1) More than two years after the person bringing the action knew or should have known
- of the occurrence of the alleged violation; or
- 2066 (2) More than two years after the termination of any proceeding or action by the State
- of Georgia, whichever is later.
- 2068 (b) Damages or penalties to which a person is entitled pursuant to this part may be set off
- against the allegation of the person to the seller and may be raised as a defense to a suit on
- the obligation without regard to the time limitations prescribed by this Code section.
- 2071 10-1-402.
- In the administration of this part the administrator Attorney General may accept an
- assurance of voluntary compliance with respect to any act or practice deemed to be
- violative of this part from any person who has engaged or was about to engage in such act
- or practice. Any such assurance shall be in writing and be filed with the clerk of the

superior court of the county in which the alleged violator resides or has his <u>or her</u> principal place of business or with the clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton County. Such assurance of voluntary compliance shall not be considered an admission of violation for any purpose. Matters thus processed may at any time be reopened by the <u>administrator Attorney General</u> for further proceedings in the public interest, pursuant to Code Section 10-1-397. This Code section shall not bar any claim against any person who has engaged in any act or practice in violation of this part.

2083 10-1-403.

- (a) When it reasonably appears to the administrator Attorney General that a person has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in any act or practice declared to be unlawful by this part or when he believes it to be in the public interest that an investigation should be made to ascertain whether a person in fact has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in any act or practice declared to be unlawful by this part, he may, with the consent of the Attorney General, execute in writing and cause to be served upon any person who is believed to have information, documentary material, or physical evidence relevant to the alleged or suspected violation an investigative demand requiring such person to furnish, under oath or otherwise, a report in writing setting forth the relevant facts and circumstances of which he has knowledge or to appear and testify or to produce relevant documentary material or physical evidence for examination at such reasonable time and place as may be stated in the investigative demand, concerning the advertisement, sale, or offering for sale of any goods or services or the conduct of any trade or commerce that is the subject matter of the investigation.
- (b) If a matter that the administrator Attorney General makes the subject of an investigative demand is located outside the state, the person receiving the investigative demand may either make it available to the administrator Attorney General at a convenient location within this state or pay the reasonable and necessary expenses for the administrator Attorney General or his or her representative to examine the matter at the place where it is located. The administrator Attorney General may designate representatives, including officials of the state in which the matter is located, to inspect the matter on his or her behalf, and he may respond to similar requests from officials of other states.
- (c)(1) Each such investigative demand shall state the nature of the conduct constituting the alleged violation of this part which is under investigation and the provision of law applicable thereto; describe the class or classes of documentary material to be produced thereunder with such definiteness and certainty as to permit such material to be fairly identified; describe the nature, scope, and purpose of the investigation with such definiteness and certainty as to permit any person whose testimony is sought to be fairly

appraised of the subject matter of the inquiry; prescribe a return date which will provide a reasonable period of time within which the material so demanded may be assembled and made available for inspection and copying or reproduction and the person or persons whose testimony is sought may prepare for the same; and identify the person to whom such material shall be made available.

- (2) No such investigative demand shall:
  - (A) Contain any requirement which would be held to be unreasonable as contained in a subpoena for the production of documentary evidence issued by a court of this state in aid of a grand jury investigation of such alleged violation; or
- (B) Require the production of any documentary evidence or oral testimony which would be privileged from disclosure if demanded by a subpoena for the production of documentary evidence issued by a court of this state in aid of a grand jury investigation of such alleged violation;
- provided, however, that the limitations on the scope of demand contained in this paragraph do not require as a condition to the issuance of an investigative demand that the alleged violation be of sufficient seriousness as to constitute a violation of the criminal laws of this state, as opposed to the civil provisions of this part.
- 2129 10-1-404.

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- 2130 (a) To carry out the duties prescribed by Code Sections 10-1-394, 10-1-395, 10-1-397,
- 2131 10-1-398, and 10-1-403, the administrator Attorney General, in addition to other powers
- 2132 conferred upon him or her by this part, may, with the consent of the Attorney General,
- 2133 issue subpoenas to any person, administer an oath or affirmation to any person, conduct
- hearings in aid of any investigation or inquiry, prescribe such forms, and promulgate such
- 2135 procedural rules and regulations as may be necessary, which procedural rules and
- regulations shall have the force of law.
- 2137 (b) The recipient of an investigative demand or subpoena may file an objection with the
- 2138 Attorney General within the reasonable time allotted for responding on grounds that it fails
- 2139 to comply with this part or upon any constitutional or other legal right or privilege of such
- 2140 <u>person.</u> Upon failure of a person without lawful excuse to obey an investigative demand
- or subpoena, the administrator Attorney General may apply to a superior court having
- 2142 jurisdiction for an order compelling compliance. Such person may object to the
- 2144 any constitutional or other legal right or privilege of such person. The court may issue an

investigative demand or subpoena on grounds that it fails to comply with this part or upon

- order modifying or setting aside such demand or subpoena or directing compliance with
- 2146 the original demand or subpoena <u>or modifying or setting aside such demand or subpoena</u>
- based on any objection that was raised before the Attorney General.

(c) The Attorney General may request that a natural person who refuses to testify or to produce relevant matter on the ground that the testimonial matter may incriminate him be ordered by the court to provide the testimonial matter. With the exception of a prosecution for perjury and an action under Code Section 10-1-397, 10-1-398, 10-1-399, or 10-1-405, a natural person who complies with the court order to provide a testimonial matter after asserting a privilege against self-incrimination to which he is entitled by law shall not be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter, or thing concerning which he may testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise.

- (d)(1) Information obtained pursuant to investigative demands, subpoenas, oaths, affirmations, or hearings enforced by this part shall not be made public or, except as authorized in paragraph (2) of this subsection, disclosed by the administrator Attorney General or his or her employees beyond the extent necessary for the enforcement of this part.
- 2162 (2) The administrator Attorney General or his or her employees shall be authorized to provide to any federal, state, or local law enforcement agency any information acquired under this part which is subpoenaed sought pursuant to an investigative demand or subpoena by such agency. State or local law enforcement agencies shall be authorized to provide any information to the administrator Attorney General when the administrator Attorney General issues an investigative demand or subpoena for such information.
- 2168 10-1-405.

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- 2169 (a) Any person who violates the terms of an injunction issued under Code Section
- 2170 10-1-397 shall forfeit and pay to the state a civil penalty of not more than \$25,000.00 per
- violation. For purposes of this Code section, the superior court issuing an injunction shall
- retain jurisdiction and the cause shall be continued and in such cases the administrator
- 2173 Attorney General, acting in the name of the state, may petition for recovery of civil
- 2174 penalties.
- 2175 (b) In the case of a continuing violation under this part, each day shall be regarded as a
- separate violation.
- (c) Any intentional violation by a corporation, partnership, or association shall be deemed
- 2178 to be also that of the individual directors, officers, partners, employees, or agents of the
- 2179 corporation, partnership, or association who had actual knowledge knew or should have
- 2180 known of the acts constituting the violation and who directly authorized, supervised,
- ordered, or did any of the acts constituting in whole or in part the violation; provided,
- 2182 however, no such individual directors, officers, partners, employees, or agents shall have
- any individual liability under this subsection unless the corporation, partnership, or

association, as the case may be, which has committed the intentional violation shall fail to

- 2185 pay into the court within 30 days after judgment sufficient moneys or assets to satisfy the
- 2186 judgment.
- 2187 (d) The administrator Attorney General shall have the authority to compromise or settle
- claims for penalty brought under this Code section.
- 2189 10-1-406.
- Whenever an investigation has been conducted under this article and such investigation
- reveals conduct which constitutes a criminal offense, the administrator Attorney General
- shall forward the results of such investigation to a prosecuting attorney of this state who
- shall commence any criminal prosecution that such prosecuting attorney deems
- 2194 appropriate.
- 2195 10-1-407.
- 2196 This part is cumulative with other laws and is not exclusive. The rights or remedies
- provided for in this part shall be in addition to any other procedures, rights, remedies, or
- duties provided for in any other law or in decisions of the courts of this state dealing with
- the subject matter.
- 2200 <u>10-1-408.</u>
- Rules, orders, actions, and regulations previously adopted which relate to functions
- 2202 performed by the administrator appointed pursuant to the Fair Business Practices Act of
- 2203 <u>1975 which were transferred under this article to the Attorney General shall remain of full</u>
- 2204 force and effect as rules, orders, actions, and regulations of the Attorney General until
- 2205 amended, repealed, or superseded by rules or regulations adopted by the Attorney General."
- 2206 **SECTION 3.**
- 2207 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 10-1-414, relating to prohibited acts
- 2208 by sellers of business opportunities, as follows:
- 2209 "10-1-414.
- 2210 Sellers shall not:
- 2211 (1) Represent that a business opportunity or multilevel program provides income or
- 2212 earning potential of any kind unless the seller has documented data to substantiate the
- claims of income or earning potential, which data shall be furnished to the administrator
- 2214 <u>Attorney General</u> or his <u>or her</u> representatives upon request;
- 2215 (2) Use the trademark, service mark, trade name, logotype, advertising, or other
- commercial symbol of any business which does not either control the ownership interest

in the seller or accept responsibility for all representations made by the seller unless it is clear from the circumstances that the owner of the commercial symbol is not involved in the business opportunity or multilevel distribution company; or

(3) Make or authorize the making of any reference to its compliance with this part in any advertisement or other contract with purchasers or participants or in any manner represent, explicitly or implicitly, that the State of Georgia or any department, agency, officer, or employee has reviewed, approved, sanctioned, or endorsed a business opportunity or multilevel program."

2225 **SECTION 4.** 

fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading.

- Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 10-1-427, relating to false advertising of legal services, as follows:
- 2228 "10-1-427.

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- 2229 (a) No person, firm, corporation, or association or any employee thereof, with intent 2230 directly or indirectly to perform legal services or to do anything of any nature whatsoever to induce the public to enter into any obligation relating thereto, shall make or disseminate 2231 2232 or cause to be made or disseminated before the public in this state, in any newspaper or 2233 other publication, radio, television, or advertising device or by public outcry or 2234 proclamation or any other manner or means whatever, any statement concerning such legal 2235 services or concerning any circumstances or matter of fact connected with the proposed 2236 performance thereof which is untrue, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading and which is 2237 known or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known to be untrue,
- 2239 (b) Nothing in this Code section shall apply to any visual or sound broadcasting station or 2240 to any publisher or printer of a newspaper, magazine, or other form of printed advertising 2241 who broadcasts, telecasts, publishes, or prints such advertisement in good faith without
- knowledge of its false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading character.
  - (c) The Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs Attorney General is authorized and empowered, upon the receipt of a complaint or upon its his or her own initiative, to investigate any advertising which might be in violation of subsection (a) of this Code section. If the office Attorney General determines that any advertising is in violation of subsection (a) of this Code section, it he or she is authorized and empowered, after providing the offender with reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing, to issue a public reprimand, to issue a cease and desist order against the offender, to report any such action to any board, agency, commission, association, or other entity governing or supervising the legal profession, and to publicize any such action in a medium or media likely to reach the recipients of the improper advertising. Any person against whom the

2253 office Attorney General issues an adverse decision may, as his or her sole remedy in equity

- or at law, seek a restraining order against such adverse decision in the superior court.
- 2255 (d) Any person who violates a cease and desist order issued pursuant to subsection (c) of
- this Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in the county in which such person
- resides. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit any board, agency, commission,
- association, or other entity governing or supervising the legal profession from taking any
- lawful action against such person as a result of such improper practices. Each publication
- of an advertisement in violation of any such cease and desist order shall constitute a
- separate offense."
- 2262 **SECTION 5.**
- 2263 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 10-1-438, relating to definitions
- relative to disaster related selling violations, as follows:
- 2265 "10-1-438.
- 2266 (a) As used in this part, the term:
- (1) 'Attorney General' means the Attorney General or his or her designee.
- 2268 'Administrator' means the administrator appointed pursuant to Code Section 10-1-395.
- (2) 'Disaster related violation' means any violation of Part 1, 2, or 4 of this article, which
- violation involves:
- (A) The sale or offer for sale of supplies for use in the salvage, repair, or rebuilding of
- a structure damaged as a result of a natural disaster; or
- 2273 (B) The performance of or offer to perform services for the salvage, repair, or
- rebuilding of a structure damaged as a result of a natural disaster.
- 2275 (3) 'Natural disaster' means any natural disaster for which a state of emergency is
- proclaimed by the Governor.
- 2277 (b) Whenever the administrator Attorney General or any court is imposing a penalty for
- 2278 any violations of Part 1, 2, or 4 of this article and the violation is a disaster related
- violation, in addition to any other applicable penalty there may be imposed an additional
- civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000.00 for each transaction.
- (c) Any person who suffers damage or injury as a result of a disaster related violation shall
- have a cause of action to recover actual damages, punitive damages, if appropriate, and
- reasonable attorney's fees. Amounts recovered in such an action shall have priority over
- a civil penalty imposed under this Code section."
- 2285 **SECTION 6.**
- 2286 Said title is further amended by revising Article 21 of Chapter 1, relating to buying services,
- 2287 as follows:

2288 "ARTICLE 21

- 2289 10-1-590.
- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Buying Services Act of 1975.'
- 2291 10-1-591.
- As used in this article, the term:
- (1) 'Attorney General' means the Attorney General or his or her designee.
- 2294 'Administrator' means the administrator appointed pursuant to subsection (a) of Code
- 2295 Section 10-1-395 or his delegate.
- (2) 'Business day' means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.
- 2297 (3) 'Buying service,' 'buying club,' or 'club' means any corporation, partnership,
- 2298 unincorporated association, or other business enterprise which is organized with the
- primary purpose of providing benefits to members from the cooperative purchase of
- service or merchandise and which desires to effect such purpose through direct
- solicitation or other business activity in this state.
- (4) 'Contract' means any contract or agreement by which a person becomes a member of
- a buying service or club.
- 2304 (5) 'Member' means any natural person who is entitled to any of the benefits of a buying
- service or buying club.
- 2306 10-1-592.
- No buying service or club nor any officer, official, employee, or agent thereof shall sell,
- advertise, or solicit the sale or purchase of memberships or contracts within this state
- without having first obtained a license to do business in this state from the administrator
- 2310 Attorney General.
- 2311 10-1-593.
- As a condition to the issuance or retention of a license required by this article, each buying
- 2313 service or club shall:
- (1) Comply with such reasonable conditions for the issuance of a license as may be
- required by the administrator Attorney General pursuant to this article;
- 2316 (2) Maintain a bond in the amount of \$25,000.00 with a surety company duly authorized
- to do business in this state or post a cash bond in such amount, payable to the Governor
- of this state; in either case, such bond shall be for the use and benefit of any person who
- has entered into a contract for membership in a buying service or club. Such bond shall
- be conditioned to pay all losses, damages, and expenses that may be sustained by such

member by reason of any fraudulent misrepresentation or by reason of any breach of

- contract by the club; and
- 2323 (3) Furnish, if the buying service or club operates buying service activities at more than
- one physical location in this state, a surety bond for each location of buying service
- activity, each bond to be in the amount and subject to the conditions stated in paragraph
- 2326 (2) of this Code section.
- 2327 10-1-594.
- 2328 (a) Application for a license as a buying service or club shall be made on forms prescribed
- by the administrator Attorney General and shall contain such information and supporting
- documents as he may require.
- (b) Licenses shall be issued for a period of one year and shall be renewable within 90 days
- preceding the expiration thereof.
- 2333 (c) The fee for a license or for the renewal thereof shall be \$50.00, payable to the
- 2334 <u>administrator Attorney General</u> for deposit by the Office of the State Treasurer in the
- 2335 general fund of the state.
- 2336 10-1-595.
- 2337 (a) Licenses issued under this article may be revoked, suspended, or not renewed by the
- 2338 administrator Attorney General for:
- 2339 (1) Any violation of the substantive provisions of this article;
- 2340 (2) A violation of any rule or regulation issued by the administrator Attorney General
- pursuant to this article; or
- 2342 (3) A violation of any law of this state.
- 2343 (b) Licenses shall be revoked or suspended by the administrator Attorney General only
- 2344 following notice and hearing pursuant to Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia
- 2345 Administrative Procedure Act.'
- 2346 10-1-596.
- No contract of membership shall be used by any buying service or club unless such
- contract is first approved by the administrator Attorney General as to form. Any contract
- or agreement used in violation of this Code section shall be null, void, and of no effect.
- 2350 10-1-597.
- 2351 (a) Any person who has elected to become a member of a club may cancel such
- 2352 membership by giving written notice of cancellation any time before 12:00 Midnight of the
- 2353 third business day following the date on which membership was attained.

2354 (b) Notice of cancellation may be given personally or by mail. If given by mail, the notice is effective upon deposit in a mailbox, properly addressed and postage prepaid. Notice of cancellation need not take a particular form and is sufficient if it indicates, by any form of

- written expression, the intention of the member not to be bound by the contract.
- 2358 (c) Cancellation shall be without liability on the part of the member. The member will be
- entitled to a total refund, within ten days after notice of cancellation is given, of the entire
- 2360 consideration paid for the contract.
- 2361 (d) Rights of cancellation may not be waived or otherwise surrendered.
- 2362 10-1-598.
- 2363 (a) A copy of every contract shall be delivered to the member at the time the contract is
- 2364 signed
- 2365 (b) Every contract must be in writing, must be signed by the member, must designate the
- date on which the member signed the contract, and must state, clearly and conspicuously
- in boldface type of a minimum size of 14 points, the following:

## 2368 'MEMBER'S RIGHT TO CANCEL

- 2369 If you wish to cancel this contract, you may cancel by delivering or mailing a written 2370 notice to the club. To prove that you canceled, it is recommended that you send the
- 2371 notice by certified mail or statutory overnight delivery. The notice must say that you do
- not wish to be bound by the contract and must be delivered or mailed before 12:00
- 2373 Midnight of the third business day after you sign this contract. The notice must be
- delivered or mailed to: (insert name and mailing address of club). If you cancel, the club
- will return, within ten days of the date on which you give notice of cancellation, a total
- refund. It is recommended that you mail the notice of cancellation by certified mail or
- statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested; check with your post office as to
- the time when you will be able to mail a certified letter. Be sure to keep a photocopy of
- the notice of cancellation which you mail.'
- 2380 (c) Every contract which does not contain the notice specified in subsection (b) of this
- Code section may be canceled by the member at any time, without liability, by giving
- 2382 notice of cancellation by any means. Nothing contained in this Code section shall be
- construed to require that a member's cancellation notice be sent by certified mail or
- statutory overnight delivery in order to effect a cancellation.
- 2385 10-1-599.
- No contract shall be valid for a term longer than 18 months from the date upon which the
- contract is signed. However, a club may allow a member to convert his or her contract into
- a contract for a period longer than 18 months after the member has been a member of the

club for a period of at least six months. The duration of the contract shall be clearly and conspicuously disclosed in the contract in boldface type of a minimum size of 14 points.

- 2391 10-1-600.
- 2392 (a) Each buying service or club licensed in this state shall keep and maintain:
- 2393 (1) Accurate accounts, books, and records of all transactions in this state;
- 2394 (2) Copies of all agreements;
- 2395 (3) Dates and amounts of payments made and accepted thereon; and
- 2396 (4) The names and addresses of all members in this state.
- 2397 (b) Such accounts, books, and records shall be open for inspection by the administrator or
- 2398 <u>his delegates Attorney General</u> during normal business hours on all normal business days.
- 2399 10-1-601.
- 2400 The administrator Attorney General is authorized to promulgate, adopt, and issue rules,
- regulations, and orders necessary or convenient to carry out the provisions and purposes
- of this article. Any such rules of a substantive nature shall be promulgated only when it
- 2403 is determined by the administrator, in the reasonable exercise of his discretion and on the
- 2404 basis of his expertise and the facts, submissions, evidence, and all information before him,
- 2405 that such rules are needed to prohibit or control acts or practices which create the
- 2406 probability of actual injury to consumers. No rule shall be promulgated where it is
- 2407 reasonably certain that the burden of complying with such rule will outweigh the public
- 2408 interest in prohibiting or controlling the practice which would be so prohibited or
- 2409 controlled. No such rule so promulgated shall be arbitrary or capricious nor shall its
- promulgation be characterized by an abuse of discretion or an unwarranted exercise of
- 2411 <u>discretion.</u> Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' shall apply
- 2412 <u>to the promulgation of rules and regulations by the Attorney General pursuant to this Code</u>
- 2413 section.
- 2414 10-1-602.
- 2415 Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' shall apply to all
- actions and proceedings of an administrative nature taken by the administrator Attorney
- 2417 <u>General</u> pursuant to this article, except where the administrator Attorney General is acting
- under Part 2 of Article 15 of this chapter, the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975.' A
- violation of this article shall also be considered a violation of Part 2 of Article 15 of this
- chapter, the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975.'

- 2421 10-1-603.
- In addition to any other proceedings authorized by this article, the administrator Attorney
- 2423 General may bring a civil action in the superior courts to enjoin any violation or threatened
- violation of any provision of this article or any rule, regulation, or order issued <u>or enforced</u>
- by the administrator Attorney General pursuant to this article.
- 2426 10-1-604.
- 2427 (a) In order to enforce this article or any orders, rules, and regulations promulgated
- 2428 pursuant thereto, the administrator Attorney General may issue an administrative order
- imposing a penalty not to exceed \$1,000.00 for each violation, whenever he or she
- determines, after a hearing, that any person has violated any provisions of this article or any
- rules, regulations, or orders promulgated under this article.
- 2432 (b) The hearing and any administrative review thereof shall be conducted in accordance
- 2433 with the procedure for contested cases under Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia
- 2434 Administrative Procedure Act.' Any person who has exhausted all administrative remedies
- available and who is aggrieved or adversely affected by a final order or action of the
- 2436 <u>administrator Attorney General</u> shall have the right of judicial review thereof in accordance
- 2437 with Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' All penalties
- recovered as provided in this Code section shall be paid into the state treasury.
- 2439 (c) The administrator Attorney General may file, in the superior court of the county in
- 2440 which the person under an order resides, or if the person is a corporation, in the superior
- 2441 court of the county in which the corporation under an order maintains its principal place
- of business, or in the superior court of the county in which the violation occurred, a
- 2443 certified copy of the final order of the administrator Attorney General unappealed from or
- of a final order of the administrator Attorney General affirmed upon appeal. Thereupon,
- the court shall render judgment in accordance therewith and shall notify the parties. Such
- judgment shall have the same effect and proceedings in relation thereto shall thereafter be
- the same as though the judgment had been rendered in an action duly heard and determined
- by such court.
- 2449 (d) The penalty prescribed in this Code section shall be concurrent, alternative, and
- cumulative with any and all other civil, criminal, or alternative rights, remedies, forfeitures,
- or penalties provided, allowed, or available to the administrator Attorney General with
- respect to any violation of this article and any order, rules, or regulations promulgated
- pursuant thereto.

- 2454 10-1-605.
- 2455 Any person, firm, corporation, organization, partnership, entity, buying club, or buying
- service violating any provision of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 2457 10-1-606.
- 2458 Rules, orders, actions, and regulations previously adopted which relate to functions
- 2459 performed by the administrator appointed pursuant to the Fair Business Practices Act of
- 2460 <u>1975</u> which were transferred under this article to the Attorney General shall remain of full
- force and effect as rules, orders, actions, and regulations of the Attorney General until
- amended, repealed, or superseded by rules or regulations adopted by the Attorney General."
- 2463 **SECTION 7.**
- 2464 Said title is further amended in Article 27 of Chapter 1, relating to bad faith assertions of
- patent infringement, by revising Code Section 10-1-773, relating to enforcement and relief
- 2466 from damages, as follows:
- 2467 "10-1-773.
- 2468 (a) A violation of this article shall constitute an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the
- conduct of consumer transactions under Part 2 of Article 15 of this chapter, the 'Fair
- Business Practices Act,' and the enforcement against any such violation shall be by public
- 2471 enforcement by the administrator Attorney General and shall be enforceable through
- private action.
- 2473 (b) Whenever it may appear to the administrator Attorney General that any person is using
- or has used any method, act, or practice declared by this article to be unlawful and that
- proceedings would be in the public interest, the administrator Attorney General may bring
- 2476 action in a court of competent jurisdiction. Upon a showing by the administrator Attorney
- 2477 <u>General</u> that a person has violated this article, the court may enter or grant any or all of the
- relief provided for in Code Section 10-1-397.
- 2479 (c) Any person who suffers injury or damages as a result of a violation of this article may
- bring an action individually against the person or persons engaged in such violation under
- 2481 the rules of civil procedure to seek equitable injunctive relief and to recover his or her
- 2482 general and exemplary damages sustained as a consequence thereof in any court having
- 2483 jurisdiction over the defendant. Such relief may include:
- 2484 (1) Restitution to any person or persons adversely affected by a defendant's actions in
- violation of this article;
- 2486 (2) Punitive damages in an amount equal to \$50,000.00 or three times the combined total
- of damages, costs, and fees, whichever is greater;
- 2488 (3) Expenses of litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees; and

- 2489 (4) Other relief as the court deems just and equitable.
- 2490 (d) Except as otherwise provided, this article is cumulative with other laws and is not
- 2491 exclusive."
- **SECTION 8.**
- 2493 Said title is further amended by revising Article 28 of Chapter 1, relating to the "Georgia
- 2494 Lemon Law," as follows:
- 2495 "ARTICLE 28
- 2496 10-1-780.
- This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Lemon Law.'
- 2498 10-1-781.
- 2499 The General Assembly recognizes that a new motor vehicle is a major consumer purchase
- and that a defectively manufactured new motor vehicle is likely to create hardship for, or
- 2501 may cause injury to, the consumer. It is the intent of the General Assembly to create a
- 2502 procedure for expeditious resolution of complaints and disputes concerning nonconforming
- 2503 new motor vehicles, to provide a method for notifying consumers of their rights under this
- article, and to ensure that consumers receive information, documents, and service necessary
- 2505 to enable them to exercise their rights under this article. In enacting these comprehensive
- 2506 measures, the General Assembly intends to encourage manufacturers to take all steps
- 2507 necessary to correct nonconformities in new motor vehicles and to create the proper blend
- of private and public remedies necessary to enforce this article.
- 2509 10-1-782.
- Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, as used in this article, the term:
- (1) 'Adjusted capitalized cost' means the amount shown as the adjusted capitalized cost
- in the lease agreement.
- 2513 (2) 'Attorney General' means the Attorney General or his or her designee.
- 2514 'Administrator' means the administrator appointed pursuant to Code Section 10-1-395 or
- 2515 his or her designee.
- 2516 (3) 'Authorized agent' means any person, including a franchised motor vehicle dealer,
- who is authorized by the manufacturer to service motor vehicles.
- 2518 (4) 'Collateral charges' means charges incurred by a consumer as a result of the purchase
- of a new motor vehicle including, but not limited to, charges attributable to factory or
- dealer installed options, sales tax and title charges, and earned finance charges.

- (5) 'Consumer' means each of the following:
- 2522 (A) A person who purchases or leases a new motor vehicle for personal, family, or
- 2523 household use and not for the purpose of selling or leasing the new motor vehicle to
- another person; and
- 2525 (B) A person who purchases or leases ten or fewer new motor vehicles a year for
- business purposes other than limousine rental services.
- 2527 (6) 'Days' means calendar days.
- 2528 (7) 'Express warranty' means a warranty which is given by the manufacturer in writing.
- 2529 (8) 'Incidental costs' means any reasonable expenses incurred by a consumer in
- connection with the repair of a new motor vehicle, including, but not limited to, payments
- 2531 to new motor vehicle dealers for the attempted repair of nonconformities, towing charges,
- and the costs of obtaining alternative transportation.
- 2533 (9) 'Informal dispute settlement mechanism' means any procedure established, employed,
- 2534 utilized, or sponsored by a manufacturer for the purpose of resolving disputes with
- consumers under this article.
- 2536 (10) 'Lemon law rights period' means the period ending two years after the date of the
- original delivery of a new motor vehicle to a consumer or the first 24,000 miles of
- operation after delivery of a new motor vehicle to the original consumer, whichever
- occurs first. The lemon law rights period shall be extended by one day for each day that
- repair services are not available to the consumer as a direct result of a strike, war,
- invasion, terrorist act, blackout, fire, flood, other disaster, or declared state of emergency.
- 2542 (11) 'Lessee' means any consumer who enters into a written lease agreement or contract
- 2543 to lease a new motor vehicle for a period of at least one year and is responsible for repairs
- to such vehicle.
- 2545 (12) 'Lessee cost' means the aggregate payment made by the lessee at the inception of
- 2546 the lease agreement or contract, inclusive of any allowance for a trade-in vehicle, and all
- other lease payments made by or on behalf of the lessee to the lessor.
- 2548 (13) 'Lessor' means a person who holds title to a new motor vehicle that is leased to a
- consumer under a written lease agreement or contract or who holds the lessor's rights
- under such agreement.
- 2551 (14) 'Manufacturer' means any person engaged in the business of constructing or
- assembling new motor vehicles or engaged in the business of importing or receiving
- 2553 imports of new motor vehicles into the United States for the purpose of selling or
- distributing them to new motor vehicle dealers.
- 2555 (15) 'New motor vehicle' means any self-propelled vehicle primarily designed for the
- 2556 transportation of persons or property over the public highways that was leased,
- 2557 purchased, or registered in this state by the consumer or lessor to whom the original

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motor vehicle title was issued without previously having been issued to any person other than a new motor vehicle dealer. The term 'new motor vehicle' does not include any vehicle on which the title and other transfer documents show a used, rather than new, vehicle. The term 'new motor vehicle' also does not include trucks with more than 12,000 pounds gross vehicle weight rating, motorcycles, or golf carts. If a new motor vehicle is a motor home, this article shall apply to the self-propelled vehicle and chassis, but does not include those portions of the vehicle designated, used, or maintained primarily as living quarters, office, or commercial space.

- (16) 'New motor vehicle dealer' means a person who holds a dealer agreement with a manufacturer for the sale of new motor vehicles, who is engaged in the business of purchasing, selling, servicing, exchanging, leasing, or dealing in new motor vehicles, or who is licensed or otherwise authorized to utilize trademarks or service marks associated with one or more makes of motor vehicles in connection with such sales.
- 2571 (17) 'Nonconformity' means a defect, a serious safety defect, or a condition, any of which 2572 substantially impairs the use, value, or safety of a new motor vehicle to the consumer or 2573 renders the new motor vehicle nonconforming to a warranty. A nonconformity does not 2574 include a defect, a serious safety defect, or a condition that is the result of abuse, neglect, 2575 or unauthorized modification or alteration of the new motor vehicle.
- 2576 (18) 'Panel' means the new motor vehicle arbitration panel as designated in this article.
- 2577 (19) 'Person' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code Section 10-1-392.
- 2578 (20) 'Purchase price' means, in the case of a sale of a new motor vehicle to a consumer, 2579 the cash price of the new motor vehicle appearing in the sales agreement or contract, 2580 inclusive of any reasonable allowance for a trade-in vehicle. In the case of a lease 2581 executed by a consumer, 'purchase price' refers to the agreed upon value of the vehicle 2582 as shown in the lease agreement or contract.
  - (21) 'Reacquired vehicle' means a new motor vehicle with an alleged nonconformity that has been replaced or repurchased by the manufacturer as the result of any court order or judgment, arbitration decision, voluntary settlement entered into between a manufacturer and the consumer, or voluntary settlement between a new motor vehicle dealer and a consumer in which the manufacturer directly or indirectly participated.
- 2588 (22) 'Reasonable number of attempts' under the lemon law rights period shall be as set 2589 forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 10-1-784.
- 2590 (23) 'Reasonable offset for use' means an amount calculated by multiplying the purchase 2591 price of a vehicle by the number of miles directly attributable to consumer use as of the 2592 date on which the consumer first delivered the vehicle to the manufacturer, its authorized 2593 agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer for repair of a nonconformity and dividing the 2594 product by 120,000, or in the case of a motor home 90,000.

2595 (24) 'Replacement motor vehicle' means a new motor vehicle that is identical or at least 2596 equivalent to the motor vehicle to be replaced as the motor vehicle to be replaced existed 2597 at the time of purchase or execution of the lease.

- (25) 'Serious safety defect' means a life-threatening defect or a malfunction that impedes the consumer's ability to control or operate the motor vehicle for ordinary use or reasonable intended purposes or creates a risk of fire or explosion.
- (26) 'Superior court' means the superior court in the county where the consumer resides, except if the consumer does not reside in this state, then the superior court in the county where an arbitration hearing was conducted pursuant to this article.
  - (27) 'Warranty' means any manufacturer's express warranty or any affirmation of fact or promise made by the manufacturer in connection with the sale of a new motor vehicle to a consumer concerning the vehicle's materials, workmanship, operation, or performance which becomes part of the basis of the bargain. The term shall not include any extended coverage purchased by the consumer as a separate item or any statements made by the dealer in connection with the sale of a motor vehicle to a consumer which relate to the nature of the material or workmanship and affirm or promise that such material or workmanship is free of defects or will meet a specified level of performance.
- 2612 10-1-783.

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- 2613 (a) The manufacturer shall publish an owner's manual and provide it to the new motor 2614 vehicle dealer. The owner's manual shall include a clear and conspicuous listing of 2615 addresses, e-mail addresses, facsimile numbers, and toll-free telephone numbers for the 2616 manufacturer's customer service personnel who are authorized to direct activities regarding 2617 repair of the consumer's vehicle. A manufacturer shall also provide all applicable 2618 manufacturer's written warranties to the new motor vehicle dealer, who shall transfer the 2619 owner's manual and all applicable manufacturer's written warranties to the consumer at the time of purchase or vehicle acquisition. 2620
- 2621 (b) At the time of purchase or vehicle acquisition, the new motor vehicle dealer shall provide the consumer with a written statement that explains the consumer's rights under this article. The statement shall be written by the administrator Attorney General and shall contain information regarding the procedures and remedies under this article.
- 2625 (c) By October 1 of each year, the manufacturer shall forward to the administrator
  2626 Attorney General one copy of the owner's manual and the express warranty for each make
  2627 and model of current year new motor vehicles it sells in this state. To the extent the
  2628 instructions, terms, and conditions in the owner's manuals and express warranties for other
  2629 models of the same make are substantially the same, submission of the owner's manual and

express warranty for one model and a list of all other models for that make will satisfy the requirements of this subsection.

- (d) Each time the consumer's new motor vehicle is returned from being diagnosed or repaired, the manufacturer, its authorized agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer shall provide to the consumer a fully itemized and legible statement or repair order containing a general description of the problem reported by the consumer; the date and the odometer reading when the vehicle was submitted for repair; the date and odometer reading when the vehicle was made available to the consumer; the results of any diagnostic test, inspection, or test drive; a description of any diagnosis or problem identified by the manufacturer, its authorized agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer; and an itemization of all work performed on the vehicle, including, but not limited to, parts and labor.
- (e) Upon request of the consumer, the manufacturer, its authorized agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer shall provide a copy of any report or computer reading compiled by the manufacturer's representative regarding inspection, diagnosis, or test drive of the consumer's new motor vehicle.
- 2645 10-1-784.

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- 2646 (a)(1) If a consumer reports a nonconformity during the lemon law rights period, the 2647 manufacturer, its authorized agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer shall be allowed a 2648 reasonable number of attempts to repair and correct the nonconformity. A reasonable 2649 number of attempts shall be deemed to have been undertaken by the manufacturer, its 2650 authorized agent, or the new motor vehicle dealer if, during the lemon law rights period:
- 2651 (A) A serious safety defect has been subject to repair one time and the serious safety defect has not been corrected;
  - (B) The same nonconformity has been subject to repair three times, and the nonconformity has not been corrected; or
- 2655 (C) The vehicle is out of service by reason of repair of one or more nonconformities for a cumulative total of 30 days.
  - If the vehicle is being repaired by the manufacturer through an authorized agent or a new motor vehicle dealer on the date that the lemon law rights period expires, the lemon law rights period shall be extended until that repair attempt has been completed.
    - (2)(A) If the manufacturer through an authorized agent or a new motor vehicle dealer is unable to repair and correct a nonconformity after a reasonable number of attempts, the consumer shall notify the manufacturer by statutory overnight delivery or certified mail, return receipt requested, of the need to repair and correct the nonconformity. The notice shall be sent to the address provided by the manufacturer in the owner's manual.

The manufacturer shall have 28 days from its receipt of the notice to make a final attempt to repair and correct the nonconformity.

- (B) By not later than the close of business on the seventh day following receipt of notice from the consumer, the manufacturer shall notify the consumer of the location of a repair facility that is reasonably accessible to the consumer. By not later than the close of business on the fourteenth day following the manufacturer's receipt of notice, the consumer shall deliver the nonconforming new motor vehicle to the designated repair facility.
- (C) If the manufacturer fails to notify the consumer of the location of a reasonably accessible repair facility within seven days of its receipt of notice, or fails to complete the final attempt to repair and correct the nonconformity with the 28 day time period, the requirement that it be given a final attempt to repair and correct the nonconformity shall not apply. However, if the consumer delivers the nonconforming new motor vehicle to the designated repair facility more than 14 days from the date the manufacturer receives notice from the consumer, the 28 day time period shall be extended and the manufacturer shall have 14 days from the date the nonconforming new motor vehicle is delivered to the repair facility to complete the final attempt to repair and correct the nonconformity.
- (3) No manufacturer, its authorized agent, or new motor vehicle dealer may refuse to diagnose or repair any alleged nonconformity for the purpose of avoiding liability under this article.
- (b)(1) If the manufacturer, through an authorized agent or new motor vehicle dealer to whom the manufacturer directs the consumer to deliver the vehicle, is unable to correct a nonconformity after during the final attempt, or if a vehicle has been out of service by reason of repair of one or more nonconformities for 30 days during the lemon law rights period, the manufacturer shall, at the option of the consumer, repurchase or replace the vehicle. The consumer shall notify the manufacturer, in writing by statutory overnight delivery or certified mail, return receipt requested, of which option the consumer elects. The manufacturer shall have 20 days from receipt of the notice to repurchase or replace the vehicle.
  - (2)(A) If a consumer who is a lessee elects to receive a replacement motor vehicle, in addition to providing the replacement motor vehicle, the manufacturer shall pay to the lessor an amount equal to all charges that the lessor will incur as a result of the replacement transaction and shall pay the lessee an amount equal to all incidental costs that have been incurred by the lessee plus all charges that the lessee will incur as a result of the replacement transaction. If a lessee elects to receive a replacement motor vehicle, all terms of the existing lease agreement or contract shall remain in force and

effect, except that the vehicle identification information contained in the lease agreement or contract shall be changed to conform to the vehicle identification information of the replacement vehicle.

- (B) If a consumer who is not a lessee elects to receive a replacement motor vehicle, in addition to providing the replacement motor vehicle, the manufacturer shall pay to the consumer an amount equal to all incidental costs incurred by the consumer plus all charges that the consumer will incur as a result of the replacement transaction.
- (3)(A) If a consumer who is a lessee elects a repurchase, the manufacturer shall pay to the lessee an amount equal to all payments made by the lessee under the lease agreement or contract, including, but not limited to, the lessee cost, plus all incidental costs, less a reasonable offset for use of the nonconforming new motor vehicle. The manufacturer shall pay to the lessor an amount equal to 110 percent of the adjusted capitalized cost of the nonconforming new motor vehicle. After the lessor has received payment from the manufacturer as specified in this subparagraph and payment from the consumer of all past due charges, if any, the consumer shall have no further obligation to the lessor.
- (B) If a consumer who is not a lessee elects a repurchase, the manufacturer shall pay to the consumer an amount equal to the purchase price of the nonconforming new motor vehicle plus all collateral charges and incidental costs, less a reasonable offset for use of the nonconforming new motor vehicle. Payment shall be made to the consumer and lienholder of record, if any, as their interests may appear on the records of ownership.

2724 10-1-785.

- (a)(1) If a manufacturer does not replace or repurchase a nonconforming new motor vehicle after being requested to do so under subsection (b) of Code Section 10-1-784, the consumer may move to compel replacement or repurchase by applying for arbitration pursuant to Code Section 10-1-786. However, if a manufacturer has established an informal dispute settlement mechanism which the administrator Attorney General has certified as complying with the provisions and rules of this article, the consumer shall be eligible to apply for arbitration only after submitting a dispute under this article to the informal dispute settlement mechanism.
- (2) A consumer must file a claim with the manufacturer's certified informal dispute settlement mechanism no later than one year after expiration of the lemon law rights period.

2736 (3) After a decision has been rendered by the certified informal dispute settlement mechanism, the consumer is eligible to apply for arbitration pursuant to Code Section 2737 2738 10-1-786.

- 2739 (4) If a decision is not rendered by the certified informal dispute settlement mechanism within 40 days of filing, the requirement that the consumer submit his or her dispute to 2740 2741 the certified informal dispute settlement mechanism shall not apply and the consumer is 2742 eligible to apply for arbitration under Code Section 10-1-786.
- (b) Certified informal dispute settlement mechanisms shall be required to take into account 2743 2744 the principles contained in and any rules promulgated under this article and shall take into 2745 account all legal and equitable factors germane to a fair and just decision. A decision shall 2746 include any remedies appropriate under the circumstances, including repair, replacement, 2747 refund, and reimbursement for collateral charges and incidental costs. For purposes of this 2748 Code section, the phrase 'take into account the principles contained in and any rules 2749 promulgated under this article' means to be aware of the provisions of this article, to 2750 understand how they might apply to the circumstances of the particular dispute, and to apply them if it is appropriate and fair to both parties to do so. 2751
  - (c) A certified informal dispute settlement mechanism shall keep such records as prescribed by the administrator Attorney General in rules promulgated under this article and shall allow the administrator Attorney General, without notice, to inspect and obtain copies of the records. Copies of any records requested by the administrator Attorney General shall be provided promptly to the administrator Attorney General at no cost.

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- (d) A manufacturer may apply to the administrator Attorney General for certification of its informal dispute settlement mechanism. The administrator Attorney General may, in his or her discretion, impose requirements on an informal dispute settlement mechanism in order for it to be certified. Within a reasonable time following receipt of the application, the administrator Attorney General shall certify the informal dispute settlement mechanism or notify the manufacturer of the reason or reasons for denial of the requested certification.
- 2763 (e) At any time the administrator Attorney General has reason to believe that a certified 2764 informal dispute settlement mechanism is no longer in compliance with this article, he or 2765 she may notify the manufacturer of intent to revoke the informal dispute settlement mechanism's certification. The notice shall contain a statement of the reason or reasons for 2766 2767 the revocation.
- (f) The manufacturer shall have ten days from its receipt of notice of denial of requested 2768 certification or notice of intent to revoke certification to submit a written request for a 2769 hearing to contest the denial or intended revocation. If a hearing is requested, it shall be 2770 2771 held within 30 days of the administrator's Attorney General's receipt of the hearing request. The hearing shall be conducted by the Office of State Administrative Hearings following
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2773 the procedures set forth in Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure

- 2774 Act.'
- 2775 (g) No representation shall be made to a consumer that his or her dispute must be
- submitted to an informal dispute settlement mechanism that is not certified by the
- 2777 <u>administrator Attorney General</u> pursuant to this Code section.
- 2778 10-1-786.
- 2779 (a) A consumer shall request arbitration by filing a written application for arbitration with
- 2780 the administrator Attorney General. The application must be filed no later than one year
- from the date of expiration of the lemon law rights period or 60 days from the conclusion
- of the certified informal dispute settlement mechanism's proceeding, whichever occurs
- 2783 later.
- (b)(1) After receiving an application for arbitration, the administrator Attorney General
- shall determine whether the dispute is eligible for arbitration. Manufacturers shall be
- required to submit to arbitration under this article if the consumer's dispute is deemed
- 2787 eligible for arbitration by the administrator Attorney General. Disputes deemed eligible
- for arbitration shall be assigned to an arbitrator or arbitrators appointed pursuant to Code
- 2789 Section 10-1-789.
- 2790 (2)(A) A consumer whose dispute is determined to be ineligible for arbitration by the
- 2791 <u>administrator Attorney General</u> may appeal the determination of ineligibility to an
- arbitrator or arbitrators appointed pursuant to Code Section 10-1-789.
- (B) If the arbitrator or arbitrators determine that the consumer's dispute is eligible for
- arbitration, the arbitrator or arbitrators shall retain jurisdiction and the consumer's
- 2795 dispute shall proceed in accordance with this Code section.
- (C) If the arbitrator or arbitrators determine that the consumer's dispute is not eligible
- for arbitration, a written decision shall be prepared and sent to the consumer and
- 2798 manufacturer by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- (D) The decision of ineligibility may be appealed by the consumer under the provisions
- set forth in subsection (a) of Code Section 10-1-787. On appeal, the court shall
- consider only the issue of eligibility for arbitration.
- 2802 (3) If the court finds that a consumer's appeal from a determination of ineligibility is
- 2803 frivolous or has been filed in bad faith or for the purpose of harassment, the court may
- require the consumer to pay to the administrator Attorney General all costs incurred as
- a direct result of the appeals from the administrator's Attorney General's determination
- of ineligibility.
- 2807 (c) A lessee shall notify the lessor of the pending arbitration, in writing, within ten days
- of the lessee's receipt of notice that a dispute has been deemed eligible for arbitration and

shall provide to the arbitrator or arbitrators proof that notice was given to the lessor.

- 2810 Within ten days of its receipt of notice from the lessee, a lessor may petition the arbitrator
- or arbitrators to be a party to the arbitration proceeding.
- 2812 (d) The arbitrator or arbitrators shall make every effort to conduct the arbitration hearing
- within 40 days from the date the dispute is deemed eligible for arbitration. The hearing
- shall be held at a location that is reasonably convenient to the Georgia consumer. Failure
- to hear the case within 40 days shall not divest authority of the arbitrator or arbitrators to
- hear the dispute or void any decision ultimately rendered.
- 2817 (e) If the arbitrator or arbitrators determine:
- 2818 (1) That a reasonable number of attempts has been undertaken to repair and correct the
- 2819 nonconformity and that the manufacturer was given the opportunity to make a final
- attempt to repair and correct the nonconformity and was unable to correct it; or
- 2821 (2) That a new motor vehicle was out of service by reason of repair of one or more
- 2822 nonconformities for a cumulative total of 30 days within the lemon law rights period,
- the consumer shall be awarded replacement or repurchase of the new motor vehicle as
- provided under Code Section 10-1-784. The arbitrator or arbitrators also may award
- attorney's fees and technical or expert witness fees to a consumer who prevails.
- 2826 (f) The decision of the arbitrator or arbitrators shall be in writing, be signed, and contain
- findings of fact and conclusions of law. The original signed decision shall be filed with the
- 2828 <u>administrator Attorney General</u> and copies shall be sent to all parties. The filing of the
- decision with the administrator Attorney General constitutes entry of the decision.
- 2830 (g) A decision of the arbitrator or arbitrators that has become final under the provisions of
- subsection (a) of Code Section 10-1-787 may be filed with the clerk of the superior court,
- shall have all the force and effect of a judgment or decree of the court, and may be enforced
- in the same manner as any other judgment or decree.
- (h) No arbitrator may be required to testify concerning any arbitration and the arbitrator's
- 2835 notes or other records are not subject to discovery. This provision does not extend to
- testimony or documents sought in connection with legal claims brought against an
- arbitrator arising out of an arbitration proceeding.
- 2838 10-1-787.
- 2839 (a) The decision of the arbitrator or arbitrators is final unless a party to the arbitration,
- within 30 days of entry of the decision, appeals the decision to the superior court. A party
- 2841 who appeals a decision shall follow the procedures set forth in Article 2 of Chapter 3 of
- 2842 Title 5, and any appeal shall be de novo; however, the decision of the arbitrator or
- arbitrators shall be admissible in evidence.

2844 (b) If the manufacturer appeals, the court may require the manufacturer to post security for

- the consumer's financial loss due to the passage of time for review.
- 2846 (c) If the manufacturer appeals and the consumer prevails, recovery, in addition to the
- arbitrator's award, shall include all charges incurred by the consumer during the pendency
- of, or as a result of, the appeal, including, but not limited to, continuing collateral and
- incidental costs, technical or expert witness fees, attorney's fees, and court costs.
- 2850 (d) A manufacturer which does not appeal a decision in favor of a consumer must fully
- comply with the decision within 40 days of entry thereof. If a manufacturer does not fully
- comply within the 40 day time period, the administrator Attorney General may issue an
- order imposing a civil penalty of up to \$1,000.00 per day for each day that the
- 2854 manufacturer remains out of compliance. The provisions of Code Sections 10-1-398 and
- 2855 10-1-398.1 shall apply in connection with the imposition of a civil penalty under this
- subsection. It shall be an affirmative defense to the imposition of a civil penalty under this
- subsection that a delay or failure to comply was beyond the manufacturer's control or that
- a delay was acceptable to the consumer.
- 2859 10-1-788.
- The provisions of this article are not available to a consumer in a civil action unless the
- consumer has first exhausted all remedies provided for in this article.
- 2862 10-1-789.
- 2863 (a) A The administrator shall establish a new motor vehicle arbitration panel to shall
- resolve disputes between consumers and manufacturers arising under this article. The
- 2865 <u>administrator Attorney General</u>, in his or her discretion, may operate the panel by
- 2866 contracting with public or private entities to conduct arbitrations under this article or by
- appointing individuals to serve as panel member arbitrators. An arbitrator shall be licensed
- to practice law in the State of Georgia and a member in good standing of the State Bar of
- Georgia or shall have at least two years' experience in professional arbitration or dispute
- 2870 resolution. No arbitrator shall be affiliated with or involved in the manufacture,
- distribution, sale, lease, or servicing of motor vehicles.
- 2872 (b) Panel member arbitrators and entities that contract with the administrator Attorney
- 2873 <u>General</u> to provide arbitration services shall be compensated for time and expenses at a rate
- to be determined by the administrator Attorney General.
- 2875 (c) Each arbitration proceeding shall be conducted by either one or three arbitrators, each
- of whom is to be assigned by the administrator Attorney General or contracted entity.
- 2877 (d) Neither the administrator Attorney General, an entity with which the administrator
- 2878 <u>Attorney General</u> has contracted, nor any arbitrator shall be civilly liable for any decision,

action, statement, or omission made in connection with any proceeding under this article, except in circumstances where the decision, action, statement, or omission was made with malice or gross negligence.

- 2882 10-1-790.
- 2883 (a) No manufacturer, its authorized agent, new motor vehicle dealer, or other transferor
- shall knowingly resell, either at wholesale or retail, lease, transfer a title, or otherwise
- transfer a reacquired vehicle, including a vehicle reacquired under a similar statute of any
- other state, unless the vehicle is being sold for scrap and the manufacturer has notified the
- 2887 <u>administrator Attorney General</u> of the proposed sale or:
- 2888 (1) The fact of the reacquisition and nature of any alleged nonconformity are clearly and
- conspicuously disclosed in writing to the prospective transferee, lessee, or buyer; and
- 2890 (2) The manufacturer warrants to correct such nonconformity for a term of one year or
- 2891 12,000 miles, whichever occurs first.
- A knowing violation of this subsection shall constitute an unfair or deceptive act or practice
- in the conduct of consumer transactions under Part 2 of Article 15 of Chapter 1 of Title 10
- and will subject the violator to an action by a consumer under Code Section 10-1-399.
- (b) The manufacturer shall have 30 days to notify the administrator Attorney General that
- a vehicle has been reacquired in this state under the provisions of this article. The notice
- shall be legible and include, at a minimum, the vehicle year, make, model, and
- identification number; the date and mileage at the time the vehicle was reacquired; the
- nature of the alleged nonconformity; the reason for reacquisition; and the name and address
- of the original consumer. When the manufacturer resells, leases, transfers, or otherwise

disposes of a reacquired vehicle, the manufacturer shall, within 30 days of the resale, lease,

- transfer, or disposition, notify the administrator Attorney General of the vehicle year,
- make, model, and identification number; the date of the sale, lease, transfer, or disposition
- of the vehicle; and the name and address of the buyer, lessee, or transferee.
- 2905 (c) If a manufacturer resells, leases, transfers, or otherwise disposes of a motor vehicle in
- this state that it reacquired under a similar statute of any other state, the manufacturer shall,
- 2907 within 30 days of the resale, lease, transfer, or disposition, notify the administrator
- 2908 <u>Attorney General</u> of the transaction. The contents of the notice shall comply with the
- requirements of subsection (b) of this Code section.
- 2910 (d) Manufacturers shall use forms approved by the administrator Attorney General. The
- 2911 forms shall contain the information required under this Code section and any other
- information the administrator Attorney General deems necessary for implementation of this
- 2913 Code section.

2914 10-1-791.

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(a) A fee of \$3.00 shall be collected by the new motor vehicle dealer from the consumer at completion of a sale or execution of a lease of each new motor vehicle. The fee shall be forwarded quarterly to the Office of Planning and Budget for deposit in the new motor vehicle arbitration account created in the state treasury. The payments are due and payable the first day of the month in each quarter for the previous quarter's collection and shall be mailed by the new motor vehicle dealer not later than the twentieth day of such month. The first day of the month in each quarter is July 1, October 1, January 1, and April 1 for each year. Consumer fees in the account shall be used for the purposes of this article. Funds in excess of the appropriated amount remaining in the new motor vehicle arbitration account at the end of each fiscal year shall be transferred to the general treasury. The new motor vehicle dealer shall retain \$1.00 of each fee collected to cover administrative costs. (b) The administrator appointed pursuant to subsection (g) of Code Section 10-1-395 Attorney General shall have the power to enforce the provisions of this Code section. The administrator's Attorney General's enforcement power shall include: (1) The authority to investigate alleged violations through use of all investigative powers available under Part 2 of Article 15 of this chapter, the 'Fair Business Practices Act'; and (2) The authority to initiate proceedings, pursuant to Code Section 10-1-397, in the event of a violation of this Code section. Such proceedings include, without limitation, issuance of a cease and desist order, a civil penalty order imposing a civil penalty up to a maximum of \$2,000.00 for each violation, and proceedings to seek additional relief in any superior court of competent jurisdiction. The provisions of Code Sections 10-1-398, 10-1-398.1, 10-1-402, and 10-1-405 shall apply to proceedings initiated by the

2938 10-1-792.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (a) of Code Section 10-1-790, this article shall not create or give rise to any cause of action by manufacturers or consumers against new motor vehicle dealers. No new motor vehicle dealer shall be held liable by a manufacturer or a consumer for any collateral charges, incidental charges, costs, purchase price refunds, or vehicle replacements. Manufacturers and consumers shall not make new motor vehicle dealers party to an arbitration proceeding or any other proceeding under this article. A new motor vehicle dealer that is named as a party in any proceeding brought by a consumer or a manufacturer under this article, except as provided in subsection (a) of Code Section 10-1-790, shall be entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees and expenses of litigation incurred in connection with such proceeding.

administrator Attorney General under this Code section.

2949 The provisions of this article shall not impair any obligation under any (b) 2950 manufacturer-dealer franchise agreement; provided, however, that any provision of any 2951 manufacturer-dealer franchise agreement which attempts to shift any duty, obligation, 2952 responsibility, or liability imposed upon a manufacturer by this article to a new motor 2953 vehicle dealer, either directly or indirectly, shall be void and unenforceable, except for any 2954 liability imposed upon a manufacturer by this article which is directly caused by the gross 2955 negligence of the dealer in attempting to repair the motor vehicle after such gross negligence has been determined by the hearing officer, as provided in Article 22 of this 2956 2957 chapter, the 'Georgia Motor Vehicle Franchise Practices Act.'

- 2958 10-1-793.
- 2959 (a) A violation of this article shall constitute an unfair and deceptive act or practice in the
- conduct of consumer transactions under Part 2 of Article 15 of this chapter, the 'Fair
- Business Practices Act'; provided, however, that enforcement against such violations shall
- be by public enforcement by the administrator Attorney General and, except as provided
- in subsection (a) of Code Section 10-1-790, shall not be enforceable through private action
- 2964 under Code Section 10-1-399.
- 2965 (b) Except as otherwise provided, this article is cumulative with other laws and is not
- 2966 exclusive. The rights and remedies provided for in this article shall be in addition to any
- other rights and remedies that are otherwise available to a consumer under any other law.
- 2968 10-1-794.
- 2969 Reserved.
- 2970 All administrative staff hired by the administrator to aid in the administration of this article
- shall be in the unclassified service and compensated at a salary determined by the
- 2972 administrator.
- 2973 10-1-795.
- 2974 The administrator Attorney General shall promulgate rules and regulations and establish
- 2975 procedures necessary to carry into effect, implement, and enforce the provisions of this
- article. The authority granted to the administrator Attorney General pursuant to this Code
- section shall be exercised at all times in conformity with Chapter 13 of Title 50, the
- 2978 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'
- 2979 10-1-796.
- 2980 If any provision of this article or its application to any person or circumstance is held
- invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this article which

15 LC 40 0801-EC 2982 can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the 2983 provisions of this article are severable. 2984 10-1-797. 2985 Any agreement entered into by a consumer that waives, limits, or disclaims the rights set 2986 forth in this article shall be unenforceable as contrary to public policy. 2987 10-1-798. 2988 Rules, orders, actions, and regulations previously adopted which relate to functions 2989 performed by the administrator appointed pursuant to Part 2 of Article 15 of this chapter, 2990 the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975,' which were transferred under this article to the 2991 Attorney General shall remain of full force and effect as rules, orders, actions, and 2992 regulations of the Attorney General until amended, repealed, or superseded by rules or 2993 regulations adopted by the Attorney General." 2994 **SECTION 9.** 2995 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 10-1-835, relating to civil violations 2996 relative to provisions regulating beauty pageants, as follows: 2997 "10-1-835. 2998 Any violation of this article shall be considered a violation of Part 2 of Article 15 of this 2999 chapter, the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975,' as administered by the Governor's Office 3000 of Consumer Affairs Attorney General, and all public and private remedies available under 3001 such part shall be available regarding violations of this article." 3002 **SECTION 10.** 3003 Said title is further amended by revising Article 31 of Chapter 1, relating to unfair or 3004 deceptive practices toward the elderly, as follows: 3005 "ARTICLE 31 10-1-850. 3006 3007 As used in this article, the term: 3008 (1) 'Disabled person' means a person who has a physical or mental impairment which

- 3009 substantially limits one or more of such person's major life activities. As used in this 3010 paragraph, 'physical or mental impairment' means any of the following:
- 3011 (A) Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical 3012 loss substantially affecting one or more of the following body systems: neurological;

musculoskeletal; special sense organs; respiratory, including speech organs; cardiovascular; reproductive; digestive; genitourinary; hemic and lymphatic; skin; or endocrine; and

- (B) Any mental or psychological disorder, such as mental retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities. The term 'physical or mental impairment' includes, but is not limited to, such diseases and conditions as orthopedic, visual, speech, and hearing impairment, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, mental retardation, and emotional illness.
- 3022 (2) 'Elder person' means a person who is 60 years of age or older.
- 3023 (3) 'Major life activities' includes functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working.
- 3025 (4) 'Substantially limits' means interferes with or affects over an extended period of time.
- 3026 Minor temporary ailments or injuries shall not be considered physical or mental
- impairments which substantially limit a person's major life activities. Examples of minor
- temporary ailments are colds, influenza, or sprains or minor injuries.
- 3029 10-1-851.

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- When any person who is found to have conducted business in violation of Article 15, 17,
- or 21 of this chapter is found to have committed said violation against elder or disabled
- persons, in addition to any civil penalty otherwise set forth or imposed, the court may
- impose an additional civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000.00 for each violation.
- 3034 10-1-852.
- In determining whether to impose a civil penalty under Code Section 10-1-851 and the
- amount thereof, the court shall consider the extent to which one or more of the following
- factors are present:
- 3038 (1) Whether the defendant's conduct was in disregard of the rights of the elder or
- disabled persons;
- 3040 (2) Whether the defendant knew or should have known that the defendant's conduct was
- directed to an elder person or disabled person;
- 3042 (3) Whether the elder or disabled person was more vulnerable to the defendant's conduct
- because of age, poor health, infirmity, impaired understanding, restricted mobility, or
- disability than other persons and whether the elder or disabled person actually suffered
- substantial physical, emotional, or economic damage resulting from the defendant's
- 3046 conduct;

3047 (4) Whether the defendant's conduct caused an elder or disabled person to suffer any of the following:

- 3049 (A) Mental or emotional anguish;
- 3050 (B) Loss of or encumbrance upon a primary residence of the elder or disabled person;
- 3051 (C) Loss of or encumbrance upon the elder or disabled person's principal employment
- or principal source of income;
- 3053 (D) Loss of funds received under a pension or retirement plan or a government benefits
- 3054 program;
- 3055 (E) Loss of property set aside for retirement or for personal or family care and
- 3056 maintenance; or
- 3057 (F) Loss of assets essential to the health and welfare of the elder or disabled person;
- 3058 or
- 3059 (5) Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- 3060 10-1-853.
- 3061 An elder or disabled person who suffers damage or injury as a result of an offense or
- violation described in this article has a cause of action to recover actual damages, punitive
- damages, if appropriate, and reasonable attorney's fees. Restitution ordered pursuant to this
- Code section has priority over a civil penalty imposed pursuant to this article.
- 3065 10-1-854.
- 3066 The administrator Attorney General may develop and implement state-wide educational
- initiatives to inform elder persons and disabled persons, law enforcement agencies, the
- judicial system, social services professionals, and the general public as to the prevalence
- and prevention of consumer crimes against elder and disabled persons, the provisions of
- Part 1 of Article 15 of this chapter, the 'Uniform Deceptive Trade Practices Act,' and
- Articles 17 and 21 of this chapter, the penalties for violations of such articles, and the
- remedies available for victims of such violations.
- 3073 10-1-855.
- The administrator may establish and maintain referral procedures with the Division of
- 3075 Aging Services within the Department of Human Services in order to provide any
- 3076 necessary intervention and assistance to elder or disabled persons who may have been
- 3077 victimized by violations of this article.

3078 10-1-856.

Nothing in this article shall serve to prevent the administrator appointed under Code Section 10-1-395 Attorney General from investigating and pursuing unfair and deceptive acts or practices committed under Part 2 of Article 15 of this chapter, the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975.' Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the names, addresses, telephone numbers, social security numbers, or any other information which could reasonably serve to identify any person making a complaint about unfair or deceptive practices under Part 2 of Article 15 of this chapter, the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975,' shall be confidential. However, the complaining party may consent to public release of his or her identity by giving such consent expressly, affirmatively, and directly to the administrator or the administrator's employees Attorney General. Nothing contained in this Code section shall be construed to prevent the subject of the complaint, or any other person to whom disclosure of the complainant's identity may aid in resolution of the complaint, from being informed of the identity of the complainant, to prohibit any valid discovery under the relevant discovery rules, or to prohibit the lawful subpoena of such information.

3094 10-1-857.

The administrator Attorney General shall receive all complaints under this article. He or she shall refer all complaints or inquiries concerning conduct specifically approved or prohibited by the Secretary of State, Department of Agriculture, Commissioner of Insurance, Public Service Commission, Department of Natural Resources, Department of Banking and Finance, or other appropriate agency or official of this state to that agency or official for initial investigation and corrective action other than litigation."

**SECTION 11.** 

3102 Said title is further amended by revising Chapter 15, relating to business administration, as 3103 follows:

3104 "CHAPTER 15

3105 10-15-1.

3106 As used in this chapter, the term:

(1) 'Attorney General' means the Attorney General or his or her designee.

'Administrator' means the administrator of the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975'

appointed pursuant to subsection (a) of Code Section 10-1-395, or the administrator's designee.

(2) 'Business' means a sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, or other group, however organized and whether or not organized to operate at a profit. The term includes a financial institution organized, chartered, or holding a license or authorization certificate under the laws of this state, any other state, the United States, or any other country, or the parent or the subsidiary of any such financial institution. The term also includes an entity that destroys records. However, for purposes of this chapter, the term shall not include any bank or financial institution that is subject to the privacy and security provisions of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15 U.S.C. 6801, et seq., as amended, and as it existed on January 31, 2002, nor shall it include any hospital or health care institution licensed under Title 31 which is subject to the privacy and security provisions of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, P.L. 104-191, nor any other entity which is governed by federal law, provided that the federal law governing the business requires the business to discard a record containing personal information in the same manner as Code Section 10-15-2.

- 3125 (3) 'Cardholder' means any person or organization named on the face of a payment card to whom or for whose benefit the payment card is issued.
- 3127 (4) 'Customer' means an individual who provides personal information to a business for 3128 the purpose of purchasing or leasing a product or obtaining a service from the business.
- 3129 (5) 'Discard' means to throw away, get rid of, or eliminate.
- 3130 (6) 'Dispose' means the sale or transfer of a record for value to a company or business 3131 engaged in the business of record destruction.
- 3132 (7) 'Merchant' means any person or governmental entity which receives from a 3133 cardholder a payment card or information from a payment card as the instrument for 3134 obtaining, purchasing, or receiving goods, services, money, or anything else of value 3135 from a person or governmental entity.
- 3136 (8) 'Payment card' means a credit card, charge card, debit card, or any other card that is 3137 issued to a cardholder and that allows the cardholder to obtain, purchase, or receive 3138 goods, services, money, or anything else of value from a merchant.
- 3139 (9) 'Personal information' means:

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- 3140 (A) Personally identifiable data about a customer's medical condition, if the data are not generally considered to be public knowledge;
- 3142 (B) Personally identifiable data which contain a customer's account or identification 3143 number, account balance, balance owing, credit balance, or credit limit, if the data 3144 relate to a customer's account or transaction with a business;
- 3145 (C) Personally identifiable data provided by a customer to a business upon opening an account or applying for a loan or credit; or

3147 (D) Personally identifiable data about a customer's federal, state, or local income tax return.

- 3149 (10)(A) 'Personally identifiable' means capable of being associated with a particular
- customer through one or more identifiers, including, but not limited to, a customer's
- fingerprint, photograph, or computerized image, social security number, passport
- number, driver identification number, personal identification card number, date of birth,
- medical information, or disability information.
- 3154 (B) A customer's name, address, and telephone number shall not be considered
- personally identifiable data unless one or more of them are used in conjunction with
- one or more of the identifiers listed in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.
- 3157 (11) 'Record' means any material on which written, drawn, printed, spoken, visual, or
- electromagnetic information is recorded or preserved, regardless of physical form or
- 3159 characteristics.
- 3160 (12) 'Reencoder' means an electronic device that places encoded information from the
- magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card onto the magnetic strip or stripe of a different
- payment card.
- 3163 (13) 'Scanning device' means a scanner, reader, or any other electronic device that is used
- 3164 to access, read, scan, obtain, memorize, or store, temporarily or permanently, information
- encoded on the magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card.
- 3166 10-15-2.
- A business may not discard a record containing personal information unless it:
- 3168 (1) Shreds the customer's record before discarding the record;
- 3169 (2) Erases the personal information contained in the customer's record before discarding
- 3170 the record;
- 3171 (3) Modifies the customer's record to make the personal information unreadable before
- discarding the record; or
- 3173 (4) Takes actions that it reasonably believes will ensure that no unauthorized person will
- have access to the personal information contained in the customer's record for the period
- between the record's disposal and the record's destruction.
- 3176 10-15-3.
- 3177 (a) A merchant who accepts a payment card for the transaction of business shall not print
- more than five digits of the payment card's account number or print the payment card's
- expiration date on a receipt provided to the cardholder. This subsection applies only to
- receipts described in subsection (b) of this Code section and does not apply to a transaction

in which the sole means of recording the payment card's account number or expiration date

- is by handwriting or by an imprint or copy of the payment card.
- 3183 (b)(1) Effective July 1, 2004, subsection (a) of this Code section applies to receipts that
- are electronically transferred by a payment card processor and printed using a cash
- register or other machine or device that is first used on or after July 1, 2004.
- 3186 (2) Effective July 1, 2006, subsection (a) of this Code section applies to all receipts that
- are electronically transferred by a payment card processor and printed, including those
- printed using a cash register or other machine or device that is first used before July 1,
- 3189 2004.
- 3190 10-15-4.
- 3191 (a) No person shall use a scanning device to access, read, obtain, memorize, or store,
- 3192 temporarily or permanently, information encoded on the magnetic strip or stripe of a
- payment card with the intent to defraud the authorized user, the issuer of the authorized
- 3194 user's payment card, or a merchant.
- 3195 (b) No person shall use a reencoder to place information encoded on the magnetic strip or
- stripe of a payment card onto the magnetic strip or stripe of a different card with the intent
- 3197 to defraud the authorized user, the issuer of the authorized user's payment card, or a
- 3198 merchant.
- 3199 10-15-5.
- 3200 (a) The administrator Attorney General shall be authorized to enforce the provisions of this
- 3201 chapter.
- 3202 (b) The administrator Attorney General shall have the authority to investigate alleged
- violations of this chapter, including all investigative powers available under the 'Fair
- Business Practices Act of 1975, 'Code Section 10-1-390, et seq., including, but not limited
- to, the power to issue investigative demands and subpoenas as provided in Code Sections
- 3206 10-1-403 and 10-1-404.
- 3207 (c) Nothing contained in this Code section precludes law enforcement or prosecutorial
- agencies from investigating violations of Code Section 10-15-4.
- 3209 10-15-6.
- 3210 (a) If the administrator Attorney General determines, after notice and hearing, that a
- 3211 business has violated Code Section 10-15-2, the administrator Attorney General may issue
- an administrative order imposing a penalty of not more than \$500.00 for each customer's
- record that contains personal information that is wrongfully disposed of or discarded;
- provided, however, in no event shall the total fine levied by the administrator Attorney

General exceed \$10,000.00. It shall be an affirmative defense to the wrongful disposing of or discarding of a customer's record that contains personal information if the business can show that it used due diligence in its attempt to properly dispose of or discard such records.

- 3219 (b) If the administrator Attorney General determines, after notice and hearing, that a
- business has violated Code Section 10-15-3, the administrator Attorney General may issue
- an administrative order imposing a penalty of not more than \$250.00 for the first violation
- of Code Section 10-15-3, and a penalty of \$1,000.00 for a second or subsequent violation
- 3223 of Code Section 10-15-3.
- 3224 (c) The hearing and any administrative review in connection with alleged violations of
- Code Section 10-15-2 or 10-15-3 shall be conducted in accordance with the procedure for
- 3226 contested cases pursuant to Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure
- Act.' Any person who has exhausted all administrative remedies available and who is
- aggrieved or adversely affected by a final order or action of the administrator Attorney
- 3229 General shall have the right of judicial review in accordance with Chapter 13 of Title 50,
- 3230 the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'
- 3231 (d) The administrator Attorney General may file in the superior court of the county in
- which the person under an order resides, or if the person is a corporation, in the superior
- 3233 court of the county in which the corporation under an order maintains its principal place
- of business, a certified copy of or the final order of the administrator Attorney General,
- whether or not the order was appealed. Thereafter the court shall render a judgment in
- accordance with the order and notify the parties. The judgment shall have the same effect
- as a judgment rendered by the court.
- 3238 10-15-7.
- 3239 (a) A violation of Code Section 10-15-4 shall be punishable by imprisonment for not less
- than one nor more than three years or a fine not to exceed \$10,000.00, or both. Any person
- 3241 who commits a violation for the second or any subsequent offense shall be punished by
- imprisonment for not less than three nor more than ten years or a fine not to exceed
- 3243 \$50,000.00, or both.
- 3244 (b) Any person found guilty of a violation of this chapter may be ordered by the court to
- make restitution to any consumer victim or any business victim of the fraud.
- 3246 (c) Each violation of this chapter shall constitute a separate offense.
- 3247 (d) <u>Prosecuting The Attorney General and prosecuting</u> attorneys shall have the authority
- to conduct the prosecution for a violation of Code Section 10-15-4.

3249 (e) Upon a violation of this chapter, the court may issue any order necessary to correct a 3250 public record that contains false information resulting from the actions which resulted in 3251 the violation."

3252 **SECTION 12.** 

- 3253 Chapter 22 of Title 2 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to poultry contract
- 3254 growers or producers, is amended by revising subsection (b) of Code Section 2-22-5, relating
- 3255 to the application of Part 2 of Article 15 of Chapter 1 of Title 10, the "Fair Business Practices
- 3256 Act of 1975," as follows:
- 3257 "(b) The provisions of Code Section 2-22-3 or 2-22-4 may be enforced by the
- Commissioner in the same manner as provided by Part 2 of Article 15 of Chapter 1 of Title
- 3259 10, the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975,' for enforcement of the provisions of said part
- by the administrator of consumer affairs Attorney General against a person reasonably
- 3261 appearing to have engaged in an unfair or deceptive act or practice in violation of
- subsection (a) of Code Section 10-1-393, and the superior courts may grant injunctive relief
- and impose the same civil penalties for violations of injunctions as provided in said part."

3264 **SECTION 13.** 

- 3265 Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
- 3266 amended by revising Code Section 16-9-120, relating to definitions relative to identity fraud,
- 3267 as follows:
- 3268 "16-9-120.
- 3269 As used in this article, the term:
- 3270 (1) 'Attorney General' means the Attorney General or his or her designee.
- 3271 'Administrator' means the administrator appointed under Part 2 of Article 15 of Chapter
- 3272 1 of Title 10, the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975.'
- 3273 (2) 'Business victim' means any individual or entity that provided money, credit, goods,
- services, or anything of value to someone other than the intended recipient where the
- intended recipient has not given permission for the actual recipient to receive it and the
- individual or entity that provided money, credit, goods, services, or anything of value has
- suffered financial loss as a direct result of the commission or attempted commission of
- 3278 a violation of this article.
- 3279 (3) 'Consumer victim' means any individual whose personal identifying information has
- been obtained, compromised, used, or recorded in any manner without the permission of
- 3281 that individual.
- 3282 (4) 'Health care records' means records however maintained and in whatever form
- regarding an individual's health, including, but not limited to, doctors' and nurses'

examinations and other notes, examination notes of other medical professionals, hospital records, rehabilitation facility records, nursing home records, assisted living facility records, results of medical tests, X-rays, CT scans, MRI scans, vision examinations, pharmacy records, prescriptions, hospital charts, surgical records, mental health treatments and counseling, dental records, and physical therapy notes and evaluations.

- 3289 (5) 'Identifying information' shall include, but not be limited to:
- 3290 (A) Current or former names;
- 3291 (B) Social security numbers;
- 3292 (C) Driver's license numbers;
- 3293 (D) Checking account numbers;
- 3294 (E) Savings account numbers;
- 3295 (F) Credit and other financial transaction card numbers;
- 3296 (G) Debit card numbers;
- 3297 (H) Personal identification numbers;
- 3298 (I) Electronic identification numbers;
- 3299 (J) Digital or electronic signatures;
- 3300 (K) Medical identification numbers;
- 3301 (L) Birth dates;
- 3302 (M) Mother's maiden name;
- 3303 (N) Selected personal identification numbers;
- 3304 (O) Tax identification numbers;
- 3305 (P) State identification card numbers issued by state departments;
- 3306 (Q) Veteran and military medical identification numbers; and
- 3307 (R) Any other numbers or information which can be used to access a person's or entity's resources or health care records.
- 3309 (6) 'Resources' includes, but is not limited to:
- 3310 (A) A person's or entity's credit, credit history, credit profile, and credit rating;
- 3311 (B) United States currency, securities, real property, and personal property of any kind;
- 3312 (C) Credit, charge, and debit accounts;
- 3313 (D) Loans and lines of credit;
- 3314 (E) Documents of title and other forms of commercial paper recognized under Title 11;
- 3315 (F) Any account, including a safety deposit box, with a financial institution as defined
- by Code Section 7-1-4, including a national bank, federal savings and loan association,
- or federal credit union or a securities dealer licensed by the Secretary of State or the
- federal Securities and Exchange Commission;
- 3319 (G) A person's personal history, including, but not limited to, records of such person's
- driving records; criminal, medical, or insurance history; education; or employment; and

3321 (H) A person's health insurance, health savings accounts, health spending accounts, flexible spending accounts, medicare accounts, Medicaid accounts, dental insurance, vision insurance, and other forms of health insurance and health benefit plans."

**SECTION 14.** 

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-9-123, relating to investigations relative to identity fraud, as follows:

"16-9-123.

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The administrator appointed under Code Section 10-1-395 Attorney General shall have the authority to investigate any complaints of consumer victims regarding identity fraud. In conducting such investigations the administrator Attorney General shall have all investigative powers which are available to the administrator Attorney General under Part 2 of Article 15 of Chapter 1 of Title 10, the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975.' If, after such investigation, the administrator Attorney General determines that a person has been a consumer victim of identity fraud in this state, the administrator Attorney General shall, at the request of the consumer victim, provide the consumer victim with certification of the findings of such investigation. Copies of any and all complaints received by any law enforcement agency of this state regarding potential violations of this article shall be transmitted to the Georgia Bureau of Investigation. The Georgia Bureau of Investigation shall maintain a repository for all complaints in the State of Georgia regarding identity fraud. Information contained in such repository shall not be subject to public disclosure. The information in the repository may be transmitted to any other appropriate investigatory agency or entity. Consumer victims of identity fraud may file complaints directly with the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs office of the Attorney General, the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, or with local law enforcement. Employees of the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs may communicate with consumer victims. Any and all transmissions authorized under this Code section may be transmitted electronically, provided that such transmissions are made through a secure channel for the transmission of such electronic communications or information, the sufficiency of which is acceptable to the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs Attorney General. Nothing in this Code section shall be construed to preclude any otherwise authorized law enforcement or prosecutorial agencies from conducting investigations and prosecuting offenses of identity fraud."

3352 **SECTION 15.** 

3353 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-9-127, relating to authority of administrator with regard to identity fraud, as follows:

3355 "16-9-127.

The administrator Attorney General shall have authority to initiate any proceedings and to exercise any power or authority in the same manner as if he or she were acting under Part 2 of Article 15 of Chapter 1 of Title 10, as regards violations or potential violations of this

3359 article."

**SECTION 16.** 

- Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-9-131, relating to criminal prosecution of identity fraud, as follows:
- 3363 "16-9-131.
- Whenever an investigation has been conducted by the Governor's Office of Consumer
- 3365 Affairs Attorney General under this article and such investigation reveals conduct which
- constitutes a criminal offense, the administrator Attorney General shall have the authority
- 3367 <u>to prosecute such cases or forward the results of such investigation to the Attorney General</u>
- or any other prosecuting attorney of this state who shall commence any criminal
- prosecution that he or she deems appropriate."

3370 **SECTION 17.** 

- 3371 Title 18 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to debtors and creditors, is
- amended by revising Chapter 5, relating to debt adjustment, as follows:
- 3373 "CHAPTER 5
- 3374 18-5-1.
- 3375 As used in this chapter, the term:
- (1) 'Debt adjusting' means doing business in debt adjustments, budget counseling, debt
- management, or debt pooling service or holding oneself out, by words of similar import,
- as providing services to debtors in the management of their debts and contracting with
- a debtor for a fee to:
- 3380 (A) Effect the adjustment, compromise, or discharge of any account, note, or other
- indebtedness of the debtor; or
- 3382 (B) Receive from the debtor and disburse to his or her creditors any money or other
- 3383 thing of value.
- 3384 (2) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, partnership, trust, association, or other
- legal entity.
- 3386 (3) 'Resides' means to live in a particular place, whether on a temporary or permanent
- 3387 basis.

3388 18-5-2.

In the course of engaging in debt adjusting, it shall be unlawful for any person to accept from a debtor who resides in this state, either directly or indirectly, any charge, fee, contribution, or combination thereof in an amount in excess of 7.5 percent of the amount paid monthly by such debtor to such person for distribution to creditors of such debtor; provided, however, no provision of this chapter shall prohibit any person, in the course of engaging in debt adjusting, from imposing upon a debtor who resides in this state a reasonable and separate charge or fee for insufficient funds transactions.

3396 18-5-3.

Nothing in this chapter shall apply to those situations involving debt adjusting incurred in the practice of law in this state. Nothing in this chapter shall apply to those persons or entities who incidentally engage in debt adjustment to adjust the indebtedness owed to said person or entity. Nothing in this chapter shall apply to the following entities or their subsidiaries: the Federal National Mortgage Association; the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; a bank, bank holding company, trust company, savings and loan association, credit union, credit card bank, or savings bank that is regulated and supervised by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Office of Thrift Supervision, the Federal Reserve, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the National Credit Union Administration, or the Georgia Department of Banking and Finance; or persons as defined in Code Section 7-3-3 operating under Chapter 3 of Title 7, the 'Georgia Industrial Loan Act.'

3409 18-5-3.1.

- 3410 (a) Any person engaged in debt adjusting for debtors residing in this state shall meet the following annual requirements:
  - (1) Obtain from an independent third party certified public accountant an annual audit of all accounts of such person in which the funds of debtors are deposited and from which payments are made to creditors on behalf of debtors. A copy of the summary results of such annual audit shall be made available upon written request to any party so requesting a copy for a charge not to exceed the cost of the reproduction of the annual audit; and (2) Obtain and maintain at all times insurance coverage for employee dishonesty, depositor's forgery, and computer fraud in an amount not less than the greater of \$100,000.00 or 10 percent of the monthly average for the immediately preceding six months of the aggregate amount of all deposits made with such person by all debtors. The deductible on such coverage shall not exceed 10 percent of the face amount of the policy coverage. Such policy shall be issued by a company rated at least 'A-' or its

equivalent by a nationally recognized rating organization and such policy shall provide

- for 30 days' advance written notice of termination of the policy to be provided to the
- 3425 Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs Attorney General's office.
- 3426 (b) A copy of the annual audits and insurance policies required by this Code section shall
- be filed annually with the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs Attorney General's
- 3428 <u>office</u>.
- 3429 (c) The Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs Attorney General's office shall act as a
- repository for the audits, insurance, and termination notices furnished to such office
- pursuant to this Code section. No oversight responsibility shall be imposed upon such
- office by virtue of its receipt of such documents.
- 3433 18-5-4.
- 3434 (a) Any person who engages in debt adjusting in violation of this chapter shall be guilty
- of a misdemeanor.
- 3436 (b) Without limiting the applicability of subsection (a) of this Code section:
- 3437 (1) Any person who engages in debt adjusting in violation of the provisions of Code
- Section 18-5-3.1 or subsection (b) of Code Section 18-5-3.2 shall further be liable for a
- civil fine of not less than \$50,000.00; and
- 3440 (2) Any person who engages in debt adjusting in violation of the provisions of Code
- Section 18-5-2 or subsection (a) of Code Section 18-5-3.2 shall further be liable to the
- debtor in an amount equal to the total of all fees, charges, or contributions paid by the
- debtor plus \$5,000.00. Such debtor shall have the right to bring a cause of action directly
- against such person for violation of the provisions of this chapter.
- 3445 (c) <u>Prosecuting</u> The Attorney General and prosecuting attorneys shall have the authority
- 3446 to conduct the criminal prosecution of all cases arising under this chapter and to conduct
- civil prosecution of cases arising under this chapter.
- 3448 (d) A violation of Code Section 18-5-2, 18-5-3.1, or 18-5-3.2 shall additionally be a
- violation of Part 2 of Article 15 of Chapter 1 of Title 10, the 'Fair Business Practices Act
- 3450 of 1975.'
- 3451 <u>18-5-5.</u>
- 3452 The Attorney General shall have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations and
- 3453 <u>establish procedures necessary to carry into effect, implement, and enforce the provisions</u>
- of this chapter. The authority granted to the Attorney General pursuant to this Code section
- shall be exercised at all times in conformity with Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia
- 3456 <u>Administrative Procedure Act.'</u>"

3457 **SECTION 18.** 

- 3458 Title 31 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to health, is amended by revising
- 3459 Code Section 31-38-11, relating to variances from regulations pertaining to tanning facilities,
- 3460 as follows:
- 3461 "31-38-11.
- 3462 Any tanning facility which finds that it is not possible to comply with Code Section
- 31-38-4 may apply to the administrator appointed pursuant to subsection (a) of Code
- 3464 Section 10-1-395 Attorney General for a variance from the requirements of Code Section
- 31-38-4. Any such variance granted by the administrator Attorney General shall be in
- writing and shall be drawn as narrowly as possible."
- **SECTION 19.**
- 3468 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 31-38-12, relating to effect of
- 3469 provisions relative to tanning facilities on the administrator, as follows:
- 3470 "31-38-12.
- Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed as imposing any duty, requirement,
- or enforcement authority upon the administrator Attorney General appointed pursuant to
- Code Section 10-1-395 except as described in Code Section 31-38-11, provided that
- nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed in any manner as limiting the
- 3475 administrator Attorney General from exercising any of his or her duties, powers, or
- authority under any other law. The administrator Attorney General shall not be liable to
- 3477 any person for any reason as a result of granting or failing to grant any variance under Code
- 3478 Section 31-38-11."
- **SECTION 20.**
- 3480 Title 33 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to insurance, is amended by
- revising Code Section 33-4-6, relating to insurer liability for damages and attorney's fees, as
- 3482 follows:
- 3483 "33-4-6.
- 3484 (a) In the event of a loss which is covered by a policy of insurance and the refusal of the
- insurer to pay the same within 60 days after a demand has been made by the holder of the
- policy and a finding has been made that such refusal was in bad faith, the insurer shall be
- liable to pay such holder, in addition to the loss, not more than 50 percent of the liability
- of the insurer for the loss or \$5,000.00, whichever is greater, and all reasonable attorney's
- 3489 fees for the prosecution of the action against the insurer. The action for bad faith shall not
- be abated by payment after the 60 day period nor shall the testimony or opinion of an
- expert witness be the sole basis for a summary judgment or directed verdict on the issue

of bad faith. The amount of any reasonable attorney's fees shall be determined by the trial jury and shall be included in any judgment which is rendered in the action; provided, however, the attorney's fees shall be fixed on the basis of competent expert evidence as to the reasonable value of the services based on the time spent and legal and factual issues involved in accordance with prevailing fees in the locality where the action is pending; provided, further, the trial court shall have the discretion, if it finds the jury verdict fixing attorney's fees to be greatly excessive or inadequate, to review and amend the portion of the verdict fixing attorney's fees without the necessity of disapproving the entire verdict. The limitations contained in this Code section in reference to the amount of attorney's fees are not controlling as to the fees which may be agreed upon by the plaintiff and the plaintiff's attorney for the services of the attorney in the action against the insurer.

(b) In any action brought pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section, and within 20 days of bringing such action, the plaintiff shall, in addition to service of process in accordance with Code Section 9-11-4, mail to the Commissioner of Insurance and the consumers' insurance advocate a copy of the demand and complaint by first-class mail.

Failure to comply with this subsection may be cured by delivering same."

**SECTION 21.** 

3509 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 33-4-7, relating to duty to adjust in motor vehicle incidents, as follows:

3511 "33-4-7.

(a) In the event of a loss because of injury to or destruction of property covered by a motor vehicle liability insurance policy, the insurer issuing such policy has an affirmative duty to adjust that loss fairly and promptly, to make a reasonable effort to investigate and evaluate the claim, and, where liability is reasonably clear, to make a good faith effort to settle with the claimant potentially entitled to recover against the insured under such policy. Any insurer who breaches this duty may be liable to pay the claimant, in addition to the loss, not more than 50 percent of the liability of the insured for the loss or \$5,000.00, whichever is greater, and all reasonable attorney's fees for the prosecution of the action.

(b) An insurer breaches the duty of subsection (a) of this Code section when, after investigation of the claim, liability has become reasonably clear and the insurer in bad faith offers less than the amount reasonably owed under all the circumstances of which the insurer is aware.

(c) A claimant shall be entitled to recover under subsection (a) of this Code section if the claimant or the claimant's attorney has delivered to the insurer a demand letter, by statutory overnight delivery or certified mail, return receipt requested, offering to settle for an amount certain; the insurer has refused or declined to do so within 60 days of receipt of

such demand, thereby compelling the claimant to institute or continue suit to recover; and

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the claimant ultimately recovers an amount equal to or in excess of the claimant's demand. (d) At the expiration of the 60 days set forth in subsection (c) of this Code section, the claimant may serve the insurer issuing such policy by service of the complaint in accordance with law. The insurer shall be an unnamed party, not disclosed to the jury, until there has been a verdict resulting in recovery equal to or in excess of the claimant's demand. If that occurs, the trial shall be recommenced in order for the trier of fact to receive evidence to make a determination as to whether bad faith existed in the handling or adjustment of the attempted settlement of the claim or action in question.

- (e) The action for bad faith shall not be abated by payment after the 60 day period nor shall the testimony or opinion of an expert witness be the sole basis for a summary judgment or directed verdict on the issue of bad faith.
- (f) The amount of recovery, including reasonable attorney's fees, if any, shall be determined by the trier of fact and included in a separate judgment against the insurer rendered in the action; provided, however, the attorney's fees shall be fixed on the basis of competent expert evidence as to the reasonable value of the services based on the time spent and legal and factual issues involved in accordance with prevailing fees in the locality where the action is pending; provided, further, the trial court shall have the discretion, if it finds the jury verdict fixing attorney's fees to be greatly excessive or inadequate, to review and amend the portion of the verdict fixing attorney's fees without the necessity of disapproving the entire verdict. The limitations contained in this Code section in reference to the amount of attorney's fees are not controlling as to the fees which may be agreed upon by the plaintiff and his or her attorney for the services of the attorney. (g) In any action brought pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section, and within 20 days of bringing such action, the plaintiff shall, in addition to service of process in accordance with Code Section 9-11-4, mail to the Commissioner of Insurance and the consumers' insurance advocate a copy of the demand and complaint by first-class mail. Failure to comply with this subsection may be cured by delivering same."

3556 **SECTION 22.** 

Said title is further amended by repealing in its entirety Chapter 57, relating to the consumers' insurance advocate, and designating said chapter as reserved.

3559 **SECTION 23.** 

Title 35 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to law enforcement officers and agencies, is amended by revising Code Section 35-1-13, relating to completion and transmission of reports from victims of identity fraud, as follows:

3563 "35-1-13.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any law enforcement agency that receives a 3564 3565 report from a resident of this state that such person has been the victim of identity fraud 3566 shall prepare an incident report and transmit the same to the Governor's Office of 3567 Consumer Affairs Georgia Bureau of Investigation identity fraud repository, as provided 3568 in Code Section 16-9-123, notwithstanding the fact that such person's identity may have 3569 been used solely to commit one or more criminal offenses beyond the jurisdiction of this state. Copies of such incident reports shall be referred from the Governor's Office of 3570 3571 Consumer Affairs office of the Attorney General to the Georgia Crime Information Center 3572 as provided in Chapter 3 of this title and to any jurisdiction in which such identity has been 3573 used."

3574 **SECTION 24.** 

- 3575 Title 36 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to local government, is amended
- 3576 by revising Code Section 36-76-7, relating to customer service requirements relative to
- 3577 expedited franchising of cable and video services, as follows:
- 3578 *"*36-76-7.
- 3579 (a) The holder of a state franchise shall comply with the customer service standards as set
- forth in 47 C.F.R. 76.309(c). No franchising authority shall have the power to require the
- holder of a state franchise to comply with any customer service standards other than those
- set forth in this Code section.
- 3583 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of this Code section, each
- affected local governing authority shall receive and handle complaints from subscribers of
- 3585 the holder of a state franchise that reside in the affected local governing authority's
- 3586 jurisdiction.
- 3587 (c)(1) The Attorney General By December 31, 2007, the Governor's Office of Consumer
- 3588 Affairs shall establish a uniform set of rules, which may include fines and penalties,
- pursuant to which an affected local governing authority shall resolve subscriber
- complaints. Said rules shall include a requirement that the cable service provider or
- video service provider participate in mandatory nonbinding mediation with the affected
- local governing authority and the subscriber if the issue cannot be resolved between the
- cable service provider or video service provider and the subscriber. Said rules shall apply
- only until 50 percent of the potential subscribers within an affected local governing
- 3595 authority are offered service by two or more cable service providers or video service
- providers holding a state franchise or a local franchise.
- 3597 (2) After such time as 50 percent of the potential subscribers within an affected local
- governing authority are being offered service by two or more cable service providers or

video service providers holding a state franchise or a local franchise, an affected local governing authority may, in its discretion, by the adoption of a resolution or ordinance, discontinue receiving and handling all subscriber inquiries, billing issues, and other complaints for state franchise holders. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where an affected local governing authority discontinues receiving and handling subscriber inquiries, billing issues, and other complaints relating to state franchise holders by adoption of a resolution or ordinance pursuant to this paragraph, bills to subscribers by cable service providers or video service providers holding a state franchise shall not include the contact information of such affected local governing authority for the purpose of directing or initiating complaints or making other such subscriber inquiries."

3609 **SECTION 25.** 

- 3610 Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to professions and businesses,
- 3611 is amended by revising Code Section 43-1A-4, relating to the Occupational Regulation
- 3612 Review Council, as follows:
- 3613 "43-1A-4.

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- 3614 (a) There is created the Georgia Occupational Regulation Review Council.
- 3615 (b) The council shall consist of ten members:
- 3616 (1) The comptroller general or his or her designee;
- 3617 (2) The Secretary of State or his or her designee;
- 3618 (3) The commissioner of public health or his or her designee;
- 3619 (4) The director of the Office of Planning and Budget or his or her designee;
- 3620 (5) The commissioner of natural resources or his or her designee;
- 3621 (6) The state revenue commissioner or his or her designee;
- 3622 (7) The Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designee;
- 3623 (8) The administrator of the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975' or his or her designee;
- 3624 (9)(8) The chairperson of the legislative committee of reference or that person's designee
- from that committee, but only when legislation referred by such committee is being
- 3626 considered by the council; and
- 3627 (10)(9) The chairperson of that standing committee of the General Assembly appointed
- by the presiding officer thereof pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 43-1A-5 or
- that chairperson's designee from that committee, but only when legislation of which that
- presiding officer was notified under subsection (b) of Code Section 43-1A-5 is being
- 3631 considered by the council.
- 3632 (c) The director of the Office of Planning and Budget or his or her designee shall serve as
- 3633 chairperson of the council.

3634 (d) Legislative members of the council appointed thereto pursuant to paragraphs (8) and (9) and (10) of subsection (b) of this Code section shall receive for their attendance of meetings of the council the same expense and mileage allowance authorized for legislative members of interim legislative committees."

3638 **SECTION 26.** 

- 3639 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 43-17-19, relating to applicability of
- 3640 "Fair Business Practices Act of 1975" on provisions relative to charitable solicitations, as
- 3641 follows:
- 3642 "43-17-19.
- Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a solicitation shall be deemed to be a
- 3644 consumer act or practice or consumer transaction under Part 2 of Article 15 of Chapter 1
- of Title 10, the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975.' Nothing contained in this chapter
- shall be construed to limit the authority of the administrator Attorney General to take any
- action under the 'Fair Business Practices Act of 1975' regarding unfair and deceptive acts
- or practices in a solicitation or in solicitations."

**SECTION 27.** 

- 3650 Title 46 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to public utilities and public
- 3651 transportation, is amended by revising Code Section 46-2-23.1, relating to alternative form
- 3652 of regulation provisions for gas companies, as follows:
- 3653 "46-2-23.1.
- 3654 (a) As used in this Code section, the term 'alternative form of regulation' means a method
- of establishing just and reasonable rates and charges for a gas company by performance
- based regulation without regard to methods based strictly upon cost of service, rate base,
- and rate of return. Performance based regulation may include without limitation one or
- more of the following features: earnings sharing, price caps, price-indexing formulas,
- ranges of authorized rates of return, and the reduction or suspension of regulatory
- requirements.
- 3661 (b) A gas company may from time to time file an application with the commission to have
- its rates, charges, classifications, and services regulated under an alternative form of
- regulation. Within ten days of the filing, the gas company shall publish a notice generally
- describing the application in a newspaper or newspapers with general circulation in its
- 3665 service territory.
- 3666 (c) After notice and hearing the commission may approve the plan, or approve it with
- modifications, if the commission determines that the application is in the public interest

and will produce just and reasonable rates, after taking into consideration the extent to

- 3669 which the application:
- 3670 (1) Is designed to and is likely to produce lower prices for consumers of natural gas in
- 3671 Georgia;
- 3672 (2) Will provide incentives for the gas company to lower its costs and rates;
- 3673 (3) Will provide incentives to improve the efficiency and productivity of the gas
- 3674 company;
- 3675 (4) Will foster the long-term provision of natural gas service in a manner that will
- improve the quality and choices of service;
- 3677 (5) Is consistent with maintenance and enhancement of safe, adequate, and reliable
- service and will maintain or improve preexisting service quality and consumer protection
- 3679 safeguards;
- 3680 (6) Will not result in cross-subsidization among or between groups of gas company
- 3681 customers;
- 3682 (7) Will not result in cross-subsidization among or between the portion of the gas
- 3683 company's business or operations subject to the alternative form of regulation and any
- unregulated portion of the business or operations of the gas company or of any of its
- 3685 affiliates;
- 3686 (8) Will reduce regulatory delay and cost; and
- 3687 (9) Will tend to enhance economic activity in the affected service territory.
- 3688 (d) Performance based regulation adopted by the commission as an alternative form of
- regulation shall provide for the following:
- 3690 (1) Equal and symmetric opportunities to earn above and below the performance
- 3691 standard;
- 3692 (2) Performance incentives based upon conditions within the control of the management
- of the gas company; and
- 3694 (3) Adjustments from time to time for the net effect of changes in tax rates, other costs
- imposed by law, and the cost of capital.
- 3696 (e) Where an application for an alternative form of regulation has been filed by a gas
- 3697 company and the commission determines that the proposal does not satisfy the
- requirements of this Code section, it may either reject the proposal or issue an order
- 3699 approving an alternative with such modifications as the commission deems necessary to
- 3700 satisfy the requirements of this Code section. The commission shall determine and
- prescribe in any such order establishing rates and charges the revenue requirements of the
- gas company filing the application.
- 3703 (f) An order adopting an alternative form of regulation may include:

3704 (1) Terms and conditions for establishing new services, withdrawing services, price changes to services, and services by contract to individual customers;

- 3706 (2) Terms and conditions necessary to achieve the objectives contained in subsection (c)
- of this Code section;
- 3708 (3) General or specific authorization for changes in rates, charges, classifications, or
- services such that the provisions of subsection (a) of Code Section 46-2-25 do not require
- 3710 30 days' notice and commission approval before such change or changes may go into
- 3711 effect; and
- 3712 (4) Other rates, terms, and conditions that are consistent with the objectives and
- requirements of subsection (c) of this Code section.
- 3714 (g) Except as otherwise provided in this Code section, the provisions of this title relating
- to the rates, charges, and terms of service of a gas company shall apply to rates, charges,
- and terms of service established pursuant to this Code section.
- 3717 (h) Any special or negotiated contract between a gas company and a retail customer
- approved by the commission shall not be invalidated or modified by the provisions of this
- Code section.
- 3720 (i)(1) Neither the provisions of this Code section nor the provisions of Article 5 of
- Chapter 4 of this title shall prohibit a gas company from releasing interstate pipeline
- capacity available to it from time to time and not required to serve the requirements of
- its retail customers and marketers and from making sales of gas with or without interstate
- transportation capacity to municipal corporations, other local gas distribution companies,
- or marketers and end users connected to an interstate pipeline company or connected to
- another local distribution company; provided, however, that where net benefits to the firm
- retail customers who are receiving commodity sales service from the gas company
- 3728 accrue:
- 3729 (A) Twenty percent of the revenues from the release of interstate pipeline capacity for
- 3730 the purposes of transporting gas to end users in Georgia shall be allocated to the gas
- company, and the remaining 80 percent of such revenues shall be credited to the costs
- of gas sold by the gas company to firm retail customers;
- 3733 (B) Ten percent of the revenues from the release of interstate pipeline capacity for the
- purpose of transporting gas to end users outside of Georgia shall be allocated to the gas
- company, and the remaining 90 percent of such revenues shall be credited to the costs
- of gas sold by the gas company to firm retail customers; and
- 3737 (C) Fifty percent of the net margin from the sale of gas, with or without interstate
- 3738 capacity, to municipal corporations, other local gas distribution companies, or
- marketers and end users connected to an interstate pipeline company or connected to
- another local distribution company shall be allocated to the gas company, and the

remaining 50 percent of such net margins shall be credited to the costs of gas sold by the gas company to firm retail customers; provided, however, that if as a result of such sale, the then existing natural gas requirements of retail customers in Georgia cannot be supplied physically, all of such net margin shall be credited to the costs of gas. The net margin shall be calculated by subtracting all variable costs associated with the transaction from the revenues generated by the transaction. The costs recovered by the gas company through such transactions shall be credited to the gas costs payable by retail customers of the gas company.

- (2) Where a universal service fund has been created by the commission pursuant to Code Section 46-4-161 for a gas company which is an electing distribution company, as defined in paragraph (10) of Code Section 46-4-152, the shares that are to be credited to the costs of gas sold to firm retail customers under subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be allocated to such fund, and the costs recovered through a transaction described in subparagraph (C) of this subsection shall be allocated to such company.
- (3) Any gas company which engages in a transaction of a type described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, which results in the allocation to the gas company of a share of the revenues or net margin therefrom, shall make a report to the commission annually describing each such transaction and explaining the benefits resulting to firm retail customers from each such transaction. Such report shall be served on the consumer's utility counsel division of the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs."

**SECTION 28.** 

3763 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 46-4-155, relating to regulation of unbundled natural gas services, as follows:

3765 "46-4-155.

(a) Except as otherwise provided by this article, an electing distribution company which offers firm distribution service remains subject to the jurisdiction of the commission under this title. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the commission shall have general supervision of such company pursuant to Code Section 46-2-20, and the rates of an electing distribution company for firm distribution service and the ancillary services which are subject to the rate jurisdiction of the commission shall be established in accordance with the provisions of this article and Code Section 46-2-23.1.

(b) An electing distribution company shall offer liquefied natural gas peaking service to marketers at rates and on terms approved by the commission, subject however to the following:

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(1) If a marketer which is not affiliated with an electing distribution company obtains a peaking service in a delivery group from a person other than the electing distribution company, the rate for liquefied natural gas peaking service by the electing distribution company in such delivery group shall not be subject to approval by the commission but shall be capped at 120 percent of the rate for such service previously established by the commission; and

- (2) If the commission determines pursuant to a filing by the electing distribution company or otherwise, and based upon the factors listed in subsection (c) of this Code section, that reasonably available alternatives for such peaking services exist in the delivery group, the rate for such services in a delivery group shall not be subject to regulation by the commission and the plant and equipment of the electing distribution company which is used and useful for receiving gas for liquefaction, liquefying gas, storing liquefied natural gas, and re-gasifying liquefied natural gas, including the land upon which such plant and equipment is located, shall be removed from the rate base for rate-making purposes of the electing distribution company in an amount which is the lower of the fair market value or the depreciated book value of such facilities. In addition, the rates for firm distribution service of the electing distribution company shall be adjusted to eliminate any applicable recovery of the operation and maintenance expenses associated with such facilities and gas in storage in such facilities, as well as the return on investment attributable to the amount removed from the rate base. For purposes of such review and determination, the fact that such services have been obtained by a marketer which is not affiliated with the electing distribution company shall create a presumption that there are reasonably available alternatives for such peaking services in the delivery group.
- (c) An electing distribution company shall offer each type of customer service to marketers at rates and on terms approved by the commission in accordance with this article and Code Section 46-2-23.1 until such time as the commission determines that marketers have reasonably available alternatives to purchasing such service from the electing distribution company. The commission shall make a separate determination for each type of service.
- In making such determinations, the commission shall consider the following factors:
- (1) The number and size of alternative providers of the service;
- 3807 (2) The extent to which the service is available from alternative providers in the relevant market;
  - (3) The ability of alternative providers to make functionally equivalent or substitute services readily available at competitive prices, terms, and conditions; and
- 3811 (4) Other indicators of market power which may include market share, growth in market share, ease of entry, and the affiliation of providers of a service.

(d) For each delivery group for which the commission has not determined pursuant to Code Section 46-4-156 that adequate market conditions exist, and thus has not initiated customer assignment, an electing distribution company shall:

- (1) Offer interruptible distribution service and balancing services at rates and on terms approved by the commission in accordance with the provisions of this article and Code Section 46-2-23.1 to retail customers and marketers, subject to the rules, regulations, and general terms and conditions of the electing distribution company as approved by the commission;
- (2) Offer firm distribution service at rates and on terms approved by the commission in accordance with the provisions of this article and Code Section 46-2-23.1 to retail customers and marketers, subject to the rules, regulations, and general terms and conditions of the electing distribution company as approved by the commission; and
- (3) Offer in conjunction with such firm distribution service a commodity sales service; provided, however, that the rates for such commodity sales service shall be established pursuant to the provisions of Code Section 46-2-26.5, relating to the filing and adoption of a gas supply plan; and provided, further, that the rates for such commodity sales service shall not be subject to the provisions of Code Section 46-2-26.5 nor subject to the approval of the commission if at least five marketers, excluding any marketer which is an affiliate of the electing distribution company, have been granted certificates of authority to serve in the delivery group.
- 3833 (e)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'interstate capacity assets' means interstate transportation and out-of-state gas storage capacity.
  - (2) If, pursuant to the provisions of this article, the rates for commodity sales service of an electing distribution company within a delivery group or groups become no longer subject to the approval of the commission nor to the provisions of Code Section 46-2-26.5, the electing distribution company nevertheless shall continue to be responsible for acquiring and contracting for the interstate capacity assets necessary for gas to be made available on its system, whether directly or by assignment to marketers, for firm distribution service to retail customers within such delivery group or groups unless determined otherwise by the commission in accordance with this subsection.
  - (3) At least every third year following the date when the rates for commodity sales service within a delivery group or groups become no longer subject to commission approval nor to the provisions of Code Section 46-2-26.5, the electing distribution company shall file, on or before August 1 of such year, a capacity supply plan which designates the array of available interstate capacity assets selected by the electing distribution company for the purpose of making gas available on its system for firm distribution service to retail customers in such delivery group or groups.

(4) Not less than ten days after any such filing by an electing distribution company, the commission shall conduct a public hearing on the filing. The electing distribution company's testimony shall be under oath and shall, with any corrections thereto, constitute the electing distribution company's affirmative case. At any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection, the burden of proof to show that the proposed capacity supply plan is appropriate shall be upon the electing distribution company.

- (5) Following such a hearing, the commission shall issue an order approving the capacity supply plan filed by the electing distribution company or adopting a capacity supply plan for the electing distribution company that the commission deems appropriate. Should the commission fail or refuse to issue an order by the ninetieth day after the electing distribution company's filing which either approves the capacity supply plan filed by the electing distribution company or adopts a different capacity supply plan for the electing distribution company, the capacity supply plan proposed by the electing distribution company shall thereupon be deemed approved by operation of law.
- (6) Any capacity supply plan approved or adopted by the commission shall:
  - (A) Specify the range of the requirements to be supplied by interstate capacity assets;
  - (B) Describe the array of interstate capacity assets selected by the electing distribution company to meet such requirements;
  - (C) Describe the criteria of the electing distribution company for entering into contracts under such array of interstate capacity assets from time to time to meet such requirements; provided, however, that a capacity supply plan approved or adopted by the commission shall not prescribe the individual contracts to be executed by the electing distribution company in order to implement such plan; and
  - (D) Specify the portion of the interstate capacity assets which must be retained and utilized by the electing distribution company in order to manage and operate its system.
- (7) When interstate capacity assets that are contained in a capacity supply plan approved or adopted by the commission are allocated by the electing distribution company to a marketer pursuant to the provisions of this article, all of the costs of the interstate capacity assets thus allocated shall be borne by such marketer.
- (8) The provisions of law relating to parties, intervention, and discovery in proceedings before the commission shall apply with respect to proceedings under this subsection.
- (9) All commission orders issued pursuant to this subsection shall contain the commission's findings of fact and conclusions of law upon which the commission's action is based. Any such order shall be deemed a final order subject to judicial review under Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'
- (10) Prior to the approval or adoption of a capacity supply plan pursuant to this subsection, the interstate capacity assets of the electing distribution company in the most

current gas supply plan of such company approved or adopted by the commission pursuant to the provisions of Code Section 46-2-26.5 shall be treated as a capacity supply plan that is approved or adopted by the commission for purposes of this subsection.

- (11) After a capacity supply plan has become effective pursuant to provisions of this subsection as a result of a proceeding before the commission, the commission shall retain jurisdiction of the proceeding for the purposes set forth in this subsection. Upon application of the affected electing distribution company or the consumers' utility counsel division of the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs or upon its own initiative, the commission may, after affording due notice and opportunity for hearing to the affected electing distribution company and the intervenors in the proceeding, amend the capacity supply plan of the affected electing distribution company. Any such amendment shall not adversely affect rights under any contract entered into pursuant to such plan without the consent of the parties to such contracts. If an amendment proceeding is initiated by the affected electing distribution company and the commission fails or refuses to issue an order by the ninetieth day after the electing distribution company's filing, the amended capacity supply plan proposed by the electing distribution company shall thereupon be deemed approved by operation of law.
- (12) After an electing distribution company has no obligation to provide commodity sales service to retail customers pursuant to the provisions of Code Section 46-4-156 and upon the petition of any interested person and after notice and opportunity for hearing afforded to the electing distribution company, all parties to the most current proceeding establishing a capacity supply plan for such electing distribution company, the consumers' utility counsel division of the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs, all marketers who have been issued a certificate of authority pursuant to Code Section 46-4-153, and all owners or operators of interstate gas pipelines that are a part of said capacity supply plan, the commission may issue an order eliminating the responsibility of the electing distribution company for acquiring and contracting for interstate capacity assets necessary for gas to be made available on its system as well as the obligation of such electing distribution company to file any further capacity supply plans with the commission pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, if the commission determines that:
  - (A) Marketers can and will secure adequate and reliable interstate capacity assets necessary to make gas available on the system of the electing distribution company for service to firm retail customers;
  - (B) Adequate, reliable, and economical interstate capacity assets will not be diverted from use for service to retail customers in Georgia;
- (C) There is a competitive, highly flexible, and reasonably accessible market for interstate capacity assets for service to retail customers in Georgia;

(D) Elimination of such responsibility on the part of the electing distribution company would not adversely affect competition for natural gas service to retail customers in Georgia; and

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- (E) Elimination of such responsibility on the part of the electing distribution company is otherwise in the public interest.
- If the commission eliminates the responsibility of an electing distribution company for acquiring and contracting for interstate capacity assets and filing further capacity supply plans in accordance with this subsection, the commission shall annually review the assignment of interstate capacity assets.
  - (13) Notwithstanding any other provisions in this Code section to the contrary, no later than July 1, 2003, the commission shall, after notice afforded to the electing distribution company, the consumers' utility counsel division of the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs, all marketers who have been issued a certificate of authority in accordance with Code Section 46-4-153, and all owners or operators of interstate gas pipelines that are a part of said capacity supply plan, hold a hearing regarding a plan for assignment of interstate assets. After such hearing, the commission may adopt a plan for assignment of interstate capacity assets held by the electing distribution company, except for those interstate capacity assets reasonably required for balancing. If adopted, the plan shall provide for interstate capacity assets to be assigned to certificated marketers who desire assignment and who are qualified technically and financially to manage interstate capacity assets. Marketers who accept assignment of interstate capacity assets shall be required by the commission to use such assets primarily to serve retail customers in Georgia and shall be permitted to use such assets outside Georgia so long as the reliability of the system is not compromised. Thereafter, the commission shall annually review the assignment of interstate capacity assets.
  - (14) Any order eliminating the responsibility of the electing distribution company for acquiring and contracting for interstate capacity assets pursuant to paragraph (12) of this subsection and any plan for assignment of interstate capacity assets pursuant to paragraph (13) of this subsection shall, at a minimum, ensure that:
  - (A) Shifts in market share are reflected in an orderly reassignment of interstate capacity assets;
    - (B) Marketers hold sufficient interstate capacity assets to meet the needs of retail customers;
- 3957 (C) Before any such assignment is authorized, the assignee demonstrates to the commission that such assignment will result in financial benefits to firm retail customers;

3960 (D) Before any marketer discontinues service in the Georgia market, it assigns its contractual rights for interstate capacity assets used to serve Georgia retail customers in a manner designated by the commission;

(E) In the event that the commission imposes temporary directives in accordance with Code Section 46-4-157, interstate capacity assets assigned to marketers are subject to reassignment by the commission to protect the interests of retail customers; and

- (F) Any other requirement that the commission finds to be in the public interest is imposed upon assignees as a condition of the assignment of interstate capacity assets.
- (15) After notice and an opportunity for hearing, the commission may authorize, subject to reasonable terms and conditions, an electing distribution company or its designee to utilize or monetize excess interstate capacity assets available to the electing distribution company."

**SECTION 29.** 

- 3973 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 46-4-158.2, relating to rules governing marketer's terms of service, as follows:
- 3975 "46-4-158.2.

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- The commission shall by September 1, 2002, adopt rules governing a marketer's terms of service for natural gas consumers. Such rules shall provide, without limitation, that:
- 3978 (1) Each retail natural gas marketer shall establish policies and procedures for handling 3979 billing disputes and requests for payment arrangements, which must be approved by the 3980 commission;
- 3981 (2) A marketer's advertised prices shall reflect the prices or the pricing methodology in 3982 disclosure statements and billed prices and shall be presented in the standard pricing unit 3983 of the electing distribution company;
  - (3) The consumer shall have a right to contact the commission and the consumers' utility counsel division of the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs if he or she is not satisfied with the response of the marketer;
  - (4) Marketers shall provide all consumers with a three-day right of rescission following the receipt of the disclosure statement, which shall be provided to consumers at times specified in rules and regulations of the commission. Consumers may cancel an agreement in writing or electronically by contacting the marketer;
  - (5) Whenever a marketer offers a fixed term agreement and the expiration date of such agreement is approaching, or whenever a marketer proposes to change its terms of service under any type of agreement, the marketer shall provide written notification to the natural gas consumer, clearly explaining the consumer's options at that point, including, but not limited to, the option to seek another marketer;

3996 (6) A marketer shall not charge cancellation fees to a low-income residential consumer 3997 seeking service for the first time from the regulated provider;

- (7) Gas service to a consumer shall be disconnected only for failure to pay for service from the consumer's current marketer. A marketer may not request disconnection of service for nonpayment of a bill which was not sent to the consumer in a timely manner. Every marketer shall be required to offer at least one reasonable payment arrangement in writing to a consumer prior to requesting that such consumer be disconnected for failure to pay. Disconnection of service to a consumer is authorized no earlier than 15 days after a notice that service will be disconnected;
- (8) Marketers shall be prohibited from sending estimated bills to natural gas consumers; provided, however, that when information from actual meter readings is not made available by the electing distribution company or any other party authorized to perform meter reading, marketers may send an estimated bill for not more than two consecutive months; and
- 4010 (9) No marketer shall be authorized to prevent a consumer from obtaining distribution 4011 and commodity sales service from another marketer or provider."

**SECTION 30.** 

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 46-4-158.3, relating to adequate and accurate consumer information disclosure statements and bills relative to natural gas service, as follows:

4016 "46-4-158.3.

- The commission shall, by September 1, 2002, adopt rules and regulations requiring marketers which provide firm distribution service under this article to provide adequate and accurate consumer information to enable consumers to make informed choices regarding the purchase of natural gas services. Such rules shall provide, without limitation, that:
  - (1) A disclosure statement shall be provided to consumers in an understandable format that enables such consumers to compare prices and services on a uniform basis. Rules adopted by the commission shall provide when disclosure statements shall be provided to consumers. Such disclosure statements shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
    - (A) For fixed rate charges for natural gas service, a clear disclosure of the components of the fixed rate, the actual prices charged by the marketer, presented in a single standard pricing unit which includes any charges imposed by the marketer or its agent, so that the consumer can compare rates among marketers. This disclosure shall not include state and local sales taxes. The standard pricing disclosure unit must include all recurring monthly charges;

15 LC 40 0801-EC 4032 (B) For variable rate charges for natural gas service, a clear and understandable 4033 explanation of the factors that will cause the price to vary and how often the price can 4034 change, the current price, and the ceiling price, if any, so that the consumer can 4035 compare rates among marketers. The current price and ceiling price, if applicable, shall 4036 be presented in a single standard pricing unit which includes any charges imposed by 4037 the marketer or its agent. This disclosure shall not include state and local sales taxes. 4038 The standard pricing disclosure unit must include all recurring monthly charges; 4039 (C) A statement that the standard unit price does not include state and local taxes or 4040 charges imposed by the electing distribution company; (D) The length of the agreement, including the starting date and expiration date, if 4041 4042 applicable; 4043 (E) The billing interval, the method by which monthly charges imposed by the electing 4044 distribution company will be billed to the consumer in the event the consumer 4045 commences or terminates service with the marketer during the billing interval, and any 4046 late payment, cancellation, or reconnection fees; 4047 (F) The marketer's budget billing, payment, credit, deposit, cancellation, collection, and reconnection policies and procedures; 4048 4049 (G) How to contact the marketer for information or complaints; 4050 (H) A statement of the natural gas consumer's right to contact the commission and the 4051 consumers' utility counsel division of the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs if he 4052 or she is not satisfied with the response of the marketer, including the local and toll-free 4053 telephone numbers of these agencies; 4054

- (I) The division name and telephone number for information regarding heating assistance administered by the Department of Human Services;
- 4056 (J) The following statement:

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'A consumer shall have a three-day right of rescission following the receipt of this disclosure at the time of initiating service or when informed of a change in terms or conditions. You, the consumer, may cancel in writing or electronically by contacting the marketer.';

(K) The following statement:

'If you have a fixed term agreement with us and it is approaching the expiration date, or whenever we propose to change our terms of service in any type of agreement, you will receive written notification from us prior to the date of expiration of or change to the agreement. We will explain your options to you in this advance notification.';

- (L) A statement setting forth the requirements of paragraphs (6) through (9) of Code Section 46-4-158.2; and
- (M) A statement that deposits shall not exceed \$150.00; and

4069 (2) Natural gas consumers' bills shall be accurate and understandable and shall contain sufficient information for a consumer to compute and compare the total cost of competitive retail natural gas services. Such bills shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (A) The consumer's name, billing address, service address, and natural gas company account number;
- (B) The dates of service covered by the bill, an itemization of each type of competitive natural gas service covered by the bill, any related billing components, the charge for each type of natural gas service, and any other information the consumer would need to recalculate the bill for accuracy;
- 4079 (C) The applicable billing determinants, including beginning meter reading, ending meter reading, multipliers, and any other consumption adjustments;
- 4081 (D) The amount billed for the current period, any unpaid amounts due from previous periods, any payments or credits applied to the consumer's account during the current period, any late payment charges or gross and net charges, if applicable, and the total amount due and payable;
- 4085 (E) The due date for payment to keep the account current;
- 4086 (F) The current balance of the account, if the natural gas consumer is billed according to a budget plan;
- 4088 (G) Options and instructions on how the natural gas consumer can make a payment;
- 4089 (H) A toll-free or local telephone number and address for consumer billing questions or complaints for any retail natural gas company whose charges appear on the bill;
- 4091 (I) The applicable electing distribution company's 24 hour local or toll-free telephone 4092 number for reporting service emergencies; and
- 4093 (J) An explanation of any codes and abbreviations used."

4094 **SECTION 31.** 

- Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 46-4-160, relating to the commission's authority over certificated marketers, access to records, investigations and hearings, price summary, billing, violations, and slamming, as follows:
- 4098 "46-4-160.

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- 4099 (a) With respect to a marketer certificated pursuant to Code Section 46-4-153, the commission shall have authority to:
- 4101 (1) Adopt reasonable rules and regulations governing the certification of a marketer;
- 4102 (2) Grant, modify, impose conditions upon, or revoke a certificate;
- 4103 (3) Adopt reasonable rules governing service quality. In promulgating consumer protection rules under this article, the commission shall, to the extent practicable, provide

for rules with a self-executing mechanism to resolve such complaints in a timely manner.

Such consumer protection rules shall encourage marketers to resolve complaints without

Such consumer protection rules sharrencourage marketers to resolve complaints without

recourse to the commission and shall expedite the handling of those complaints that do

require action by the commission by providing for a minimum payment of \$100.00 to the

4109 consumer, plus penalties and fines as determined by the commission, for violations of

- 4110 such rules;
- 4111 (4) Resolve complaints against a marketer regarding that marketer's service;
- 4112 (5) Adopt reasonable rules and regulations relating to billing practices of marketers and
- information required on customers' bills. The commission shall require at a minimum
- 4114 that bills specify the gas consumption amount, price per therm, distribution charges, and
- 4115 any service charges. The commission shall prescribe performance standards for marketer
- billing relating to accuracy and timeliness of customer bills;
- 4117 (6) Adopt reasonable rules and regulations relating to minimum resources which
- 4118 marketers are required to have in this state for customer service purposes. The rules and
- 4119 regulations shall require a marketer to have and maintain the ability to process cash
- payments from customers in this state. The rules and regulations shall provide
- 4121 procedures relating to the handling and disposition of customer complaints; and
- 4122 (7) Adopt reasonable rules and regulations requiring marketers to provide notification
- 4123 to retail customers of or include with customer bills information relating to where
- customers may obtain pricing information relative to gas marketers.
- 4125 (b) Prior to the determination by the commission pursuant to Code Section 46-4-156 that
- adequate market conditions exist within a delivery group, each marketer must separately
- state on its bills to retail customers within the delivery group the charges for firm
- distribution service and for commodity sales.
- 4129 (c) Except as otherwise provided by this article, the price at which a marketer sells gas
- shall not be regulated by the commission.
- 4131 (d) The commission and the consumers' utility counsel division of the Governor's Office
- of Consumer Affairs shall have access to the books and records of marketers as may be
- 4133 necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of this article and with the
- 4134 commission's rules and regulations promulgated under this article.
- 4135 (e) Except as otherwise provided in this article, certification of a person as a marketer by
- the commission pursuant to Code Section 46-4-153 does not subject the person to the
- jurisdiction of the commission under this title, including without limitation the provisions
- of Article 2 of Chapter 2 of this title.
- 4139 (f) The provisions of Article 3 of Chapter 2 of this title shall apply to an investigation or
- hearing regarding a marketer. The provisions of Articles 4 and 5 of Chapter 2 of this title
- shall apply to a marketer.

(g) The commission, subject to receiving state funds for such purpose, is required to have published at least quarterly in newspapers throughout the state a summary of the price per therm and any other amounts charged to retail customers by each marketer operating in this state and any additional information which the commission deems appropriate to assist customers in making decisions regarding choice of a marketer. In addition, the commission shall make such information available to Georgia Public Telecommunications (GPTV) under the jurisdiction of the Georgia Public Telecommunications Commission which will provide such information to the general public at a designated time at least once a month. (h) A marketer shall render a bill to retail customers for services within 30 days of the date following the monthly meter reading. A marketer's bill shall utilize the results of the actual meter reading subject to paragraph (8) of Code Section 46-4-158.2. The price for natural gas billed to a natural gas consumer shall not exceed the marketer's published price effective at the beginning of the consumer's billing cycle. A marketer shall allow the natural gas consumer a reasonable period of time to pay the bill from the date the consumer receives the bill, prior to the application of any late fees or penalties. Marketers shall not impose unreasonable late fees or penalties and in no event shall any such fees or penalties exceed \$10.00 or 1.5 percent of the past due balance, whichever is greater.

(i) Any marketer which willfully violates any provision of this Code section or any duly promulgated rules or regulations issued under this Code section, including but not limited to rules relating to false billing, or which fails, neglects, or refuses to comply with any order of the commission after notice thereof shall be liable for any penalties authorized under Code Section 46-2-91.

(j) As used in this subsection, the phrase 'terms and conditions' does not include price. At least 30 days prior to the effective date of any changes in the terms and conditions for service authorized by the marketer's certificate of authority, a marketer shall file such changes with the commission. Such changes to the terms and conditions of service shall go into effect on the effective date proposed by the marketer; provided, however, that the commission shall be authorized to suspend the effective date of the proposed changes for up to 90 days if it appears to the commission that the proposed terms and conditions are unconscionable or are unfair, deceptive, misleading, or confusing to consumers. If the commission does not issue a final decision on the proposed terms and conditions of service within the 90 day suspension period, the proposed changes shall be deemed approved.

(k) Any consumer determined by the commission to be the victim of slamming shall be able to switch back to his or her desired marketer without any charge. No marketer responsible for slamming a consumer shall be entitled to any remuneration for services provided to that customer, and any refund owed to such a consumer by the marketer who switched the consumer without his or her consent shall be paid within 30 days of the date

the commission determined the consumer was a victim of slamming. No marketer responsible for slamming a consumer who is determined to be a victim of slamming shall report to a credit reporting agency any moneys owed by such a consumer to such marketer; any marketer who violates the prohibition set out in this sentence shall be required by the commission to pay such a consumer \$1,000.00 for each such prohibited report."

4184 **SECTION 32.** 

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 46-4A-4, relating to powers and duties of the director of the Office of Planning and Budget relative to provision of energy conservation assistance to residential customers by electric and gas utilities, as follows:

4188 "46-4A-4.

- The director shall have and may exercise the following powers and duties:
- 4190 (1) To adopt, modify, repeal, and promulgate, after consultation with all affected parties
  4191 and due notice and public hearings held in accordance with and established pursuant to
  4192 Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' rules and regulations
  4193 for the establishment and implementation of the Residential Conservation Service
  4194 program. The initial proposed regulations shall be based upon the state plan for the
  4195 Residential Conservation Service as approved by the United States Department of Energy
- and shall include provisions for:
- 4197 (A) Identification of covered utilities;
- 4198 (B) Utility responsibilities, such as:
- 4199 (i) Providing program information for customers;
- 4200 (ii) Performance of on-site energy audits;
- 4201 (iii) Arranging financing and installation;
- 4202 (iv) Distribution of lists of contractors, suppliers, and lenders;
- 4203 (v) Conducting inspections of installed measures;
- 4204 (vi) Determining qualifications of auditors and inspectors; and
- 4205 (vii) Establishing record keeping, financial accounting, and reporting requirements;
- 4206 (C) Development and maintenance of master records of contractors, suppliers, and
- 4207 lenders;
- 4208 (D) Consumer complaint mechanisms;
- 4209 (E) Utility supply, installation, and financing of energy products;
- 4210 (F) Coordination with affected agencies, especially the commission and the Office of
- 4211 Consumer Affairs;
- 4212 (G) Compliance and enforcement procedures; and
- 4213 (H) Other program elements required by federal law;

4214 (2) To administer and enforce this chapter and all rules and regulations and orders

- 4215 promulgated hereunder;
- 4216 (3) To receive and administer any federal funding available for the purposes of this
- 4217 chapter; and
- 4218 (4) To amend the regulations promulgated under this chapter to conform to any future
- changes in the federal law and regulations governing the program."
- 4220 **SECTION 33.**
- 4221 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 46-4A-12, relating to construction of
- 4222 chapter concerning provision of energy conservation assistance to residential customers by
- 4223 electric and gas utilities, as follows:
- 4224 "46-4A-12.
- No provision of this chapter or any rules or regulations or orders hereunder shall be
- 4226 construed to be a limitation:
- 4227 (1) On the activities of any privately or publicly owned utility which is not a covered
- 4228 utility;
- 4229 (2) On the activities of covered utilities, when such activities are not subject to this
- 4230 chapter;
- 4231 (3) On the activities of contractors, suppliers, or lenders, when such activities are not
- subject to this chapter;
- 4233 (4) On the activities of the Division of Energy Resources of the Georgia Environmental
- Finance Authority in the enforcement or administration of any program or provision of
- 4235 law; and
- 4236 (5) On the power of any state or local agency in the enforcement or administration of any
- provision of law it is specifically permitted or required to enforce or administer,
- 4238 including, but not limited to, the Public Service Commission, the Office of Consumer
- 4239 Affairs, and the Construction Industry Licensing Board."
- **SECTION 34.**
- 4241 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 46-5-27, relating to telephone
- 4242 solicitations to residential, mobile, or wireless subscribers, Public Service Commission to
- 4243 establish and maintain list of certain subscribers, authorization for imposition of
- 4244 administrative fees, confidential nature of data base, and required identification, as follows:
- 4245 "46-5-27.
- 4246 (a) The General Assembly finds that:
- 4247 (1) The use of the telephone to market goods and services is pervasive now due to the
- increased use of cost-effective telemarketing techniques;

4249 (2) Over 30,000 businesses actively telemarket goods and services to business and

- 4250 residential customers;
- 4251 (3) Every day, over 300,000 solicitors place calls to more than 18 million Americans,
- 4252 including citizens of this state;
- 4253 (4) Telemarketing, however, can be an intrusive and relentless invasion of the privacy
- and peacefulness of individuals;
- 4255 (5) Many citizens of this state are outraged over the proliferation of nuisance calls from
- 4256 telemarketers;
- 4257 (6) Individuals' privacy rights and commercial freedom of speech can be balanced in a
- way that accommodates both the privacy of individuals and legitimate telemarketing
- 4259 practices; and
- 4260 (7) It is in the public interest to establish a mechanism under which the individual
- 4261 citizens of this state can decide whether or not to receive telemarketing calls.
- 4262 (b) As used in this Code section, the term:
- 4263 (1) 'Caller identification service' means a type of telephone service which permits
- telephone subscribers to see the telephone number of incoming telephone calls.
- 4265 (2) 'Residential, mobile, or wireless subscriber' means a person who has subscribed to
- 4266 telephone service from a local exchange company or mobile or wireless telephone service
- provider or other persons living or residing with such person.
- 4268 (3) 'Telephone solicitation' means any voice communication over a telephone line for the
- purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment in, property, goods, or
- services, but does not include communications:
- 4271 (A) To any residential, mobile, or wireless subscriber with that subscriber's prior
- 4272 express invitation or permission;
- 4273 (B) By or on behalf of any person or entity with whom a residential, mobile, or
- wireless subscriber has a prior or current business or personal relationship; or
- 4275 (C) By or on behalf of a charitable organization which has filed a registration statement
- pursuant to Code Section 43-17-5, is exempt from such registration under paragraphs
- 4277 (1) through (6) of subsection (a) of Code Section 43-17-9, or is exempt from such
- registration as a religious organization or agency referred to in paragraph (2) of Code
- 4279 Section 43-17-2.
- Such communication may be from a live operator, through the use of ADAD equipment
- as defined in Code Section 46-5-23, or by other means.
- 4282 (c) No person or entity shall make or cause to be made any telephone solicitation to the
- 4283 telephone line of any residential, mobile, or wireless subscriber in this state who has given
- notice to the commission, in accordance with regulations promulgated under subsection (d)
- of this Code section, of such subscriber's objection to receiving telephone solicitations.

(d)(1) The commission shall establish and provide for the operation of a data base to compile a list of telephone numbers of residential, mobile, and wireless subscribers who object to receiving telephone solicitations. It shall be the duty of the commission to have

- such data base in operation no later than January 1, 1999.
- 4290 (2) Such data base may be operated by the commission or by another entity selected by and awarded a contract by the commission.
- 4292 (3) No later than January 1, 1999, the commission shall promulgate regulations which:
- 4293 (A) Require each local exchange company to inform its residential, mobile, or wireless 4294 subscribers of the opportunity to provide notification to the commission or its 4295 contractor that such subscriber objects to receiving telephone solicitations;
- 4296 (B) Specify the methods by which each residential, mobile, or wireless subscriber may 4297 give notice to the commission or its contractor of his or her objection to receiving such 4298 solicitations and methods for revocation of such notice;
- 4299 (C) Specify the length of time for which a notice of objection shall be effective and the effect of a change of telephone number on such notice;
- 4301 (D) Specify the methods by which such objections and revocations shall be collected and added to the data base;
- 4303 (E) Specify the methods by which any person or entity desiring to make telephone solicitations will obtain access to the data base as required to avoid calling the telephone numbers of residential, mobile, or wireless subscribers included in the data base; and
- 4307 (F) Specify such other matters relating to the data base that the commission deems desirable.
- 4309 (4) If, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. Section 227(c)(3), the Federal Communications
  4310 Commission establishes a single national data base of telephone numbers of subscribers
  4311 who object to receiving telephone solicitations, the commission shall include the part of
  4312 such single national data base that relates to Georgia in the data base established under
  4313 this Code section.
- 4314 (e) The commission may provide by rule or regulation for administrative fees to be imposed upon:
- 4316 (1) A residential, mobile, or wireless subscriber for each notice of inclusion in the data 4317 base established under this Code section; provided, however, that the commission shall 4318 not set this fee in an amount greater than \$5.00; and
- 4319 (2) A person or entity desiring to make telephone solicitations for access to or for electronic copies of the data base established under this Code section.
- 4321 (f)(1) Information contained in the data base established under this Code section shall be used only for the purpose of compliance with this Code section or in a proceeding or

4323 action under subsection (h) or (i) of this Code section. Such information shall not be 4324 subject to public inspection or disclosure under Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50.

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- (2) No person shall knowingly compile or disseminate or compile and disseminate information obtained from the data base for any reason other than those legitimate purposes established by law. Any person found guilty of violating this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00. Each instance of an unauthorized disclosure of information from the data base shall constitute a separate offense.
- (g)(1) Any person or entity who makes a telephone solicitation to the telephone line of any residential, mobile, or wireless subscriber in this state shall, at the beginning of such call, state clearly the identity of the person or entity initiating the call.
- 4334 (2) No person or entity who makes a telephone solicitation to the telephone line of a residential, mobile, or wireless subscriber in this state shall knowingly utilize any method to block or otherwise circumvent such subscriber's use of a caller identification service.
  - (h) The administrator appointed pursuant to subsection (g) of Code Section 10-1-395 Attorney General shall have authority to initiate proceedings, pursuant to Code Section 10-1-397, relating to a knowing violation or threatened knowing violation of subsection (c) or (g) of this Code section. Such proceedings include without limitation proceedings to issue a cease and desist order, to issue an order imposing a civil penalty up to a maximum of \$2,000.00 for each knowing violation, and to seek additional relief in any superior court of competent jurisdiction. Such actions shall be brought in the name of the state. The provisions of Code Sections 10-1-398, 10-1-398.1, and 10-1-405 shall apply to proceedings initiated by the administrator Attorney General under this subsection. The administrator Attorney General is authorized to issue investigative demands, issue subpoenas, administer oaths, and conduct hearings in the course of investigating a violation of subsection (c) or (g) of this Code section, in accordance with the provisions of Code Sections 10-1-403 and 10-1-404.
  - (i) Any person who has received more than one telephone solicitation within any 12 month period by or on behalf of the same person or entity in violation of subsection (c) or (g) of this Code section may either bring an action to enjoin such violation; bring an action to recover for actual monetary loss from such knowing violation or to receive up to \$2,000.00 in damages for each such knowing violation, whichever is greater; or bring both such actions.
- (j) It shall be a defense in any action or proceeding brought under subsection (h) or (i) of 4356 4357 this Code section that the defendant has established and implemented, with due care, reasonable practices and procedures to effectively prevent telephone solicitations in 4358 4359 violation of this Code section.

(k) No action or proceeding may be brought under subsection (h) or (i) of this Code 4360 4361 section: 4362 (1) More than two years after the person bringing the action knew or should have known 4363 of the occurrence of the alleged violation; or (2) More than two years after the termination of any proceeding or action by the State 4364 4365 of Georgia, whichever is later. (l) A court of this state may exercise personal jurisdiction over any nonresident or his or 4366 her executor or administrator as to an action or proceeding authorized by this Code section 4367 in accordance with the provisions of Code Section 9-10-91. 4368 (m) The remedies, duties, prohibitions, and penalties of this Code section are not exclusive 4369 4370 and are in addition to all other causes of action, remedies, and penalties provided by law. 4371 (n) No provider of telephone caller identification service shall be held liable for violations 4372 of this Code section committed by other persons or entities." 4373 **SECTION 35.** 4374 Said title is further amended by repealing in its entirety Chapter 10, relating to the 4375 consumers' utility counsel of the division of the Governor's Office of Consumer Affairs, and 4376 designating said chapter as reserved. **SECTION 36.** 4377 4378 All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.